been absent from the

decade, is rehearing The Score for a Mechanical Ru

play, a loose adaptation of a Chekhov work, is being on Mikita Mikhalkov, 42 the rected "Oci Cloruse" in

Mastroianni ponrays hab

tonov, a wealthy, aging and sharp wit masks the bands life. The play opens in Ro

Prime Minister Vitint a who said recently he logal Yemenite Jew in his and glimpsed his wish on his Thin Asides Iured him has

day. Aides lured him to be home in laffa near ld h

what they said was a near to be the Society for Oriental Articles he was greeted instead by the was greeted by the was greeted by the was greeted instead by the was greeted by the was greete

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7-8, 1987

ESTABLISHED 1887

Nicaragua

On Talks

Negotiations

By Stephen Kinzer
New York Times Service
MANAGUA — In a step that
could lead to a breakthrough in the

Nicaraguan conflict, the Sandinist government has announced that it

prepared to negotiate indirectly with rebel leaders on a cease-fire. [Presideot Daniel Ortega Saave-dra asked Cardinal Miguel Obando

v Bravo on Friday to act as intermediary, Agence France Presse re-ported from Managua. The cardi-nal, who is arebbishop of Managua

Leftist guerrillas reject a uni-

and an outspoken critic of the leftist government, accepted.] Leaders of the Nicaraguan re-

bels, or cootras, had said earlier

Friday that the offer was a trick,

and one guerrilla chief called it un-

acceptable.
"We are going to negotiate a cease-fire through an intermediary," Mr. Ortega said Thursday at a

[While asserting that the move was a victory for the contras, rebel

leaders in Honduras predicted that

Mr. Ortega would choose an inter-

mediary unacceptable to them and

would use the offer to consolidate

(Adolfo Calero, one of the six top

contra leaders, said: "Personally,

can say oow that what Ortega said

was unacceptable," He added, "It

smells bad to us." But be and oth-

the offer.]
Although Mr. Ortega did not in-

dicate any willingness to negotiate

directly with the rebels, his an-

nouncement was a dramatic rever-

sal of a position Sandinist leaders

The Sandmists had previously

expressed willingness to talk only with contra field commanders and

vowed never to meet with the rebel

In Washington, a State Depart-

ment official expressed bope that

the announcement would lead soon

to direct talks.
The Sandinists previously insist-

ed that they would negotiate only with the United States, which fi-

nances the contras.

Mr. Ortega said the step was being taken "to remove any pretexts

from our enemies, to unmask those

who say they want peace, but in reality do not want peace." The government also announced

Thursday that it would release 981

prisoners, about one-tenth of those

believed to be held in Nicaragua.

In a decree submitted to the Na-tional Assembly, Mr. Ortega said

Nicaragua agreed to the amnesty with the aim of showing its firm

will to cootribute to regional

take steps toward political liberal-

ization under terms of the Central

American peace accord, which came into full effect Thursday.

had been widely awaited. The au-

thor of the peace accord, President Oscar Arias Sánchez of Costa Rica,

and domestic critics of the govern-

ment had urged the Sandinists to

The government said it would take further steps only when a pan-el established under the accord cer-

tifies that all Central American countries have moved toward com-

pliance. The group, made up of 13 Latin American foreign ministers

and the secretaries-general of the

United Nations and the Organiza-

tion of American States, is expected to report next month.

If the report indicates that other

countries are complying, and spe-

cifically certifies that Honduran

and Salvadoran territory is no

longer being used to support the

emergency decree, Mr. Ortega said.

contras, Nicaragua will declare a total amnesty and lift its state of

talk with the contras.

Mr. Ortega's announcements

The government is required to

have defended for years.

leadership.

ers said they would meet to discuss

his power, Reuters reported.

rally in Managua,

El Salvador. Page 7.

lateral cease-fire declared in

Ortega Offers Contras Indirect

Relents

The second secon

yemenite music, dancing at the super-depicted Shamir, who fail at the age of 20, in the forelocks and beard of the yemenite Jews. Although was born Yitzhak Yemeni Oct. 15, 1915, he said in he day fell on Wednesday are to the Jewish lunar country. Paul R. Ehrlich 55 aug entist at California's States versity, received the World TANKER HIT -Fund's armual gold most fand's armual gold most day for his studies on one population explosion and partial principal principal fand of the fand of the fundamental issues" in the mental issues in th crew member of a U.S.operated Panamanian tanker looking through a hole in the ship caused when an Iranian speed-boat attacked it Friday in the Gulf. Page 2. mental issues" in the

Kiosk

In Bombay Riot

BOMBAY (Reuters) -

Three rioters were killed by the

police in Bombay on Friday as Hindus and Moslems fought

pitched battles with one anoth-

er and with the police after In-dia's loss to England in a World

Cup cricket match.

The police said they fired at crowds protesting against their shooting of a cricket fan on

Thursday, The violence empted

Thursday when Moslems set off

firecrackers after England beat

India in a semifinal match.

Some Hindus had celebrated in

the same way on Wednesday after Pakistan lost to Australia.

French Nuclear Test

3 Are Killed

Prince Edward, the year of Queen Elizabeth and aastic amateut actor, & named president of the P Youth Music Theater the are performed by the my olds. Edward dropped. Sadder's Weite Theorem Sadler's Wells Thenows ten's "The Ragged Chil"; cai about destime 1945

mony at Lausanne Swine

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OPPING

PAGE 19 FOR MON Moves

Talks Will Go On By Edward Cody

Washington Post Service
MADRID — The United States
and Spain resolved Friday to continue negotiating on reductions in
U.S. military forces despite Spain's intention to renounce a 34-year-old treaty allowing U.S. bases on Span-

a formal notification by Spain that it does not want to renew the pact when it expires May 14.

mained and that therefore the government would proceed with the notification "in the form and at the time it judges opportune before Nov. 14."

If an accord is not reached within six months after Nov. 14, U.S. forces, numbering up to 12.500, would have a one-year period to withdraw from Spain.

time we still have."

Mr. Bartholomew said: "In the recent round, we have confirmed once again that both sides want a strong defense relationship and a new defense agreement. With this goal in mind, we are going to con-tinue negotiating and have agreed to hold the next round in mid-

Madrid On Bases

It Signals End To U.S. Pact, but

The chief Spanish oegotiator.
Maximo Cajal, and the head of the
U.S. team, Ambassador Reginald
Bartholomew, said after two days
of talks that the two sides would
meet again in mid-December after

Mr. Cajal, the Foreign Ministry's political director, said that despite a new U.S. offer on force reductions, difficulties "obviously" re-

Both sides again emphasized their desire to work out a new treaty. The notification next week thus ushers in a period of increased pressure in the talks rather than the imminent departure of U.S. military installations, Spanish and U.S. officials said.

"I want to reiterate," Mr. Cajal said, "the common desire on both sides to overcome the difficulties that obviously still exist, to reach a solid bilateral defense relationship for our common interest and to come up with a bilateral agreement satisfactory to both sides within the

that a top Communist leader has specifically mentioned Americans in the Philippines as "targets for

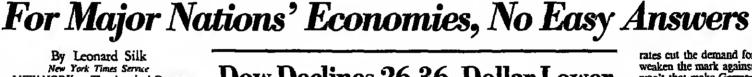
THE PARISHERALD In a one-page, typed statement said, "The revolutionary forces assert the right to defend themselves and the Filipino people against U.S. armed intervention."

Mr. Ocampo added, "All U.S. military and civilian officials and personnel involved in carrying out the 'total war,' whether as advisers. intelligence operatives, action

City, outside Clark Air Base.

Communist guerrillas have been widely suspected of being behind those slayings, although analysts and officials in Manila cautioned distributed to news agencies, the spokesman, Saturnino Ocampo of the National Democratic Front, government of President Corazon C. Aquino.

In previous public statements, Mr. Ocampo and other Communist officials have generally said U.S. officials and military personnel in the Philippines would not be targeted because there was no evi-See REBELS, Page 7



Takeshita, bowing to Crown Prince Akihito during a ceremony on

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - The skeptical Germans have at long last said "enough," and the leading nations of the world are finally moving in concert to calm the financial markets and prevent the disorders of Octo-ber from building into a global economic tragedy. That, at least, is the U.S. view, and indeed major nations are embarked on a coordinated policy of reducing interest rates and letting the dollar slide.

But neither the U.S. view nor the likely outcome of this global mooetary gamble is quite so simple, Real risks reside in the path the major nations are taking, follow-ing the lead of James A. Baker 3d, the U.S. Treasury secretary.

In lowering interest rates and letting the dollar fall, major nations are accepting the prospect that the monetary needs of the moment may feed the ancient enemy, infla-

Dow Declines 26.36, Dollar Lower

IMPERIAL BLESSING - Japan's new prime minister, Noboru Friday at the Imperial Palace in Tokyo following Mr. Takeshita's

■ The Dow Jones industrial index fell 26:36 points, and declining stocks ■ The dollar closed lower in quiet trading in New York, Page 17.

■ European stock markets mostly fell amid concerns over the dollar, but Tokyo and Hong Kong rebounded sharply.

Q. — Does the falling dollar help or burt the stock market?

A. - Normally a falling dollar hurts. It raises fears that the Treasury and the Federal Reserve will move to defend the dollar by raising interest rates. If securities priced in dollars are to remain attractive to investors abroad, interest rates need to rise as the dollar falls. But high interest rates not only push down prices of bonds and stocks. They also hurt profits by curbing consumer

and business spending.
On Thursday, however, a lower dollar

did not discourage the stock market, which has concluded that the dollar's steep slide will not be followed by the usual medicine of higher interest rates. In effect, the world's monetary authorities have decided that for the moment at least, the cure is worse than the disease.

Q. — Why did the Germans finally give in? A. — Enough was enough. They saw their experts threatened, their relations with Washington rubbed raw and world markets in a frenzy.

Q. — Won't the lower German interest

weaken the mark against the dollar? And woo't that make German exports cheaper and the U.S. trade position worse?

A. — Not if the United States reduces

rates cut the demand for marks and thus

interest rates even more, Mr. Baker has made it clear that his paramount concern is to bring down interest rates and avoid a recession. Lower West German interest rates should make it easier for the Federal Reserve to bring down rates without sending the dollar into a free-fall.

- But doesn't the administration want the dollar still lower than it fell on Thurs-

A — The administration seems willing to let the dollar fall lower, if that is the unprompted outcome of the buying and sell-ing in the currency markets. But it does not favor a cheaper dollar as an end in itself.

What it really wants is stronger U.S. growth and a stronger U.S. trade position. So it wants the West German economy, the Japanese economy and others to grow fast-

See RATES, Page 17

Ginsburg Admits Using Marijuana 'a Few' Times

would not withdraw the Supreme there were a great many people Court comination of Douglas H. who did that, at that particular pe-Ginsburg, who has admitted smok-riod." ing marijuana, and said his candidate would survive "if there's any statement relayed by ber press seciustice in Washington.

election by parliament and his announcement of a new cabinet. Page 2.

Mr. Reagan said, "He was not an addict ... nothing of that kind."
On Capitol Hill, however, Robert C. Byrd, Democrat of West Virginia and the Senate majority leader, said Judge Ginsburg "should

give very, very serious consider-ation" to withdrawing his nomina-"I'm concerned about the image this presents to our young people." Mr. Byrd said. "I know it must be

very embarrassing to the Reagans in view of the campaign they have carried on against drugs." Senator Arlen Specter, Republi-

can of Pennsylvania, quoted Judge Ginsburg as telling Judiciary Committee members Thursday that he Dakota Republican who normally had used marijuana as recently as supports Reagan administration 1979, when he was a professor at the Harvard Uoiversity Law

Mr. Reagan, during a picture-taking session with Republican members of Congress at the White House, refused to back away from the nomination.

The president said, "I'm old

enough to have seen that era in which his generation and generations earlier than that - how it was taken and all.

"How many of us would like to Western diplomats said the govhave everything we did when we were younger put on the books?" See LEBANON, Page 7

WASHINGTON — President use was limited to "a few experimentations," adding, "I'm sure

The president's wife, Nancy, in a retary. Elaine Crispen, said, "Unfortunately the '60s and the '70s were a time when a lot of people experimented with pot. Apparently he did, and I'm sorry about that." Mrs. Reagan has been active in

the fight against drug use. Contrary to Mr. Byrd's assertion that it sends a negative message to young people, Mr. Reagan said think it's a helpful message." He said, "I think the message it sends is that he regrets it and shouldn't have done it."

Asked if the nomination could survive, Mr. Reagan replied, "If there's any justice in Washington

he can. Senator Larry Pressler, a South

nominees, said he has asked the White House to reassess the nomi-

"This administration is conduct-ing a war on drugs," Mr. Pressler noted. "It will be very hard to explain support for a person who used marijuana while a professor of

■ Ginsburg Admission Linda Greenhouse of The New York Times reported from Washing-

Judge Ginsburg acknowledged See COURT, Page 7

Under the state of emergency See ACCORD, Page 7

For Some Israelis, the Good News Turns Out to Be No News

Mahmoud Halaby, a West Bei-

workers walked out on strike four weeks ago, counting on the traditional Israeli addiction to news to force the government into conceding quickly to their wage demands.

But a funny thing bappened on the way to the picket lines: The Israeli public barely complained when the airwaves went dead, and few people besides the strikers are clamoring for the television and radio to come back to life.

"I think the activists behind the strike just did not realize how little the public cared about them. said Neal Sandler, an English-language broadcast-er for Israeli radio, officially the Israel Broadcasting Authority. "You just do not run into people who are really bothered that the radio and television are off the air. It is a bit upsetting to journalists to hear that for many people no oews is good

There are a variety of explanations as to why much of the Israeli public appears to be relishing the silence brought on by the broadcast workers' strike for a 30-percent pay increase - a demand the government, with the public's backing, is firm-

To begin with, "there was an inflation of information in this country that bad really gotten out of hand," said Uri Savir, the news media adviser to Foreign Minister Shimon Peres. "There exists in this country a closed circle between politicians and journalists that was slightly detached from the

This closed circle, Mr. Savir said, produced news on an hourly basis. It was not fabricated. But when Mr. Peres said something, radio reporters would run to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir to get his reaction, and then a third minister would jump in. and suddenly the public was confronted with a full-blown crisis. "The radio was inclined to hysterical reporting,"

said Ido Disenchik, the editor of the newspaper Ma'ariv. "If you had a minor crisis, after a day of radio and television it became a major crisis, and if you had a major crisis, after a day of radio and television it became a catastrophe. The public was

overdosed." Because most of the radio and television news in

Israel focused on negatives --- a bombing, a shooting, a fatal accident, a terrorist incident, inflation, political divisions - it tended to create in the minds of many Israelis a sense that their little world was in much worse shape than it really might have been.

"When television and radio become the prisms through which you look at reality, you come away saving. What an ugly place this is," an Israeli philosopher, David Hartman, said, "But when you take away those prisms and people's perceptions of reality are derived exclusively from their own daily experiences, which are for the most part prosaic, they inevitably become more relaxed and stable."

Now, it is as though the entire country swallowed a tranquilizer, which may belp explain why there has been a sharp drop in traffic accidents in

Immediately after the radio and television went off the air some people got oervous because they did not know what was going on, said Akiva Eldar, the diplomatic correspondent of the newspaper

"Then they suddenly discovered that oothing bad was really happening to them," he added.
"Who cares about Jacques Chirac visiting? Who cares about what Shamir said about Peres? It is like

See PRESS, Page 7



Iranian Speedboat Hits **U.S.-Operated Tanker** With Grenades in Gulf

By Loren Jenkins

Washington Post Service
DUBAI, United Arab Emirates -An Iranian speedboat attacked a U.S.-operated Panamanian tanker near here early Friday morning, apparently demonstrating Tehran's willingness to attack U.S.-linked shipping in the Gulf despite retalia-

The 103,584-ton Grand Wisdom was hit by rocket-propelled gre-nades off the United Arab Emirates port of Jebel Ali, 20 miles (32 kilometers) west of Dubai. It was Iran's first attack against a foreign tanker in the Gulf since one of its Silkworm missiles hit the U.S.flagged Kuwaiti tanker Sea Isle City on Oct. 16.

That attack prompted Washington to order four U.S. destroyers to shell an Iranian offshore oil drilling platform in the Gulf three days later. U.S. intelligence sources say the platform was used for radar surveillance of ships traveling to

In the attack Friday on the ence in the Gulf. Iran has singled Grand Wisdom, no casualties were out Kuwait for attack because of its reported, according to ship crewmen interviewed by radiotelephone. The crewmen said, however, that their ship had been his five times, causing a fire in the ship's engine room that was extinguished in two hours.

The crippled tanker was shad-owed by the U.S. guided-missile cruiser Rentz as it made its way to anchor off Dubai.

The U.S. naval task force in the Gulf is not expected to consider the attack grounds for retaliatory strikes against Iran. The navy's rules of engagement limit them to defending only U.S.-flagged vessels in the Gulf, not U.S.-managed vessels flying flags of convenience, as was the Grand Wisdom.

Ship salvage officials said they understood that the damage to the ship was not serious.

The attack indicated how far Iran and Iraq are from ending their tanker war in the Gulf despite United Nations mediation efforts. It caine only hours before what were described by Baghdad as "waves of warplanes" attacked Iran's vital petrochemical complex at the port of Bandar Khomeini. An Îraqi war communique said

that all its planes had returned to base unharmed after "leaving their Iraq also claimed to have hit a "large naval target," or oil tanker,

off Iran's coast Thursday night. It was the fifth ship Iraq has claimed to have hit in a week, although only one, the Iranian supertanker Taftan, has been confirmed.

tary-general, Javier Perez de Cuel-lar, has failed in his latest mediaoon efforts between Iran and Iraq. On Monday, he received replies from Baghdad and Tehran to the UN Security Council's call for an immediate cease-fire.

Iraq has expressed eagerness to comply with an immediate cease-fire. But Iran has insisted that before any cease-fire is accepted Iraq must be condemned as having started the war in September 1980, and that Baghdad must agree to compensate Iran for war damage. Recent speeches by such Iranian leaders as the speaker of the Iranian Majlis, or parliament, Hashemi Rafsanjani, and Prime Minister Mir Hussein Moussavi have made clear that Iran sees no solution to the war except a military victory. Meanwhile, President Ali Khamenei, in addressing the weekly Friday prayer meeting at Tehran University, renewed Iran's con-

support of Iraq.
The confused state of U.S. policy in the Gulf, he declared, was to be seen in the crash of the U.S. stock market, the declining value of the dollar and the resignation this week of Defense Secretary Caspar W, Weinberger, whom he called the

demnation of the U.S. naval pres-



RAZOR PROTEST IN SEOUL — A member of the National Coalition of Democracy had his head shaved Friday in Seoul, joining other opposition supporters who shaved their heads to demand that the opposition field only one presidential candidate in elections scheduled for mid-December. Two leaders of the South Korean opposition, Kim Dae Jung and Kim Young Sam, both have said that they are running for president.

U.S. Asks Israel About Arms Sales to Iran

By David B. Ottaway and Molly Moore

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — U.S. officials say the Reagan administration, responding to intelligence re-ports, has asked Israeli officials if heir government or private Israeli arms dealers have again sold arms

The Israelis categorically denied any new sales, the officials said. There have been reports of shipments that involve the Israelis, and we have raised it with the Israeli government at the highest levels," an administration official said. Any new Israeli arms sale to Iran, he said, "is something viewed with the utmost seriousness and

something we would want to nip in The Israelis have investigated the we get these reports we weigh in reports and told U.S. officials in the last few days that "they find no ment official said. evidence these reports are true,'

another U.S. official said.

31 October 1987 - 7 February 1988

Salvatore Ferragamo

The Art of the Shoe 1927-1960

of arms to Iran," the official said. lion in arms to Iran late last sum-The reports reaching U.S. intelligence agencies appear to be fragmentary, and none have been con-firmed, according to several U.S. officials. One said the information appeared "very marginal." Anoth-er said the reports might involve British and Kuwaiti press reports that have "all been feeding on each

fense, Richard L. Armitage, was in Israel this week for scheduled talks with Israeli military officials, but it was not known if he raised this issue with them,

The administration has ques-tioned officials from several East European governments about reports of their possible involvement with arms sales to Iran. "Anytime

The reports received by U.S. in-telligence sources included sugges-"The Israelis have reconfirmed tions that some Israelis might have Arab and European press, but the their policy of no sales or transfer negotiated to sell up to \$750 mil-

mer, a package said to include U.S.-made TOW and-tank missiles, Israeli-made Gabriel air-to-surface missiles, F-4 and F-5 air-

craft engine parts, tanks and jeeps. executed through a third party based in Geneva, according to one administration official, but did oot make clear whether the Israeli government or private arms merchants had negotiated the deal.

To obtain most of the items, the Israeli military would normally have to authorize their sale and make the items available from its stocks. The United States would have to approve any transfer of American-made arms.

Many of the items, however, could be available through the black market to private arms dealers, officials said

The reports of renewed Israeli arms sales have been circulating for the last six weeks in the Israeli, surfaced to confirm them. Several former Israeli military

■ Chirac Denies Arms Sales France has sold no arms to Iran

The spokesman, Denis Baudouin

A military report, declassified Wednesday after its text was published by Le Figaro, a Paris daily, said President François Mitterrand and former Defense Minister Charles Hernu were told of the sales by Luchaire, the French arms company, in 1984 and did oot stop

Mr. Hernu has denied authorizing arms sales to Iran, and Mr. Mitterrand has made no public comment on the affair.

Mr. Baudouin said the prime ninister did oot intend to challenge the Socialist president on the issue.

U.S. Ship Blocks Suez Canal

in the Suez Canal and held up traf- into applause, and the new prime fic in the waterway for seven bours minister acknowledged the ovation before cootinuing its voyage.

officers have become independent arms dealers, making it difficult to determine whether the Israeli gov-The report said that the deal was ermment is itself involved directly

since the conservatives came to power in March 1986, Prime Minister Jacques Chirac's spokesman said Friday in Paris, according to The Associated Press,

said he was making "the most categorical denial" of reports that the arms sales, said to have been conducted secretly under the Socialist government, cootinued after Mr. Chirac's center-right coalitioo came to power in March 1986.

was named head of the Economic Planning Agency. In all, Mr. Takeshita filled 20 cabinet-level posts and he precarefully to all major ruling party factions

ical demands of the other groups, beaded by Shintaro Abe, Toshio Komoto, Mr. Miyazawa and Mr. Mr. Abe, who also had sought

World War II.

the party presidency, was personally taken care of last weekend when Mr. Takeshita gave him the politically significant post of party secretary general.

There was oo sense of drama as

Takeshita

Appoints

20 Ministers

To Cabinet

By Clyde Haberman New York Times Service

room political maneuvering, the new leader takes over from Yasu-

hiro Nakasone, who made the elec-

tion outcome inevitable two weeks

ago when he named Mr. Takeshita

Democratic Party. Mr. Nakasone had lasted in of-

fice for five years, the third-longes

term for a prime minister since the end of World War II.

As foreign minister, Mr. Take-

hita selected an ardent Nakasone

loyalist, Sosuke Uno, who has held

several important government and

intended to continue basic Naka-

who was a Soviet prisoner of war in

a Siberian camp for two years after

In another important cabinet as-

signment, Mr. Takeshita appointed

Tsutomu Kawara, 50, to be direc-

tor general of the Defense Agency.

Eiichi Nakao, a Nakasone loyalist,

resident of the governing Liberal

by bowing twice.

WORLD BRIEFS

Korean Says He Saw Beirut Hostages

SEOUL (Reuters) — A kidnapped South Korean diplomat freed land week by his Beirut captors has told colleagues he saw several other forcion hostages during his 21-month ordeal, a Foreign Ministry official said.

Assistant Foreign Minister Park Soo Gil said that the diplomat Do Chae Sung, was unable to formally identify some of them but Mr. Park said Mr. Do did apparently recognize one. The official would identify the

person only as a "famous journalist."

The assistant minister denied news reports last week that Seoul had paid more than \$1 million for the release of the former embassy second secretary, who was snatched from his car by gummen in January 1986. TOKYO - Noboru Takeshita, elected Friday as the 17th postwar prime minister of Japan, immediately formed a government bearing

the stamp of his predecessor in top 10th Game of Chess Match Is Drawn

ine transfer of political authority was one of the smoothest in many years. It had none of the championship between Garri Kasparov, the titleholder, and Anatoli the selection of a Japanese leader even though all prime ministers over the last 32 years have come from same party.

SEVILLE, Spain (Reuters) — The 10th game of the world chest championship between Garri Kasparov, the titleholder, and Anatoli the selection of a Japanese leader even though all prime ministers for each player. The winner will be the first player to win six games or accumulate 12 and a half points. Mr. Kasparov retains the title in the from same party.

A 63-year-old veteran of back

	-	GAME 10 CARO-KANN DEFENSE			1. 3. 1. 3.	
White Kasparov	Black Karpev	White Kasparov	Black Karpov	White Kasparov	Black Karpon	
1. e4 2. d4 3. Nd2 4. Nxe4 5. Nxi6+ 7. c3	c6 d5 dxe4 Nd7 Ngf6 Nxf6 Bg4	S. h3 9. Qxt3 10. Bc4 11. 0-0 12. Be3 13. Qc2 14. Rad1	Bxf3 e6 Be7 Nd5 Qb6 0-0 Bd6	15. Bb3 16. fxe3 17. Rf3 18. Rdf1 19. Qf2 20. Qb4	Nxe3 c5 Rae8 Re7 Qc7 Drawn,	

His successor picked two holdovers from the Nakasone cabinet to
overs from the Nakasone cabinet to NEW DELHI (NYT) — President Junius R. Jayawardene of Sri Lanka said Friday that he favors a friendship treaty with India patterned afterone that New Delhi signed with Moscow 16 years ago. hoped to become prime minister

himself, was reappointed finance At a news conference, Mr. Jayawardene, who has been meeting with.

Indian leaders on the continuing conflict between Indian troops called into crush a Tamal insurgency in his nation's north and east, said he wanted a "long-term treaty" that would go far beyond the July 29 accord between the two governments that sought to end four years of ethnic strife in Sai minister, a position he will hold along with the politically sensitive post of deputy prime minister. Haime Tamura was retained as head of the powerful Ministry of Inter-national Trade and Industry.

"There is such a treaty between the U.S.R. and India," he told reporters. He also referred to a similar treaty between India and Bangladesh. "Why not with Sri Lanka?" he asked. India has responded cooly to the proposal. A high-ranking Indian official said Friday that New Delhiwas more interested in securing the implementation of the current party posicions. was more Mr. Uno made it clear that he agreement.

sone policies, which emphasized close ties with the United States, For the Record steady military growth and a reor-

Africe Lakwena, a Ugandan rebel leader and self-proclaimed high-priestess of black magic, has been injured in a clash with government troops in eastern Uganda, government officials said Friday. (UPI), dering of economic priorities to accommodate overseas protests oops in eastern Uganda, government officials said Friday. (UPI),
Belgians will go to the polls Dec. 13 to elect a new parliament, the
overnment said Friday. The elections follow the collapse of Prime
linister Wilfried Martens's center-right government last month. (AP). about Japan's buge trade surpluses. "I think I oced to value the Nakasone heritage, and my role is to develop it further," said Mr. Uoo,

A U.S. Army defector was arrested in Frankfurt shortly after he returned from the Soviet Union on Thursday. Private Wade Roberts, 22, defected seven months ago with his German girlfriend, Petra Neumann, 24. Army officials say be faces charges of desertion.

At least 30 people were killed and property worth several thousand dollars was damaged in a cyclone in southern India, the Press Trust of India reported Friday. The storm hit four districts of the coastal state of Andhra Pradesh on Tuesday.

Andhra Pradesh on Tuesday.

The U.S. Senate approved the nomination of Alan Woods, the deputy U.S. trade representative and a former Defense Department official, on

Thursday to head the U.S. Agency for International Development succeeding Peter McPherson.

A suspect in the killing of two West German policemen during a demonstration near Rhein-Main Airport, outside Frankfurt, was taken into custody in Bonn, the police said Thursday. Andreas Eichler, 33, was served tradition by making sure that he parceled out ministries held on what the police described as "immediate suspicion of two counts But he also accommodated polit- of murder.

TRAVEL UPDATE

U.K. Curbs Noise From Heathrow

LONDON (AP) — The government said Friday it was cutting the number of night flights from Heathrow Airport because of complaints about ooise disturbing people's sleep.

Transportation Secretary Paul Channon said the number of planes

Reuters

Mr. Takeshita won an easy and PORT SAID, Egypt — The U.S. predictable election in the House of barge-carrier Robert E. Lee, remaining from the Gulf, ran aground in the Suer Copal and ball of the Suer Copal and the number of planes allowed to take off from Heathrow at night will be cut from 3,650 to 2,750 during the peak summer season and from 3,150 to 3,000 at other times of the year. In addition, Mr. Channon proposed a ban on takeoffs by older, noisier aircraft between 12:30 A.M. and 5 A.M.

Employees of the Prado museum in Madrid voted Friday to continue their strike for higher pay and better working conditions, keeping Spain's leading tourist attraction closed indefinitely.

(AP)



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Yugoslav Cabinet Is Urged to Resign

LJUBLIANA. Yugoslavia —
Official trade unions in the Slovenia region of Yugoslavia said they
have called for the government to resign because of its failure to save the country from economic crisis.

Yugoslavia is struggling with a 135-percent inflation rate and a \$20 billion hard currency debt, with incomes failing to keep pace with the cost of living. Union officials said the Ljublja-

na branch of the Confederation of Trade Unions of Yugoslavia called on Wednesday for Prime Minister
Branko Mikulic's cabinet to resign.
"It was decided the government's
efforts are ineffective to the point
of being harmful and the government can oo longer function with its present composition," the officials said in a statement.

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If produce both matter, and a service by 90 bills a day year for first below for the first held of fiscal matters gave as a percent. assistants gave no indication to the frequent who raises out to be begin with the begin with the talks, went along with of poposals

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A suite House official Marty that Mr. Rengar, and presional resources could be specified this week on a specific this week on a specific that would wan big articles. To lot of ways they be closed

in let of ways they re-cirect alley think they are. Said the fiel who asked that he not be should. They're down to talk-gator numbers. We may not be how to solve the great issues damme but we do know how to Mark numbers. aterating Republican on the

Mile in South China Storm

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Republicans Offer Plan to Cut Deficit \$75 Billion

aw Beirut Hostage WASHINGTON - Republican

assets would be sold each year.

identified said one of the purposes

of the meeting Friday was to dis-

cuss Social Security and other enti-

tlement reductions, including vet-

Lawmakers gave no indication

that Mr. Reagan, who ruled out

Social Security cuts at the begin-

ning of the talks, went along with

Tom Kenworthy and David Hoff-

A senior White House official

said Thursday that Mr. Reagan and

congressional negotiators could

reach agreement this week on a

package that would win bipartisan

in e lot of ways they're closer

10 Die in South China Storm

Agence France-Presse.

were killed and 100 injured when

heavy winds and a tornado carry-

ing hail swept through the southern

province of Jiangxi on Friday.

man of The Washington Post report-

■ Officials Optimistic

ped South Korean diplomating colleagues he saw several other had been a Foreign Ministry official budget negotiators presented Presik Soo Gil said that the diplome ly identify some of them but Mt he are one. The official would identify dent Ronald Reagan with a plan to reduce the federal budget deficit Friday and urged him to consider cuts in the Social Security pension House and Senate Republicans showed the president a joint proposal to cut the deficit by \$30 billion in the 1988 fiscal year, which began last month, and \$45.5 billion

curity.

able package."

creases to 2 percent.

their proposals.

negotiate numbers."

ist."
news reports last week that Sent release of the former embessy to his car by gunmen in Jamay is

se Match Is Draw The 10th game of the world of asparov, the titleholder, and he to here Friday after 20 moves Ests apace, with two with and side be the first player to win an are be the first player to win at Rose.

Mr. Kasparov retains the title at

NN DEFENSE

Black Karpov Bof3

India to Upgrade le

dent Junius R. Jayawardene of Sile adding treaty with India panemeter to Mossow 16 years ago. systemene, who has been meeting goodlict between Indian tropolisis nation's north and east, said lete go far beyond the July 29 according to end four years of ethnic mine

seen the U.S.S.R. and India k. samilar treaty between India and le The asked. India has responded ndian official said Friday that Note ing the implementation of the a

rebei leader and self-prodainet been injured in a clash with good estiment officials said Friday. Dec. 13 to elect a new parliance: meter-right government last mort a pressed in Frankfurt shortly the a on Thursday. Private Wade Rober th his German giriffiend Pena New s charges of descruon.

had and property worth several than fone in southern India, the Press lie were left four districts of the costs or

mention of Alan Woods, the te a former Defense Department office Agency for International Develope

West German policemen dur, Arport, ourside Frankfun, was or said Thursday. Andreas Edda, St hed as "instruccione suspicion of twee Senate Budget Committee, who presented the plan Mr. Reagan was given Friday, said late Thursday that the talks had reached "a growing frustration level, and that's

The second secon

"I'm deeply encouraged; there's light in the tunnel," said Represen-tative Silvio O. Conte, Republican of Massachusetts, who earlier Thursday had dismissed negotiators' upbeat statements as "baloney" designed to mislead the news

The plan, which the Republican In returning to a consideration of reductions in cost-of-living alleaders then put before congressional Democrats, would raise \$9.4 lowances for federal retirees, the billion in taxes and fees this fiscal negotiators appeared to be concedyear and \$14 billion in the next one. ing that entitlement cuts were the only way to achieve major reduc-In addition, \$5 billion in federal tions in the deficit, given the deep The plan envisions cuts in entidivisions over taxes and over military and domestic spending.

tlement programs, such as Social Security, veterans' benefits and Lawmakers and others close to Medicare, totaling \$5.1 billion this year and \$10.2 billion next. It does the talks are exceedingly cantious in discussing the issue of cuts in not specifically mention Social Seretirement benefits. For example, Social Security is referred to as "the ummentionable." The House majority leader, Thomas S. Foley, Asked if the president was urged to consider Social Security cuts, Senator Bob Packwood of Oregon responded "As and of Security Constant of Security Constan responded, "As part of an accept-Democrat of Massachusetts, has said cuts in the retirement program could come about only through Sources who asked not to be

"immaculate conception."

Some negotiators have argued that it would be unfair to cut federal retirement programs without including Social Security.

It is questionable, however, The plan would reduce other fedwhether any package that includes eral spending, both military and domestic, by \$9.3 billion this year a reduction in retirement benefits and \$12.5 billion next by freezing programs for the first half of fiscal 1988 and limiting subsequent infor those on Social Security can pass Congress.



President Ronald Reagan and Robert H. Michel, Republican of Illinois.

to stock prices as of Sept. 30,

before the crash. November re-

tirees will get Oct. 31 stock prices. About 270 teachers re-

tired in October, compared to

the norm of about 100. Donald

Miller, head of the Teachers' Re-

some filed to secure higher bene-

The U.S. Commerce Depart

ment has refused requests to ad-

just census figures to include

people who are missed in the

groups of their fair share of fed-

eral funds allocated on the hasis

of census figures. Commerce Un-

Noncandidate Cuomo Is Urged to Stay Home

Though Governor Mario M. Cuomo insists he is not running for president, his travels this year have taken him as far as Moscow. "If you're not going to run, stay in the state of New York," Tim Hagan, a Cuyahoga County commissioner and Cuomo sup-porter, said be told the governor on e recent Chomo trip to Cleveland. "You can't have it both ways," he added, Mr. Hagan said Mr. Coomo was "a little taken

than they think they are," said the official, who asked that he not be The Washington Post says Mr. identified. "They're down to talk-ing about" numbers. "We may not Cuomo, while not commenting on Mr. Hagan's remarks, teleknow how to solve the great issues of our time, but we do know how to phoned Paul G. Kirk Jr., chair-man of the Democratic Netional Committee, and asked whether he should make a statement cate-Pete V. Domenici of New Mexico, the ranking Republican on the gorically refusing a draft, like the Civil War general, William Tecumseh Sherman, who said, "If nominated I will not run; if elected I will not serve." BEIJING - At least 10 people

New York sources said Mr. Kirk replied that this might be advisable, but when Mr. Cuomo asked if Charles S. Robb, former

AMERICAN TOPICS

governor of Virginia, and Senators Bill Bradley of New Jersey and Sam Nnnn of Georgia, should and would do the same, Mr. Kirk said that was unlikely. The upshot: Mr. Cuomo canceled an appearance in New Hampshire, site of the first presidential primary in February.

Short Takes

Tiny tunnels to protect migrating salamanders from cars are being carved into a street in Amherst, Massachusetts. The tunnels, 18 inches (46 centimeters) high and eight inches wide, are grated on top, at street level. The purpose is to provide ambientlight," said Richard Winston, a local environmentalist, "Otherwise, the salamanders won't go in there." Indeed, the question is whether the salamanders will go in there at all. Mr. Winston said fencing will block the salamanders from crossing the road and guide them into the tunnels.

dersecretary Robert Ortner is unmoved. "We want the public to respond as close to 100 percent as possible," he says. "If we Wall Street's decline brought tell them we are going to adjust, New York City schools e rush on many people may conclude why retirements last month, as some bother to answer the census." teachers apparently sought to lock in pre-crash stock values for If Judge Douglas H. Ginsburg's nomination to the U.S. Sutheir pension benefits. Retiring in October keyed their benefits preme Court is approved by the

Hollywood now offers "Grave Line Tours," which take the mortirement System, said it was "a bidly curious in a converted reasonable conclusion" that hearse to the scenes of assorted celebrity suicides, murders and scandals. Included on the twoand-a-half-hour trip, which costs \$25, are the carport where the actor Sal Mineo was murdered, the photographer's studio where Marilyn Monroe posed for a national head count, which is nude calendar early in her career and the building where the actor John Belushi died of a drug overheld every 10 years. Large cities and racial minorities say that uncounted members deprive some

Senate, he will be the first beard-

ed justice since Chief Justice

Charles Evans Hughes, who re-

tired in 1941.

complimentary calla lily. -ARTHUR HIGBEE

dose. Each sightseer receives a

Europeans Weinberger Resignation

LONDON - West European istration, it has been complicated commentators have reacted to the by recent changes that brought in departure of Caspar W. Weinber- four new secretaries. ger as U.S. defense secretary with a wide range of praise and criticism. hawk and a prudent adviser.

In Moscow, a top Kremlin adviser occused Mr. Weinberger of "spoiling the atmosphere on the time for new initiatives. The civil eve of e summit" by saying the service types know there's going to United States should wait for Senbe a change. Everybody starts ate ratification before observing a watching the clock. A year from treaty banning some missiles.

Georgi A. Arbatov, head of the Institute for U.S. and Canadian Studies, a Kremlin think tank, said Thursday that Mr. Weinberger had cast a similar pall over President Ronald Reagan's first meeting with the Soviet leader, Mikhaii S. Gorbachev, two years ago.

"Now he wishes to do it more in "Now he wishes to do it more in Weinberger, who resigned because advance, because he's resigning, I of his wife's health problems. understand." Mr. Arbatov said

Reagan administration prepares for e summit Dec. 7 in Washington at which Mr. Reagan and Mr. Gorbachev are expected to sign an agreement eliminating U.S. and Soviet medium- and shorter-range nuclear missiles.

"Now in the Pentagon, there is a need of someone more flexible, less hostile toward the Soviet Union," said the Italian Communist Party

newspaper, L'Unita, In West Germany, the left-leaning Frankfurter Rundschau said Mr. Weinberger's stewardship of the U.S. military buildup gave him much of the credit for Moscow's willingness to negotiate on arms

The moderate Rome daily La Repubblica described Mr. Weinberger as "extremely prudent in the use of military force" and said he "It's was "an influential and intransigent presence who constantly pushed the search for some kind of compromise with the Soviet Union in the strategic area and for space

In Denmark, the conservative and see that less gets done." Berlingske Tidende credited Mr. Weinberger with "the greatest rearmament program the U.S.A. has undertaken in peacetime, but the \$2 trillion he got the president and the Congress to contribute to defense was more than the American economy could tolerate."

The Independent, a centrist British daily, said that since Mr. Weinberger was strongly anti-Soviet, "it is no accident that he will he out of office before President Reagan signs an accord about which he still has reservations."

Shifts in Reagan Cabinet Are Split on Stir Lame-Duck Troubles

By Mary Thornton Washington Post Service WASHINGTON - It is a problem common to many administra-

tions: the lame-duck cabinet. in the case of the Reagan admin-

"The problem is larger than these new cabinet secretaries," said characterizing him as both a hostile Edward J. Rollins, President Ronald Reagan's former White House political director. "In the last year, you run out of gas. It's not a good now there will be a new president who may not have the same agen-

 Frank C. Carlucci, the president's national security adviser, was nominated Thursday to succeed Defense Secretary Caspar W.

 Ann Dore McLaughlin was The resignation comes as the nominated Tuesday to succeed La-eagan administration prepares bor Secretary William E. Brock, who resigned last month to manage the campaign of Senator Boh Dole of Kansas for the 1988 Republican presidential nomination.

• James H. Burnley 4th was

nominated last month to succeed Transportation Secretary Elizabeth Hanford Dole, who resigned to assist in her husband's campaign. Mr. Burnley was Mrs. Dole's deputy.

O. William Verity Jr. was confirmed last month as commerce secretary to succeed Malcolm Baldrige, who died in a rodeo accident As an administration nears the

end of its term, Gordon Jones of the Heritage Foundation said, "it's unlikely there will be any major new initiatives or any major cut-

"It's likely to be a standoff for the next year," he said.
When the "attention of the political types is diverted elsewhere," Mr. Jones said, bureaucrats who disagree with the administration's objectives are "likely to lose papers

Mr. Rollins said: "In the last year you have the phenomenon of e lot of assistant secretaries out looking for jobs. And it's a difficult time to be recruiting." Although a cabinet secretary

who comes in at the end of an administration may be superbly qualified, the nominee is rarely part of the president's inner circle and is often seen by the bureaucracy as an outsider intent on adding a new position to a resume. "A good part of this is endemic

to a lame-duck administration, and

we're beginning to see that," said Norman Ornstein of the American Enterprise Institute. "It becomes more and more a caretaker mission. And then it becomes very difficult to find the right kinds of people to

fill the positions. "There's alweys an opportunity at the margin to do a little some-thing here or there," he continued. "but it's a frustrating job. even though it's a good experience." He added that the title of cabinet sec-

retary "is something you can carry around for the rest of your life." He added that the phenomenon builds into a "ripple effect through the government" with more serious resignations at the assistant secretary level and few qualified replace-

ments willing to move to Washington for a short-term commitment. In the meantime, Mr. Rollins said, the best way for new cabinet secretaries to handle the lame-duck

syndrome is "to take three or four key areas and really try to stress "Obviously," he added, "you can't go in with e total agenda. You try not so much to manage the

department because it would be difficult to get on top of that. But you can try to push e few issues." But Mr. Jones said he thought it

might be better if the new officials do not try to accomplish much.

"That's probably the best we can hope for," he said. "Almost any-thing that might happen is not that good. The media says we have to have e tax increase, and half the Senate wants e protectionist trade bill. That's all negative. From the point of view of conservatives, the idea that nothing gets done is not necessarily bad."



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Yugoslav Cahin Is Urged to Res Official trade emors n in

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Only vodka from Russia is genuine Russian vodka.

The People Want Peace

ing around Central America as the first phase of a regional peace plan came into effect Thursday. No single piece of good news or pessimism can do justice to what is now happening in five countries, three of them bloody battlegrounds.

The whole region is now engaged in common debate on how to arrange cease-fires, amnesties, reconciliation and democratic reforms and to halt the flow of foreign arms. These are the five pillars of the plan approved by five presidents in Guatemala 90 days ago. And in the very debate over ance, Central Americans are educating themselves, and the world, on ways to curb bitter regional wars.

Nn one can sensibly expect this process to cut the Gordian knot at a stroke. But the steps now under way have already loosened it. Instant peace was never advocated or expected by the chief architect of the plan, Costa Rica's President Oscar Arias. His idea was to entangle the belligerens in popular expectations. In surprising measure, that seems to have happened. All sides say they are ready to comply; no side wants to be viewed as the killer of this dream.

Thus the Sandinists boast of the reopening of an uncensored opposition paper, La Prensa, but until Thursday they refused to deal directly with contra political leaders in negotiating a cease-fire in Nicaragua. Thus Honduras says it wants to see more progress toward democracy in Nicaragua be-fore meeting its obligation to close contra bases. Thus El Salvador proclaims a unilateral cease-fire, unacceptable to leftist guerrillas who insist that not enough is being

done to contain death squads.

This is what might be called the plan's piecemeal cunning. It requires no more than minimum responses, and even those can come at staged intervals. Progress will be subject to scrutiny when Mr. Arias flies to Oslo next month to accept the Nobel Peace Prize. He has invited the other four presidents to join him there, on the perfect stage, with all the world watching.

In January comes another Central American summit, at which the governments will judge each other's compliance. Mr. Arias, whose independence is not in doubt, has

made plain his intention to judge rigorously.

The regrettable facet to all this is the Reagan administration's almost churlish gloom. In a plus for the peace plan, it will delay until January its \$270 million request for contra military aid. But there is also a minus. Although the House has just voted a further \$3.2 million in nonlethal aid for the contras, the administration insists that a lavish \$30 million is needed immediately. Even now, it lacks the will to take risks for peace. But that will arises, powerfully, somewhere else - among the people and presidents of the countries so long torn by war. - THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Cosmetic Devaluation

Forced to choose between higher interest rates and a lower dollar, the Reagan administration has now explicitly decided to let the dollar keep falling. Tn defend itself, it observes that interest rates high enough to stabilize the dollar would probably cause an immediate recession. But continued devaluation will exact other costs, although the present strategy may postpone them.

The administration is now understandably anxious to get through the next 14 months without any large economic disruptions that, by hitting jobs and incomes, would demonstrate to voters the danger into which the country has drifted. What is happening is that the rest of the world has got uneasy about financing the United States' enormous deficits and is no longer sending its money to invest as it did throughout the early 1980s.

At best the price of more devaluation will be rising inflation and a gradually lowered standard of living. But there are other possibilities. A policy of deliberate devaluation, with no end in sight, might persuade foreign investors that for the present they had bet-ter keep their money in other currencies. If they do that, American interest rates will go up regardless of anything the Federal Reserve Board can do. Americans do not save enough to finance both the federal deficit and the normal needs of industrial growth.

They have become very comfortably accustomed to depending on European and Japa-nese savings. Without them, the risk of recession will sharply rise.

The dollar has been falling for some time, but at this point the foreign reaction is likely to become less accommodating. By early 1985 it had become greatly overvained in terms of the things — cars, television sets, food — it could buy. It fell for two years, most of that time under international agreement, and by early this year was at roughly its true parity with other major currencies in actual purchasing power. Now the administration is going to let it become substantially undervalued. It will not be easy to get international agreement on that. The last time America let the dollar get undervalued was in 1978-80, and that ended badly for both the

economy and the president then in power, The fundamental danger is not interest rates or exchange rates. It is American overconsumption. Under six years of this administration's policies, the country has got into the habit of living high on borrowed money. Now the lenders are rebelling; the trouble with exchange rates is only the symptom. For the White House, the question is how to shield consumers and voters from this unwelcome reality a little longer.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

The Wrong Haitian Side

At the voting urns and in the streets, Haiti's people have declared themselves emphatically in favor of a free presidential election later this month, But General Henri Namphy's ruling junta is not impressed. This week it showed itself, at best, barely willing to lift a finger to safeguard the democratic process. Yet again, the democrats have the people but not the guns.

The Reagan administration once plausibly claimed that backing the junta assured prompt elections. Now it needs to defend democracy more forcefully. Just imagine what it would say about an election conducted under these conditions in, say, Nica-. ragna. It is urgent now for the State Department to organize an inter-American effort to rescue the Haitian election process.

Although desperately poor, Haitians care passionately about their democratic rights. They voted in surprising oumbers for a oew democratic constitution. And when the Namphy junta tried to usurp the constitu-tional role of the independent National

streets, compelling the junta to back down. But even that did not secure an unimpeded electoral process. In recent months the junta has permitted a climate of fear reminiscent of the Duvalier era. Nights bring murder and mayhem from thugs who always manage to escape justice. Days bring deadly violence from troops and police.

Electoral Council, they angrily took to the

The targets have not just been random. One political leader was hacked to death by a rural mob. Another was gunned down while speaking outside police headquarters. This week, shots were fired into the offices of a presidential candidate. The Electoral Council's headquarters was set ablaze. A

The divisions are now inescapably clear: on one side the Haitian people, the National Electoral Council, the democratic cause; on the other, the Namphy junta and Duvalierist thugs. What possible reason is there for the United States to stay on the wrong side?

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The Voters Are Mobile

American voters have spoken just about everywhere they will speak in what is the most off of off-years. Do the results, taken together across the nation, tell us anything about where the country is going?

Superficially, they say it is going Demo-

cratic. The three governorships up this year — Louisiana, Kentucky and Mississippi were all won by Democrats, but the trendwas not terribly partisan. These are historically Democratic states, and you could argue that the trend was, mildly, toward the Re-publicans. Governor-elect Buddy Roemer of Louisiana has had one of the least Democratic voting records of congressional Democrats; Governor-elect Ray Mabus of Mississippi saw his lead shrink rapidly as his Republican opponent suggested that he would need new taxes to keep his education promises. Democrats need to carry states like these to win the presidency in 1988. But the 1987 results, by themselves, do not give them any confidence that they can do so.

What we find relevant about the contests is something else. In two of them the incumbent was retiring, as President Reagan is next year, and in Louisiana the governor was

badly disabled by scandal. Voters had to choose there, as they will have to choose nationally, a new leader from a field of candidates they mostly knew little or nothing about. For months, polls showed low and stable percentages for a whole bevy of candidates. Then all of a sudden opinion moved. In the Democratic primary in Kentucky, tens of thousands of voters a day shifted to Wallace Wilkinson, a Lexington businessman who had never held office yet who soundly beat former Governor John Y. Brown Jr. In Louisiana, Governor Edwin Edwards had a narrow but constant lead in the polls for months. Then Buddy Roemer zoomed up from fourth or fifth place and won so soundly that Mr. Edwards quit the field. In Mississippi, the late movement was away from Ray Mabus and toward Republican Jack Reed, although it was not enough to elect him. The moral for the presidential race is: Don't pay too much attention to today's polls. Voters are not anchored to their choices, and as they learn more about the candidates and the issues, they are liable to move toward and

away from candidates very rapidly. — THE WASHINGTON POST.

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OPINION

What Gorbachev Dares to Bare Is Dangerously Little

By William Taubman

N EW YORK — Mikhail Gorbachev's speech last Monday was a microcosm of the reform process that he has been leading. The speech shows how far he has come in his willingness to tell the truth about Soviet histo-

ry, and how far be still has to go.
It also raises serious doubts about whether he can get there - the same sorts of doubts

trouble. But not for Mr. Gorbachev, to whom "the October Revolution is truly the shining hour of humanity, its radiant dawn.

Leain's centralized party is another place to look for the origins of Stalizism. So is his contempt for the kinds of institutional or

Democratization is hindered by the party's monopoly on power, by a vast bureaucratic machine and by the passivity of citizens who know that the party has always arrogated to itself, and still does, the right to act in their name.

that arise concerning his prospects for re-forming the Soviet system in general.

Those Soviets and Westerners who were

disappointed with the speech should remember words attributed to Mr. Gorbachev in the summer of 1986. "If we start dealing with the past," he reportedly warned a group of writers, "we'll lose all our energy, Right now we have to direct our energy forward." His reasoning in 1986 is not hard to divine. His reform age was long and the obstacles formidable. He had just begun to consolidate power. Why antago-nize conservatives by opening up old wounds? By last April he was calling for a fresh assessment, for "a book that does not side-

step ... a book with no blank pages." Perestroika was going beyond organizational tinkering to structural reform of the entire Stalinist system. It was crucial to know where that system had gone wrong and why. This week Mr. Gorbachev gave his answers.

The speech begins to fill in the blank pages. lt mentions former unmentionables such as Trotsky, Bukharin and Khrushchev, It goes beyond Nikita Khrushchev's secret speech, which blamed Stalin's sins (or at least those be chose to mention) on Stalin himself. Mr. Gorbachev probes cautiously and tentatively for roots in the Soviet system — particularly in "the absence of a proper level of democratiza-tion in Soviet society that made possible the personality cult, the violations of legality, the

wanton repressive measures of the '30s.' All too often the Soviets have called Stalinist atrocities "mistakes" or "shortcomings." Mr. Gorbachev calls them "real crimes." He condemns "all those excesses" and "flagrant violations" of collectivization, the war on the peasantry that Mr. Khrushchev passed over.

Yet there are important things that he nei-

ther calls by their proper names nor traces to their roots. He is right that an absence of democracy made Stalinism possible, but he fails to account for the lack of democracy itself. One explanation is the nature of the Bolshe-vik revolution. The Bolsheviks may have enjoyed majority support among workers in the largest cities, but they were a tiny minority in a vast peasant country. That was an invitation to

legal guarantees that might have prevented Stalin's abuse of power. Lenin's 1921 ban on factions allowed Stalin to reduce and then eliminate intraparty democracy. Yet Mr. Gorbachev has only praise for Lenin's "proletarian party of the new type in Russia." None of these conditions made Stalinism inevitable. What they did do was make Sta-

linism possible, and perhaps even probable.
Read closely, Mr. Gorbachev's speech shows signs of last-minute rewriting and dilution. His treatment of Bukharin and collectivization is particularly contradictory.

Why there and other contradictions? Could Why these and other contradictions? Could

one expect anything else from a national leader giving a State of the (Soviet) Union Message? That many expected more is a measure of the hopes Mr. Gorbachev has aroused. But he himself has other aims in mind.

One is to burnish the legitimacy of a regime that traces its lineage back to the Bolshevik revolution. Another is to attend to his own legitimacy. Much of the praise Mr. Gorba-chev heaps on Leum's bold, farsighted leader-ship should presumably be applied to Mr. Gorbachev himself. "Conservative forces," he warns, "will seize upon any difficulty in a bid to discredit perestroika and provoke dissatis-faction among the people." Too critical a speech could have provoked such a reaction. The question remains whether he should have gone further — not just in the name of

justice but in his own self-interest. For the very forces he declines to trace to their roots are the ones that helped bring down Mr.
Khrushchev and may do the same to him.
Having identified the lack of democracy as

Message By Dubcek Bulls the

By Carl Lee

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Western diplomats said

a source of Stalinism, and a problem for Mr. Khrushchev, Mr. Gorbachev locates "the democratization of society" at "the core of per-estroika." But democratization is bindered by institutions that stunted its growth after 1917 — by the party's monopoly on power, by a vast bureaucratic machine and by the passivity of citizens who know that the party has always arrogated to itself, and still does, the

right to act in their name.

It will be dangerous, perhaps even impossible for Mr. Gorbachev to tell the whole truth about the Soviet past. Doing so would make him extremely vulnerable. In the long run he will be even more vninerable if he doesn't.

The writer, professor of political science at Amherst College, is a senior fellow at Columbia University's Harriman Institute for Advanced Study of the Soviet Union. He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

Either Way You Look, East or West, the Future Is Hazy

TOS ANGELES - As I hop L across the country, the ques-tion people keep asking me is, "Can we trust Gorbachev?" The only confident answer has to be that he can surely be trusted to

serve Soviet interests as he sees them to the best of his capacity. What else could anyone expect? That is his patriotic duty and there's no reason to suppose he isn't determined to fulfill it. It helps to try a little abracadabra and imagine being in his shoes. There is still a great deal we don't

know about the Kremlin, and Soviet secrecy remains dense. But we know rather more than we used to. The mystical art of Kremlinology, which once had to rely on such scure signs as who stood where in the ritual leadership photograph or which ritual code words were suddenly left out of a speech, has

given way to something approach-

g political analysis. For example, the serious signals from Moscow and Eastern Europe that Mikhail Gorbachev's important speech on Nov. 2 would rehabilitate the old Bolshevik Nikolai Bukharin and undo a lot of historical lies were not made fact. Apparently he decided to temporize because of resistance from party stalwarts. He compromised, as By Flora Lewis

China's Deng Xiaoping did at the beginning of the year when be pushed out his protege Hu Yao- an exchange student in New York bang as party leader. But why then the extraordinary Moscow leak claiming that the real trouble in Mr. Gorbachev's

entourage came from a protege, the Moscow party chief. Boris Yeltsin, complaining that Mr. Gorbachev was creating a "cult of personality"? In Soviet jargon, that is almost a charge of training to that is almost a charge of trying to make himself a new Stalin.

On this there is not enough information for analysis, and we have to revert to speculation. My guess is that the Yeltsin story was more or less true, but that it was deliberately divulged in an at-tempt to present dilution of the advertised speech as a reaction against pressure for too much reform, so as not to admit that Mr. Gorbachev was really slowing down. These are the sort of things we know about when President Reagan's proposals are defeated by Congress or he shifts gear for other political reasons.

We do not know who is doing what to whom in the Soviet hierarchy, and we have to make inferences. But there was a delicious

der Yakovlev, who spent time as an exchange student in New York and wound up quite anti-American. Later he was exiled by Leonid Brezhnev, sent as ambassador to Canada because he was too reformist. He was brought home and promoted to the Polithuro by Mr. Gorbachev as a top adviser on desperate world would be dangerous for them as well, not a preinde to Marxist-ordained triumph. Gorbachev as a top adviser on dealing with the West

Mr. Yakoviev has given a news conference in Moscow, itself un-precedented. Asked about the Yeltsin story, he said it was an internal party matter and if the party revealed its internal disputes "there will be no sense in having a party." That is about as candid a statement of how Leninism is supposed to work as exists. Of course, it is confusing, as when the world is told that Ronald Reagan "misspoke."

So outsiders have to go by what they see happening. Soviet authorities have been clear enough lately on what they see in the West. As the political commentator Alexander Bovin said in Izvestia, they see that their doctrine underestimated the resilience of capitalism. That is putting in doubt more than a century of Marxist prediction. Ironically, it comes alongside a

Khrushchev to recognize the dangers

of what Washington interpreted as his

scheduled for the next day.

stock market crash and jittery Western comparisons with 1929. But this time there has been no gloating in Moscow. The signs are that the Russians see much to lose and little to gain for themselves in a world depression. They have ad-mitted that their crystal ball is cloudy, too, and that a chaotic,

So they are having to try to read America and its shifting moods. Does it or doesn't it really want to brake the arms race? Does it or doesn't it love the atom? Moscow hears all kinds of voices from the West, and has to assess them through its own projections, as the

Americans, too, have concerns that affect overall policy. A sharp swing to the free market, away from the welfare state, is part of what Mr. Reagan promised would reinvigorate capitalism. But it has worked to the extent it has because there is a safety net, a protection against the cyclical busts that the Marxists used to think would bring the sure collapse of capitalism. It isn't any easier for Moscow to see where the United States is going than it is for us. The New York Times.

How a Third Party Almost Got the Superpowers Into War

KENSINGTON, California — Early on a Sunday morning 25 By Daniel Ellsberg That is to say, they sent it by car, very sile, presumed to be controlled by Soviet forces, had shot down a U-2

years ago Moscow radio began broad-casting Nikita Khrushchev's full acceptance of John Kennedy's proposal - received just the night before that the Soviet Union remove all offensive missiles from Cuba in return for nothing more than a conditional American pledge not to invade the island. Thus the Cuban missile crisis was ended by Mr. Khrushchev as abruptly, and for American officials as unexpectedly, as it had begun.

For the last quarter of a century, American analysis of the crisis have found the suddenness of Mr. Khru shchev's concessioo to American terms on Oct. 28, 1962, inexplicable. One hypothesis that has been missing from official and scholarly analyses is that the crisis provides an example of how the superpowers can be placed at the mercy of third parties.

Even in Moscow, some were puzzled by the special haste that Sunday. "They were very, very nervous at this time," Fyodor Burlatsky, Mr. Khrushchev's speechwriter, recalled recently in a conversation about the drafters of the Soviet message.
This letter was not drafted in the

Kremlin, nor in the Politburo. It was drafted at Khrushchev's dacha, by a drafted at Khrushchev's dacha, by a very small group. As soon as it was done, they ran it to the radio station.

begun firing Saturday morning at low-flying planes, damaging at least one. Moreover, a surface-to-air mis-

WASHINGTON — Is a Pakistani nuclear arsenal "inevitable"? Is a "discriminatory" to require nuclear conditions on aid to Pakistan? Will we

undercut the 135-nation Nonprolifer-

ation Treaty if we extend new aid to

Pakistan despite its progress on the bomb? Must we choose between con-

taining the Soviets and the spread of

These are the questions that have

placed some of us in Congress on the horns of a dilemma as we debate the

terms for renewing our foreign aid to Pakistan. Given what is at stake, we

must have the right answers.

Creation of a Pakistani nuclear ar-

senal would surely trigger a nuclear

arms race in South Asia, one that

could lead to an Indo-Pakistani war

that would be difficult to contain. And Pakistan's bomb technology may well spread, by espionage if nnt

by design, to its neighbor Iran. Now that our Stinger missiles have turned

up in Iran, we must confront the graver risks that Pakistan's bomb

may bring to this valatile region. Since 1981, administration spokes

men have told Congress that aid

would address Pakistan's defense

would andress Parisian's detense needs and weaken its perceived need for muclear weapons. Yet in 1987, as evidence builds that U.S. guns and money have failed to stop pursuit of

the bomb, the administration contin-

nes to champion this nuclear policy toward Pakistan. Reliable news re-

ports show how far Pakistan has gone:

It is producing bomb-grade uranium and testing a high-explosive triggering package for a nuclear device.
 It has routinely violated U.S. and foreign nuclear laws.

• It obtained a nuclear weapon de-

sign from China and exchanged sensi-tive nuclear filel cycle technology.

nuclear weapons in South Asia?

fast; as a matter of fact, the car ran into some trouble on the way, an obstruction, which delayed it. When it arrived, the manager of the station himself ran down the steps, snatched the message from the hands of the man in the car and ran up the steps to broadcast it immediately." There were good reasons for a sense

aircraft from an altitude higher than the artillery could reach, causing the first fatality of the crisis,
A transcript of the White House
discussions of Oct. 27, recently made

public at Harvard University, shows that none of the participants questioned the assumption of iron control of urgency in Moscow. I learned about by Soviet leaders over their subordi-

We would have shot down some planes. I don't know whether this would have started the nuclear war.

one of them from Robert Kennedy in 1964 while studying communications between governments in ouclear crises. He told me — in more detail than he later made public in his memoir, Thirteen Days" — that at his brother's direction on Saturday evening, Oct. 27, he began a secret discussion with the Soviet Ambassador, Anatoli Dobrynin. He said he impressed on the ambassador the serious implications of the attacks that day on American reconnaissance aircraft.

Cuban anti-aircraft artillery had

By John Glenn

The writer, a Democrat, is a U.S. senator from Ohio.

to procurement agents in the Middle

In frustration, some argue that Pa-kistan's bomb is a fait accompli. Paki-

stan has indeed acquired the capabili-

ty to make the bomb. But it does not

yet possess a nuclear arsenal, which would require more bomb-grade ura-mum than has been produced thus far.

We should work to keep it that way.

Others say it would be a double standard to attach any ouclear conditions to this aid, given the advancements in India's or Israel's nuclear

explosives programs. Yet neither India nor Israel, whose programs predate the passage of our nuclear export laws,

has demonstrated the systematic dis-

regard for those laws that we have

seen by Pakistan. In any case, it is a

curious argument that suggests that the United States is abligated to per-

petuate its foreign policy failures.

Some of my Senate colleagues have argued that the Afghan cause is more

vital than stopping Pakistan's bomb, and others say the opposite. I believe it is still possible to have a unified policy that is strong on both a free Afghani-

stan and nuclear nonproliferation. Congress is moving in this direction.

On Ang. 3 it unanimously approved a nonbinding resolution that I intro-duced, stating that "verifiable compli-ance" with Pakistan's nuclear commit-

ments is "vital" to any further military

aid. The time has come for Congress to

write this conviction into law.

The administration wants Congress

to authorize an unconditional six-year

extension of aid. I. too, want a long-

term extension. But a six-year renewal

It passed details of bomb parts makes sense only with reliable assur-

East and Western Europe.

nates in Cuba or over Cuban forces. So both types of firing were interpret-ed as a deliberate escalation, a change of orders by Mr. Khrushchev.

nuclear proposals to India, thereby forcing the Indians to give more seri-

ous attention to Pakistani proposals

for mutual adherence in the Nonpro-liferation Treaty, a test ban and a nuclear-free zone for South Asia.

But we must face up to the possi-bility that Pakistan might choose not

to honor its commitments to us. If we

then ceased military assistance to Pa-

kistan, would that mean the aban-

donment of the Afghan resistance? Hardly. Pakistan cannot afford to

hali aid. There are 3 million Afghan

refugees in Pakistan who are a grow-

ing political force and a concern to the

Pakistanis. They cannot be ignored.

Pakistan is acutely aware that its secu-rity is tied up with a Soviet withdrawal

from Afghanistan. Its leaders will not commit political suicide by cutting off

As the architect of the nuclear non-

proliferation regime. America is being watched closely by the other 134 parties to the treaty. They have lived

up to their commitments. Will we live up to ours? If we dn not, President

Kennedy once warned, "there would

be nn rest for anyone then, no stabil-ity, no real security and no chance of

The Washington Post.

ssistance to the mujahio

effective disarmament

This warning was obviously no bluff. The Oct. 27 White House tran-In fact, according to Mr. Burlatsky, "Khrushchev had given very strong, script reveals that it conveyed accuvery precise orders that Soviet officers rately to the Russians the consensus of should make no provocation, initiate the White House discussions that afnn attack in Cuba." In particular, the firing of the surface-to-air missile that destroyed the U-2 "was done absoternoon. But the warning almost surely had more impact than was intended, for a reason that the president and his lutely without the direction of Khruadvisers did not know about and, as shehev and the Soviet high command. the transcript shows, had failed to dis-In fact it was against their orders, and cuss even as a possibility. Khrushchev was very apprehensive Very simply, the warning was diabout the American reaction. Robert Kennedy's mission Satur-

rected to the wrong party. Even if he could expect to control future firings of surface-to-air missiles, Mr. Khrushehev by this point had no influence We Can't Do Without Nonproliferation over the Cuban anti-aircraft gunners who threatened low-flying flights.

They had begun firing Saturday morning on the orders of Fidel Castro, who was determined to defend ances --- backed up by tough means of verification (with on-site inspections the sovereignty of Cuban airspace regardless of Soviet desires to avoid if necessary) — that Pakistan has stopped producing bomb-grade nuclear materials. Short of this, we should extend aid only on a year-by-year basis, and without military aid if reliable information indicates. provoking U.S. retaliation.

"It was we who gave the order to fire against the low-level flights ... We simply presented our viewpoint to reliable information indicates that Pakistan is continuing to violate its pledge not to produce such materials. These terms would advance Paki-stan's relations with America, as well [the Russians], our opposition to lowlevel flights, and we ordered our batas its other long-term interests. For example, compliance with past commitments would add credibility to its

account of his meeting with Robert Kennedy, Mr. Khrusbchev could

Mr. Castro told Tad Szulc in 1984:

soon as U.S. reconnaissance planes entered Cuban air space, perhaps decision to escalate, and to get him to refrain from further attacks on reconnaissance planes, starting with flights within 12 hours. If there was any way to avert this, it could only be to an-In his memoir, Mr. Kennedy wrote nounce his acceptance of President Kennedy's Saturday night proposal and start dismantling missiles before that he told the Soviet ambassador that "our photographic reconnaisa shootdown and reprisal occurred. sance planes would have to continue Mr. Khrushchev's order to dismanto fly over Cuba, and if the Cubans or

siles, with heavy Soviet casualties and the likelihood of further escalation as

tle the missiles arrived in Cuba be-Soviets shot at these planes, then we would have to shoot back." tween 1 and 3 A.M. Cuban time on In his discussion with me in 1964 he Sunday. The dismantling began at 5 was more specific. "If one more plane A.M. The race to the radio station was destroyed," he said he told Mr. with the Soviet announcement, which Dobrynin, "we would hit all the SAMs bypassed slow diplomatic channels, [surface-to-air missiles] immediately, came a few hours later. It came just in time. At 9 o'clock and probably the [surface-to-surface missiles as well, and we would proba-bly follow that with an invasion."

day evening was in part to induce Mr. missiles and his surface-to-air mis-

Sunday morning, about the time Mos-cow radio began its broadcast, the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff agreed "tentatively to schedule four low-level recon flights, for late afternoon, and that aircraft would fly through any fire encountered." (The president canceled these flights only after Mr. Khrushehev's concession was received.)
Mr. Castro told Mr. Szulc; "I am
absolutely certain that if the low-level."

flights had been resumed we would have shot down one, two or three of these planes ... With so many batteries firing, we would have shot down some planes. I don't know whether this would have started the nuclear war." As it worked out, Mr. Castro did not start a war. Instead he lost the

missile crisis for Mr. Khrushchev, It was indeed, in the end, a Cuban crisis after all. But it was the leaders of the two superpowers who had between them unwittingly contrived to put a trigger to World War III in the hands of Fidel Castro. And so, for reasons he never knew in detail, President Kennody's estimate during the crisis of the odds of it erupting into general war— "between one in three and even" does oot seem too high.

teries to fire on them."

When be heard Mr. Dobrynin's mittees reporting to the National Security Council during the Cuban missile crist. Now concluding independent research on the risks of nuclear war, he contributed only have concluded that he was on the risks of nuclear war, he contributed this comment to The New York Times.

100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1887: For a Big Strike

PARIS — A revolutionary meeting was held at Belleville [on Nov. 6]. The Salle Favier was packed with anarchists, communists, collectionists, and possibilists. Citizen Raimond said that there was on remedy except a general knock off. No work was his maxim. They ought to all strike and starve as they did in Belgium. They would soon have their eight hours, would soon have their eight hours, and that was a couple too many. The next speaker was the "apostle of the bakers." "Why in the name of common sense," be roared, "did journeymen bakers work at night to give hot rolls and smoking breads to their betters? Let 'em eat yesterday's baking." Citizen Tortellier is a shining light in the anarchist firmament. But he thinks that Paris would soon bite is thumbs if there was a colossal strike thumbs if there was a colossal strike.

1912: Wilson Landslide

fetti and tinhorns strewn in the streets. Returns come trickling in, and those only serve to increase Governor Woodrow Wilson's lead. He is believed to have 399 electoral votes, to 117 for Theodore Roosevelt and 15 for President W.H. Taft. Democrats will have a majority of more than 100 in the House of Representatives, and eight or 10 in the Senate.

1937: Haytian Massacre

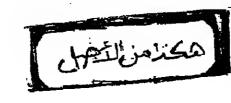
WASHINGTON - Between 1,000 and 3,000 Haytian men, women and children along the vaguely defined frontier between Hayti and the Dominican Republic were slanghtered by Dominicans. News of the massecre, which occurred early in October, came through reports of the Baptist Home Mission. Economic conditions are said to be the cause of the masscre. Because of the overcrowded con-dition of Hayti, thousands of natives reportedly crossed over the borders NEW YORK — All that is left of political débacle [on Nov. 5] is conjobs at extremely low wages. ENTEN

As World War II mered its et.d. plans to ustant the Paris Herald were drawn up by Executires at the parent patter in New York. The author of the column describes his whe in that endeator. He later in May 1945, joined the Trih as a reu rite man. became graphic arts editor m the early 1950s and stayed in that position until the paper suspended publication in 1966. He next went on to CBS News and then to Aviation Veek Price lives in semiretrement with ois our

lations agency in Vermont. By Ben Price My first contact with the New York Herald Tobune was in May 1944, when during an Army asagriment in Manhattan I stopped in at the Trib offices to meet Dick West and City Editor LL Engelling. In those days I Was a master sergeant, an accepted correspondent and the ranking editor of the London edition of

advertising and public re-

The Stars and Stripes, and I was back in New York briefly to open an S&S The meeting wasn't acodental Back in London, Gooffrey Parsons (then the Trib's London bureau that and later editor of the European Edition) and suggested I stop in softers about a possible in there, after the war.



in his own self-interest for the decimes to trace to their to the decimes to trace to their to the said may do the same to him the self-interest for the s ser, Mr. Gordeney access the deficient of society at the core of the line democratization is hindered to that standed its growth after 191 party's monopoly on power by: seems who know that the pany in regarded so itself, and still doe, is

e dangerous, perhaps even imposi-Soviet past Doing so would make the long limit to the long

ther, professor of political science that projessor of pouncal science of the series of the ser the Sories Union. He contributed in The New York Times

Tuture Is Hazy

Western comparisons win lead the third time there has been gloading in Moscow. The sign a that the Russians see much to be and little to gain for themselve a world depression. They have a world depression. They have a matted that their crystal bei cloudy, too, and that I char desperate world would be desperate world would be desperate world would be desperate for them as well, not a protection of the second s to Marxist-ordained triumph

So they are having to try to red.

America and its shifting mod. Does it or doesn't it really wall brake the arms race? Doz 18 doesn't it love the atom? Moon hears all kinds of voices from it West, and has to asses to through its own projections at West does in listening to then

Americans, too, have come that affect overall policy. A sin: swing to the free market, as from the welfare state, is part what Mr. Reagan promised tool remvigorate capitalism. But it b worked to the extent it has been there is a safety net, a promise comment the cyclical busis that is

Marxists used to think would be the stare collapse of capitalism It isn't any easier for Mores to see where the United Suni noing than it is for us. The New York Times

ers Into War

poissiles and his surface-to-are nies with heavy Soviet cambin the likelihood of further scalar soon as U.S. reconasissant in the continue of enistred Cuban air space per erret within 12 hours. If there among an avert this, it could only he as mounce his acceptance of Pink Kennedy's Salarday meht prop Start dismining mission a shootdown and reprisal come

Mr. Khaub bersade wite the the muster armed a Carlo sween I and 3 A.M. Cohan me Sunday. The dismanting ress A.M. The race to the miner. with the Series and amount of bypassed sign diplomatic des came a few hours later. It came its in time 41 fit

Sunday morning formineme! U.S. local Cares of Staff agod! tatively to schooling four lower con fugite, for the riemon sensor that a country in through a concountered. The presidence these fleats and the life shorter a comment was more Mr Castro los Mr. Sale ! should with the flights has been record to have shot down our mout With St and H see from the state of the state would have stand the mind

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ND 50 YEARS AGO

STEELS ROUND WHITE STEELS ROUND

1937: Haytian last

A Message Isly Little By Dubcek Hails the Kremlin

> By Gary Lee Washington Post Service MOSCOW — Alexander Dubcek, the Czechoslovak leader who spearheaded the "Prague Spring" that was crushed by a Soviet-led invasion in 1968, has sent a message of congratulations to the Kremlin leadership on the occasion of the 70th anniversary of the Bol-shevik Revolution; a Soviet official said Thursday.

The news of Mr. Dubcek's letter, announced at a news conference by e Central Committee official Georgi Shaknazarov, came a day after a leading Soviet historian sug-gested that a new assessment of the Prague Spring and its suppression by Warsaw Pact troops might now

The Prague Spring was an experiment that introduced, for a few months, greater economic and cultural freedoms and more open political debate in Czechoslovakia Mikhail S. Gorbachev is promoting in the Soviet Union many of the policies that ultimately led to Mr.

Dubcek's ouster from the Czechoslovak Communist Party. Mr. Dubcek, 65, also said in his message this week that he welcomed Moscow's efforts at change, according to Czechoslovak emigrés

m the West Besides Mr. Dubcek's letter, 20 former Czechoslovak officials who were purged after the Prague Spring also reportedly wrote to the international meeting of Commuinternational meeting of Communist and leftist parties taking place in Moscow for the anniversary.

Panels Fault Reagan on Contra Affair

A review of the 1968 Soviet crackdown in Prague, ordered in response to fears that Czechoslovakia's experiments were a threat to Communist rule and Soviet hegemony, could send an important sig-nal to Soviet allies in Eastern Europe. Western diplomats said.
But it also could destabilize the

grop of the Czechoslovak leaders who gamed power after the Soviet intervention, the diplomats said. The Czechoslovak leader, Gustav Husak, and a delegation of party officials flew home to Prague from Moscow on Thursday afternoon. They left before the Red

Square parade, the highlight of the anniversary festivities, which is scheduled for Saturday.

Mr. Husak, who assumed power after Mr. Dubcek was ousted, left a day after a Soviet historian, Georgi pirnov, director of the Institute of Marxism-Lemnism, said at a news conference that "I think there is a need to think over the events of

1968, the intervention."

By David E. Rosenbaum Hamilton, Democrat of Indiana, could not have been expected to New York Times Service the chairman of the House commit-WASHINGTON - The contee, said the report would contain "enormous detail" but "no major gressional committees on the Iran-

contra affair have approved a final report concluding that President Ronald Reagan was responsible for The main contention between allowing the normal processes of president knew that proceeds from government to be disregarded, arms sales to Iran were used to finance the Nicaraguan rebels. The Senate committee, at a Legislators said the report would

closed meeting on Thursday, state that no direct evidence was adopted the report by a 9-2 vote, found showing Mr. Reagan was with all six Democrats and three of The House of Representatives proved it by a straight party-line so many documents had been de-made by private operatives. stroyed. The report also will main-The report is scheduled to be tain that if the president did oot released Nov. 17. The Republicans know about it, he should have.

IN BERLIN, SOVIETS MARK REVOLUTION — Soviet soldiers marching Friday in

West Berlin past a T-34 tank that reached the city in 1945. The soldiers laid a wreath at the

Soviet World War II monument, marking the Bolshevik Revolution's 70th anniversary.

who opposed it plan to file their own dissenting report at the same The report and the dissent toknow about it if no one told him.

The two sides also differ over whether laws restricting aid to the contras, as the Nicaraguan rebels are called, applied to Lieutenant the two sides was over whether the Colonel Oliver L. North and the others on the staff of the National Security Council. The report will say the laws did apply; the Republican dissent will say they did not.

The majority report and the Re-publican dissent are in agreement aware of the diversion, but that the on many important points. Both matter could not be resolved be- will say, for instance, that it was cause some witnesses were uncoop- wrong to sell arms to fran and that erative or unbelievable and because government policy should not be

The Republican senators who voted for the majority report are Warren B. Rudman of New Hamp-In their dissent, the Republicans shire, William S. Cohen of Maine said they would maintain that the and Paul S. Trible Jr. of Virginia. evidence was conclusive in estab-lishing that the president did not report are Orrin G. Hatch of Utab gether are expected to rum about lishing that the president did not report are Orrin G. Hatch of Utah 500 pages. Representative Lee H. know of the diversion and that he and James A. McClure of Idaho.

Warsaw Questioning 8 Over Appeal for Boycott

By John Tagliabue
New York Times Service GDANSK, Poland - The Polish

authorities, apparently concerned over a Solidarity appeal for a boy-cott of a national referendum, have ordered eight people who signed the appeal, including Lech Walesa. to report for police questioning

The government condemned the Solidarity statement, saying it opposed Poland's interests. Solidarity leaders in Gdansk, where the appeal was signed Oct. 25, said the purpose of a union reorganization, announced at the same time, was to help the union come out into the open.

2 Bonn Aides Disagree on **Arms Cuts**

BONN - Cuts in short-range, or

hattlefield, nuclear weapons in Europe should out be linked to reductions in conventional forces, For-eign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher of West Germany said

We should not be prisoners to artificial links between different areas of disarmament," he said.

Western Europe, especially West
Germany, is threatened by Warsaw

Communist Party's Central Committee. "They say they want reform, then when we try to imple-Paci superiority in conventional

forces, chemical weapons and nuclear arms with a range of under 300 miles (about 500 kilometers), Mr. Genscher asserted.

But he added; "The elimination

of one imbalance facing the West should not be made dependent on righting another imbalance beforehand. Creation of stability in each individual area in the relationship of forces would benefit security."

The foreign minister's statement contradicted remarks by Defense Minister Manfred Worner, who said during a North Atlantic Treaty Organization Nuclear Planning Group meeting in Monterey, California, earlier this week that cuts in conventional forces should be the

top priority.

"If we make progress in this area, then we can also negotiate over short-range weapons, Mr. Womer

Two senior members of Chancellor Helmut Kohl's ruling conservative Christian Democratic Union appealed to Mr. Worner on Wedoesday to emphasize West Germany's special security inter-

clandestine temporary coordinating committee and an aboveground temporary union council and replaced them with a 10-member national executive council headed by Mr. Walesa.

"We want to come out into the open, we want to go public," an adviser to Mr. Walesa said.

IMr. Walesa said Friday that he had refused to discuss the outlawed union's new leadership structure when summoned for questioning. Reuters reported from Warsaw. "I refused to say anything and simply handed them our communique on the emergence of the national executive council, where everything is Solidarity leaders abolished the spelled out," he said.

> He said that he had been warned by the Gdansk authorities that he was obstructing their investigation, but that they had been courteous throughout the 30-minute session.]

The leading party official in Gdansk said party leaders were not troubled by the changes in Solidarity. "I don't think that beyond changing their name the group represents any new quality," the official, Stanislaw Bejger, said.

Mr. Bejger, a manager and spe-cialist in maritime industries, was brought in after martial law to pick up the pieces in Gdansk, which was a hotbed of Solidarity activity.

"These people are so changeable in their views, it is difficult to treat them as constructive partners," said Mr. Beiger, a member of the ment reform, they call for a slowing down and stopping participation in

The Sejm, the Polish parliament, has approved questions on which Poles are supposed to vote Nov. 29, indicating their support for changes in the way the economy is run and for greater popular say in

the way the country is governed.
The Communist leadership, worried about the unpopularity of its economic austerity program, which could produce drastically higher prices for consumer goods, is seeking to enlist the sympathy of a disaffected population through the referendum.

DEATH NOTICE

Homer M. BYINGTON Jr. A retired Foreign Service Officer and first American Ambassador to Malaya, now Malaysia, died of a heart attack at sea aboard the Vista Fjord on November t, 1987. He was 79 years old and was a resident of Soto Grande, Spain, He is survived by his wife, the former Jane McHarg: a son, Homer M. 3d, of New Vork City; two sisters; two brothers; and two grandchildren.

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A Centennial Message from the International Herald Tribune -

committee members said.

vote of 9-6.

the five Republicans in support.

panel, at a separate meeting, ap-



- As World War II

How the Dingbat Flew the Atlantic While Paris Was Being Liberated

NOTES ON A CENTURY

THE STARS AND STRIPES

neared its end, plans to restart the Paris Herald were drawn up by executives at the parent paper in New York. The author of this column describes his role in that endeavor. He later, in May 1945, joined the Trib as a rewrite man, became graphic arts editor in the early 1950s and stayed in that position until the paper suspended publication in 1966. He next went on to CBS News and then to Aviation
Week Price lives in semiretirement with his own advertising and public relations agency in Vermont.

By Ben Price

My first contact with the New York Herald Tribune was in May 1944, when during an Army assignment in Manhattan I stopped in at the Trib offices to meet Dick West and City Editor L.L. Engelking. In those days I was a master sergeant, an accredited correspondent and the ranking editor of the London edition of The Stars and Stripes, and I was back in New York briefly to open an S&S

The meeting wasn't accidental. Back in London, Geoffrey Parsons (then the Trib's London bureau chief and later editor of the European Edition) had suggested I stop in and see the New York staffers about a possible job there, after the war.

business manager. During our discussions, I mentioned that I would be going back to Europe as

publication there as quickly as possible, and the Herald Tubune plant ar 21 Rue de Berri had been "loaned" to us for

My orders to return to Europe came through not long before Paris fell, in Davis asked me to carry some Herald material along to Paris. He gave me a bronze cast of the old masthead dingbat and about six matrixes of Bodoni type faces for headlines, ranging from 12 pt. to 72 pt., in both roman and italic. I put this all in my barracks bag and boarded a plane back to London, en route to France.

About four weeks later, Paris fell and we were mans left behind some off. Among the first S&S army staffers involved in Paris were Robert Moora (for many years with the ney (who wound up with CBS news). Another was S&S civilian Everett knew how to get things year.

One of the Herald em- Walker, later a longtime done in Paris and helped ployees I met on that trip NYHT staffer. We met us out. was Howard Davis, then ar the Trib offices at 21

Rue de Berri. Mlle. Renec Brazier, the business manager, who'd kept an eye on the property during ed Press and United Press. soon as Paris fell to the the German occupation, greeted everyone at the Stripes planned to start front door. Some of us bodded down across the street in the Hotel California and others at the Hotel Haussmann.

I put aside Davis's material for Parsons, who was due to arrive soon to get the Herald in operation. But we used some of August 1944. Before I left, Bodoni typefaces, up to 36 pt., in Stars and Stripes.

Scripes began printing in September, and the Herald followed three months later. To avoid confusion between the two staffs, the city room was split in two: On one side of the wall were S&S people, on the other, the Herald staffers. Les Mideley arrived from New York to become news editor of the Herald.

The recreating Geruseful material. We put to good use an assortment getting Stripes rolling in of radio equipment, teletype machines, and other communications gear. NYHT) and Andy Roo Mile Brazier, though she was of course mostly concerned with the Herald.

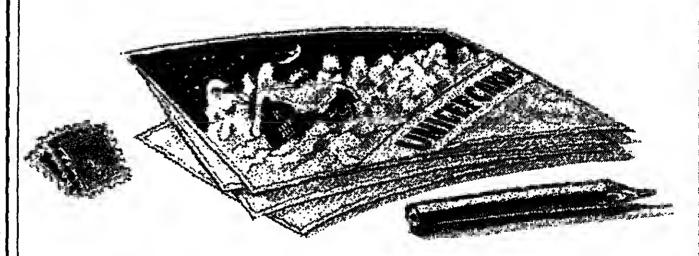
Phones to Paris Milirary were installed, with direct lines to the London bureaus of S&S, Associat-It was on one of those

phones that AP staffer Most Gudbrod transmitted the AP scoop on the end of the war with Germany in May 1945. Mort and I were good friends and I often let him use my office and phone to call London. And it was at my desk, at my phone, in the Paris Herald Building, that he called in the story to London AP Bureau Chief Bob Bunnelle on that great day the war

ended in Europe. The first day's edition of the Paris Herald, as I recall, sold out completely. And it's worth remembeing where that first day's newsprint came from. It was rurned over to the Trib by Stars and Stripes, which had confiscared a bargeload of German paper on the Rhine shortly beforehand.

This is the 37th in a series of messages about the IHT which will appear throughout the Centennial

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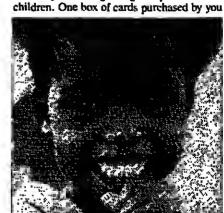
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can make a big difference. For instance, one card can provide enough money to give four children Oral Rehydration Salts to protect them from death by dehydration caused by diarrhoea. Fifty cards fund enough vaccine to protect 300 children from serious diseases.

And besides their very tangible benefits the children. Unicef Greeting Cards are always appreciated by friends for their high quality and distinctive designs.

So this Christmas give the card that credits everyone - you, your friends and most importantly the children. Your contribution will provide them not just with a food parcel for the day, but a survival kit for many years.

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U.S. Decision to Send **Stinger Missiles to Chad** Is Seen as Raising Ante

By Elaine Sciolino

WASHINGTON - The United States decision to supply Chad with Stinger missiles signals an increased American commitment to Chad in its conflict with Libya, according to Reagan administra-tion officials.

Until now, France, which pro-vides an air shield for most of Chad, has been the main supplier of arms to the Chadians.

Although the cost of the Stinger sale, \$2 million, is low, the weapon is expected to enhance significantly Chad's military strength at a time when Chad has expressed frustra-tion at France's reluctance to pro-

France has not formally protested the American sale, but it has expressed concern to Washington that the heat-seeking missile, a symbol of covert American support for American-backed insurgents in Angola and Afghanistan, could substantially step up the conflict between Chad and Libya.

France has supported international arbitration to resolve the dis-pute between Libya and Chad over the Aozou strip in northern Chad. But the American sale is expected to send a strong signal to Chad that the United States supports Chad's military goal of ousting Libyan troops from the area.

Under the accord, which was concluded in the last few weeks, Chad will become the first African

Spain Joins Nuclear Accord

tion Treaty on Thursday, becoming the 136th nation to promise not to develop or otherwise acquire nuclear explosive devices and to accept stances, such high-technology international safeguards on its nuclear installations.

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fired weapon. The deal provides for 24 Stinger missiles and 7 launchers.

A small U.S. Army team of instructors, technicians and maintenance personnel was sent to Ndjamena, the Chadian capital, within the last two weeks. Delivery of the missiles is expected to begin in about two weeks.

"In response to a continued air threat from Libya, the United States has decided to honor Chad's request for Stingers," a Pentagon orticlal said Thursday.

He added that the accord provided "a complete package, including training," but he declined to give further details.

The decision was made despite wide disagreement among American military and intelligence offi-cials over whether Chad needed the Stingers, and mounting concern that the weapon might become too widely available. The missile is mobile and accu-

rate. Its acquisition by the Afghan rebels last year has virtually stopped Soviet and Afghan air at-tacks during the day in regions of the country where the Stinger is believed to be available. According to some assessments, the Stinger has had a "kill ratio" of

about 80 percent against Soviet aircraft in the Afghan War.
"Clearly, the intent is to bring the Chadians up to the level of the Afghan rebels," a military analyst on Capitol Hill said. "Once the Chadians know how to use them, they will have a tremendous advan-

WASHINGTON — Spain cem on Capitol Hill that the misjoined the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty on Thursday, and the sale is likely to cause conjugate the nuclear Nonproliferation to the sale is likely to cause conjugate to the nuclear Nonproliferation to the sale is likely to cause conjugate to the nuclear Nonproliferation to the sale is likely to cause conjugate to the nuclear Nonproliferation to the nuclear Nonproliferation to the sale is likely to cause conjugate to the nuclear Nonproliferation to the n tage at a very low cost." Libya or its ally, Iran. It is also expected to revive a debate over whether, and under what circumveloping countries.

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EUROPEAN TOPICS

Belgium Considers Offshore Waste Island

The Belgian authorities have been conducting a confidential study on the feasibility of constructing an artificial island in the North Sea on which to dump industrial waste. Agalev, the Flemish ecologist party, discovered the plan and publicized it, embar-rassing regional and national officials and arousing protests from coastal towns. The ecologists called the project "senseless." Regional and national authori-

ties spousored the study, which recommended building a circular island, about two miles (three kiiometers) in diameter, on one of 14 sandbanks about 20 miles off the coast of some of Belgium's most popular beaches. The island would be surrounded by a wall up to 80 feet (25 meters) high and would include a dock for the unloading of waste-carrying barges. The island would cost 35 billion Belgian francs (\$980 million) to build. It would have a capacity of 200 million to 600 million tons of

waste, enough to last the Flan-ders region for 20 years. A spokesman for the Compag-nie François d'Entreprise, a civil engineering company involved in the study, said the plan was worth considering because there was little room for storing waste on the Flanders flatlands. No toxic or radioactive waste would be stored on the island, he said.

The study has been defended by Jan Lenssens, a Christian Democrat and the regional environment minister. But Miet Smet. a Christian Democrat who is junior environment minister in the national government, said she op-posed the plan. Louis Olivier, the national minister of public works, has not expressed an opinion.

Frankfurt Court Backs Center on Surrogacy

The first surrogate mother-bood center in West Germany, United Families International in Frankfurt, has won its first court

by the city authorities to close it because it is "trading in chil-

The center was ordered closed days after if opened Oct. 1. A branch of a U.S. surrogate motherhood organization, the center says it does not promote surrogate motherhood, but offers free advice about opportunities in the United States. West German adoption laws ban individuals and private organizations from acting as go-betweens for mothers and adoptive couples.

A Frankfurt court ruled that

the center could stay open because the city had not given suffi-cient evidence to close it down. The court said that although surrogate motherhood has been a controversial issue for years, it is

not regulated by law.

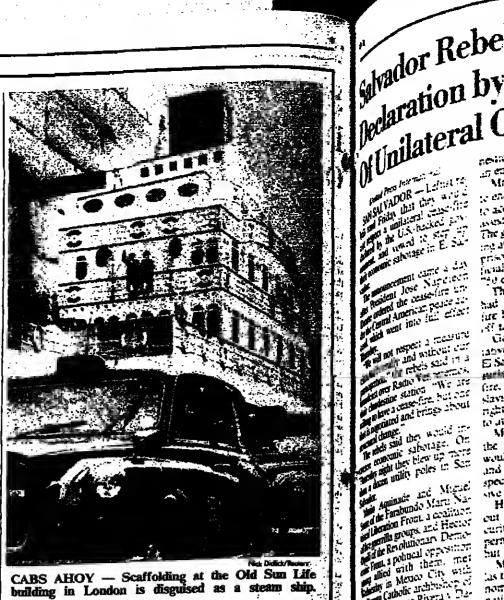
The opening of the center has drawn sharp opposition from politicians, religious authorities and feminists. Rita Sussmuth, federal minister of youth, family, women and health, called the center's activities "a serious affront to human dignity.

Around Europe

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has named the first Britsh ombodsman for security and intelligence services. The appointment of Sir Philip Woodfield, 64, a civil servant and former private secretary to three prime ministers, followed a series of charges that intelligence agents, bound by an oath of se-creey, had no outside channel for discussing their personal and professional problems. The government has been emharrassed by recent scandals. They include the case of Michael John Bettaney, a former counterespionage officer who was sentenced to 23 years in prison in 1984 for trying to sell secrets to the Soviet Union, and the controversy over "Spycatcher," the memoirs of Peter Wright, a former intelligence agent. The government bas

Italian art lovers who cannot an additional payment of 10 perbattle to stay open, despite efforts afford to buy a masterpiece can cent to 30 percent of its value.

banged the book in Britain.



company in Milan established by able, by Giovanni Battista Moroan Italian bank, Banca Nazionale ni, a 16th-century Italian artist, is del Lavoro, and by Gilberto Algranti, an Italian art expert and auction organizer, offers about 200 paintings for hire to individuals and organizations. The cost depends on the value of the painting and the length of time one wants to keep it. A customer can lease a work worth 10 million lira (about \$8,000), with the option to buy, at 282,300 lira a month over a 40-month period. The rental payments count toward eventual purchase. If the renter wishes to buy the work, however, there is

worth 1.2 billion lira.

In Goteborg, Sweden, female politicians posing as prostitutes have taken to the streets to warn men about the dangers of AIDS. About 15 city councillors and officials dressed in fishnet stock-ings and miniskirts walk the sidewalks at night to inform potential customers that they might catch acquired immune deficiency syndrome from prostitutes and pass it on to other partners. City officials said the campaign is to last. several months.

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Spain Vous to Act a a 170m 1 22e 1 at to their original demand on his throughout the talks and outdominue to do so. In return. bysid they have not orought up Amor U.S. naval base at Rota. kliž ar installations 2: Moron ad Zaragoza and nine other small-502 bases on Spanish soil. A high-ranking aide to Prime minister had explained his mine dearly to President Rea-# lega before the negotiations Nonetheless, the aide said,

of monators have persisted in bridge Spanish concessions on and concessions from Washing le government says it feels and MATO and remained use of the other U.S. in Spain are sufficient counbears to the disruption that

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The most valuable painting and able, by Giovanni Banista Mos ra, a 16th-century Italian aris, worth 1.2 billion bra

In Goteborg, Sweden, irmi-politicians posing as prosing have taken to the streets to wa men about the dangers of AIR About 15 city councillors and of ficials dressed in fishner and ings and miniskirts walk the sicustomers that they might care acquired immune deficiency of drome from prostitutes and page it on to other partners, City of cials said the campaign is to be reveral months

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Salvador Rebels Reject Declaration by Duarte Of Unilateral Cease-Fire

SAN SALVADOR - Leftist rebels said Friday that they would not respect a unilateral ocase-fire declared by the U.S.-backed government, and vowed to step up their economic sabotage in El Sal-

The announcement came a day after President José Napolcon Duarte ordered the cease-fire under the Central American peace accord, which went into full effect

We will not respect a measure taken unilaterally and without our participation, due rebeis said in a broadcast over Radio Venceremos, their clandestine station. "We are willing to have a cease-fire, but one that is negotiated and brings about

The rebels said they would in-percase economic sabotage. On Thursday night they blew up more than a dozen utility poles in San

Marie Mariande and Mignel Sainz of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front, a coalition of five guerrilla groups, and Hector Oquili of the Revolutionary Demo-cratic Front, a political opposition group allied with them, met Wednesday in Mexico City with the Roman Catholic archbishop of San Salvador, Arturo Rivera y Da-

"We told Rivera y Damas that we will continue the dialogue when conditions are right, and then the dialogue will be in Mexico City," they said Thursday.

■ End to Aid Urged William Branigin of The Wash-ington Post reported from San Sal-

Mr. Duarte, declaring the government's unilateral cease-fire, called on Soviet bloc and other countries to stop aiding the rebels, in accord with the Central American peace plan.

The accord, signed Aug. 7 in Guatemala by the presidents of Nicaragua, El Salvador, Honduras,

BASES:

(Continued from Page 1)

stuck to their original demand on

would continue to do so. In return,

and Zaragoza and nine other small-

bases in Spain are sufficient coun-

terparts to the disruption that

would be caused by redeploying

Mr. González won approval for Spain's membership in NATO in a

referendum in March 1986 largely

on a promise to stay out of the NATO military command and to reduce the U.S. military presence in

the country.

Since then, his government has chosen the F-16s at Torrejon as a measure of that reduction, pointing

out that they are the only combat forces on Spanish soil.

the F-16s outside Spain.

er U.S. bases on Spanish soil.

an end to foreign aid for rebels. Mr. Duarte announced measures to encourage the Salvadoran rebels assistance and humanitarian aid. The government was to start releasing at least 424 accused rebels from prison Friday, and government oflicials estimated that as many as 750 eventually may go free. The Salvadoran leader said be

had ordered the unilateral ceasefire because the rebels had broken off talks on a negotiated truce.

Government and read represen-tanves held peace talks Oct. 4-5 in El Salvador and met again in Venezuela to try to negotiate a ceasefire, but the rebels, protesting the slaying Oct. 26 of a leftist human rights commission leader, refused to attend a meeting last week. Mr. Duarte said that as part of

the cease-fire, the armed forces would suspend the use of artillery and attack aircraft unless it was pecifically authorized for defensive action

He said the military would carry out "actions of protection and socurity" in conflict zones with units nently based in the zones, but he did not elaborate. Mr. Duarte called on the guerril-

las to stop all military actions, economic sabotage, terrorism, assassi-nations, extortion and kidnappings of military and civilian officials. The rebels continued Thursday

to enforce a transportation strike to protest the killing of Herbert Anaya, head of the Human Rights Commission of Salvador.

Citing the peace plan's prohibitions against foreign aid to insurgencies, Mr. Duarte called on Nicaragua, Cuba, Libya, East Germany, Vietnam and the Soviet Union to "respect" the accord and stop aiding the rebels. The government has long ac-

cused Cuba and Nicaragua of providing military and logistical aid to the rebels, and U.S. officials say some captured rebel weapons have been traced to U.S. stocks left be-Guatemala and Costa Rica, calls hind in Vietnam. The rebels deny for simultaneous cease-fires, am- receiving outside military support.

ACCORD: Indirect Talks Proposed (Continued from Page 1) tional Reconciliation Commission, decree, which has been in effect for which is responsible for overseeing

six years, many political and civil compliance with the accord. rights are restricted. One member of the commission, The total amnesty, according to Mauricio Diaz Davila, who repre-a statement issued by Mr. Ortega's sents opposition parties, called the office, would apply to everyone government's new willingness to convicted of violating the public security law, under which thousands of Nicaraguans have been gut the said the government had convicted of anti-Sandinist acts. The first news of the govern-

House Approves Aid Neil A. Lewis of The New York PRESS: before Mr. Ortega's speech, at a meeting of the four-member NaTimes reported from Washington:

The U.S. House of Representa- The Good News day in aid for the contras through

Spain Vous to Act. The funds are not to be used for arms. A similar measure is expect-The funds are not to be used for ed to be approved by the Senate. Democratic opponents of further aid to the rebels have said they will oppose any aid beyond Dec. 16.

he F-16s throughout the talks and The money approved Thursday was included in a resolution that they said, they have not brought up the major U.S. naval base at Rota, the U.S. air installations at Moron continues spending for government programs at the same levels as last year. The resolution was required to finance the operation of the federal government, since no budget has been agreed on.

A high-ranking aide to Prime Minister Felipe González said the prime minister had explained his position clearly to President Rontion to a spending resolution for the rest of the fiscal year, through the end of September. That resoluald Reagan before the negotiations began. Nonetheless, the aide said, U.S. negotiators have persisted in tion contains no money for the conexpecting Spanish concessions on tras. An aide to the Democratic the F-16s in return for the proleadership said a vote on the secposed concessions from Washingond resolution is expected in the next several weeks and could turn into a showdown on whether to cut The government says it feels Spain's membership in NATO and off aid to the contras for good. the continued use of the other U.S.

■ 19 Killed in Guatemala

Thirteen Guatemalan government soldiers and six leftist guerrillas were killed early Friday in a clash in the western province of Quiche, Agence France-Presse reported from Guatemala City, quoting official sources.

It was the first major lighting reported in Guatemala since the Central American peace plan, signed Ang. 7 in Guatemala City, went into effect. Last month government and rebel representatives radio stations for their informaheld inconclusive talks in Madrid.

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A soldier on patrol in northern El Salvador hours after the Duarte government declared a cease-fire in the civil war.

(Continued from Page 1)

that he smoked marijuana once as a college student in the 1960s and on

In a statement issued Thursday,

"a few occasions" in the 1970s.

Judge Ginsburg said: "Earlier to-day, I was asked whether I had ever

used drugs. To the best of my recol-

fection. Once as a college student in

the '60s, and then on a few occa-

sions in the 70s, I used marijuana.

That was the only drug I ever used.

I have not used it since. It was a

U.S. Is Assailed

(Continued from Page 1)

dence that Americans were directly

involved in the Philippine govern-

ment's drive against the insurgen-

But recent stepped-up criticisms

the American government from

and in the Central Committee's

monthly newsletter Ang Bayan, or

Our Country, have suggested that the longstanding policy not to tar-

get Americans was about to

be angered by the U.S. govern-ment's increased delivery of weap-ons and supplies to the Philippine

Shortly before the three Ameri-

government turned over to the Philippines 10 armored personnel

cred 100 radios, 150 new trucks,

and 61,000 pairs of combat boots.

The U.S. ambassador, Nicholas

Platt, told foreign reporters on Oct. 23 that "we're trying to speed up the delivery of this equipment and

its actually coming."
Mr. Ocampo, in his statement,

Intelligence Agency, and the State

Department for "mercilessly push-ing to intensify the level of violence inflicted upon our people." He also accused Mrs. Aquino of

"brazen collaboration with the

U.S. interventionists, in total disre-

There has also been growing con-

The American Embassy had no

The embassy has already been

from Manila's notorious Ermita tourist belt and specifically away

from the popular go-go bars fre-quented by foreigners.

bat gear around the bases.

military.

mistake, and I regret it."

Iceberg Breaks Off From Antarctica Shoreline Is Altered by Loss of 100-Mile-Long Mass

Los Angeles Times Service LOS ANGELES — An iceberg nearly 100 miles long has broken loose from Antarctica, dramatically altering the frozen shoreline where Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd established his Little America base camp nearly six decades ago, the National Science Foundation has report-

The iceberg broke off from the Ross lee Shelf along the Bay of Whales, Scientists at the Mc-Murdo Station, about 450 miles (728 kilometers) away, said the iceberg was so big that its departure would eliminate the bay as a geological feature.

"The size of the iceberg in hu-man terms is staggering." Guy G. Guthridge, an official with the foundation, said Thursday in announcing the discovery, which was confirmed by satellite photos. "If you could somehow transport it to California and melt it, it would supply all the water needs of Los Angeles for the next 675 years."

The iceberg was believed to be 98 miles long and about 25 miles wide, giving it an area of 2,450 square miles (6,340 square kilo-

leebergs often break off from Antarctica, but officials said this chunk represents two to three times the normal amount of ice that breaks free in a year.

"That's a biggie," said James H. Zumberg, president of the University of Southern California and an expert on the Antarcrica ice fields. "It's probably the largest in recent time."

It is not likely to pose much of a problem for ships, he noted. because "it's large enough for the ships to see it."

Scientists at the McMurdo Station were tracking the iceberg, but its size means that it will move very slowly as it eases south. In most cases, even the largest icebergs melt before they become a navigational hazard. according to Barclay Kamb, provost at the California Institute of Technology in Pasadena, Cali-fornia, and a geologist who specializes in the glacial sciences.

The wind is the primary agent" that drives all icebergs, Mr. Kamb said, "but they don't move fast because they are so extensive and so deeply rooted in the ocean.

The National Science Foundation estimated Thursday that the recently discovered iceberg was at least 750 feet thick, and about 90 percent of that would hang below the surface, thus minimiz ing the driving force of the

The Ross Ice Shelf, a giant sheet of floating ice from which the iceberg broke off, extends down from the rocky mainland

of Texas," which has a land area of 262,970 square miles, according to Mr. Zumberg, a glaciolo-gist who has studied the ice shelf

since 1957. Byrd, an explorer who is credited as the first man to fly over the North and South Poles, established his Little America base

camp on the shelf during an ex-

pedition in 1928. "The ice shelf itself is moving out to sea," Mr. Zumberg said, adding that it was being pushed by two glaciers on the mainland 'As the tides and the waves and the movement continues, those chunks break off and float out to

He described Antarctica as "the birthplace of most of the icebergs in the world." The other primary source is Greenland, but the two regions produce very different icebergs. The icebergs from Greenland are rugged and mountainous, he said, whereas those from Antarctica are flat.

Mr. Kamb said that icebergs usually remain near the coast of Antarctica, but that that has not always been the case.

In 1978, an iceberg was deemed a hazard to the few ships that cross the South Atlantic, more than a decade after it broke off from Antarctica. Warmer waters eventually melted the ice-

South Africa Executes 3, Ignores Plea From the UN

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatche PRETORIA - Three blacks, including an anti-apartheid activist were hanged Friday in a Pretoria jail despite a United Nations Security Council plea for clemency for one of them.

The three had been convicted of

Mlungisi Luphondo, 21, a member of an activist youth movement, was found guilty of having taken in the April 1986 killing of Patrick Jacobs, consul-general of the nominally independent black homeland of Ciskei, and a woman who was with him.

A spokesman for the Justice Ministry, Pieter Durandt, said Friday that there was nothing political about Mr. Luphondo's crime. He said that Mr. Luphondo and three other black youths were trying to steal Mr. Jacobs's car. On Thursday, the Security Council urged Pretoria to spare

Mr. Luphondo to "avoid further aggravating the situation in the country.

The two others hanged Friday were common criminals, Mr. Dur-

The three executions brought to 131 the number of people hanged in South Africa since the beginning of the year. The total included 84 blacks, 41 of mixed race and six

Meanwhile, the South African government reiterated Friday that remarks by a black nationalist prisoner freed after 23 years in prison could not be quoted

Justice Minister H.J. Coetsee upholder of law and order has adwarned reporters that nothing that Govan Mbeki said could be record-Moreover, one of the experts ed or published because he is a said, Mr. Ginsburg is emerging as a man with "a lifestyle not much to the liking of Ronald Reagan's conmember of the Communist Party, a banned organization. Mr. Coetsee anthorized an ex-

emption for Mr. Mbeki's news conference following his release on Thursday, but said it would remain in force from now on. Mr. Mbeki, 77, embraced his

wife on Friday for the first time since he and Nelson Mandela, were imprisoned for life in 1964 on charges of treason. Both men are leaders of the outlawed African National Congress.

On Thursday, Mr. Mbeki said he remained committed to the ideals of the ANC, of the South African Communist Party and of the ANC's military wing, Umkhonto Americans from age 37 to 47 have we Sizwe, or Spear of the Nation, (AFP, UPI)

COURT: Ginsburg Acknowledges Marijuana Use but Reagan Stands by Him

Labor Threat

(Continued from Page 1) ernment was unable to take any action to meet the labor group's demands. The government has faced a political deadlock since January 1986, when President Amin Gemayel refused to sign a Syrian-sponsored peace pact among fighting militias.

The strike caps months of protests by warring Christian and Moslem communities, united only in their demand for government action to deal with the economic crisis, its worst since Lebanon gained independence from France A sharp decline in the value of REBELS:

the Lebanese pound against for-cign currencies has sent prices soaring in a nation that imports at least percent of its needs. Moderate leaders attribute the currency depreciation to the gov-

eroment's inability to collect taxes and fees for public services in the militia-ruled nation. (AP, NYT, Reuters)

(Continued from Page 1)

being off drugs. Suddenly you quit and at first it's difficult and then you say, Wow, this is great." The public's reaction, though, is

also a reflection of its attitude to- cans were slain at Clark, the U.S. ward — or more appropriately its exhaustion with — both Israeli journalists and politicians, Mr. El- carriers, and more recently deliv-He said most Israelis long ago

stopped expecting anything new from their leaders, concluding that the peace process was dead and the domestic political situation was deadlocked Once the resolution is passed, Although the state-owned Israe-Congress is likely to turn its attenli radio and television have almost criticized the Pentagon, the Central

a monopoly on the broadcasting of Hebrew and Arabic-language in-formation and entertainment in Isracl. Israelis are by no means cut off from the world The army's radio station, Galei

Zahal, is still operating and gives a Hebrew news bulletin every hour. gard of the tragic consequences and the nation's sovereign rights." All the newspapers are still being published. And Israelis can find some entertainment on their televi- cern, voiced mainly by congressiosion screens by adjusting their antennas to pick up the new experimental channel in Israel, as well as Jordanian, Cypriot, Egyptian or Americans conduct patrols in com-Lebanese television.

But this creates its own problems. Israeli military officials are initial comment on the latest statebusy trying to find a way to resume ment the Arabic-language radio and television broadcasts because Arabs in advising Americans to exercise ex-the Israeli-occupied West Bank treme causion and to stay away and Gaza Strip are now listening exclusively to anti-Israeli Arabic

Mr. Reagan would be forced to who was in the Justice Department said that the president and his contally important to the fight against

"They're going to have to seri-ously consider whether they have a major problem," said Senator Warren B. Rudman, Republican of New Hampshire, who voted for Judge Robert H. Bork, the presi-dent's first nominee. He added: Quite frankly, they've had a problem from day one.

Some Republican senators sought to minimize the impact of Senators were split on whether the disclosure.

> chairman of the National Republi- dent at the University of Chicago can Senatorial Committee. According to a Justice Depart-ment official, every automey hired

> in recent years must answer in writ-ing or in an interview whether he good Marshall of the Supreme has ever used illegal drugs.

The official said that a deputy lower-level Communist officials attorney general, D. Lowell Jensen,

withdraw a nominee whose confirment of the Senate manon he has championed as "vi1984 as deputy assistant attorney now faced a difficult problem. A general for regulatory affairs, was maniacal" about not hiring any lawyers who acknowledged having

> Federal law makes it a crime to make a false statement to federal officials on such questionnaires. It could not be determined whether Judge Ginshurg was re-quired to answer such a question-

It was not clear whether the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which is conducting a background investi-"It's a sad day if we're going to gation in connection with his nomireject a man because he took a few nation, had asked Judge Ginsburg puffs of marijuana," said Senator if he had ever used illegal drugs.

Rudy Bosebwitz of Minnesota, Judge Ginsburg was a law stu-

from 1970 to 1973, after which he served as a law clerk in Washington, first for the U.S. Court of Ap-Court. From 1975 to 1983, he taught at Harvard Law School.

stituency In addition to using marijuana, the nominee once ran a computerized dating service and married a woman who had performed abortions while in medical school. Taken together, the three elements form a picture that may be particu-

man Mr. Reagan has praised as an

mitted to repeated illegal acts.

larly unpopular among conserva-Mr. Reagan and his wife have crusaded against drug use, and so has Mr. Meese, the man who persuaded the president to pick Judge

Ginsburg. Federal government surveys show that about one third of all smoked marijuana at least once. which he belped to found Republican political analysts Judge Ginsburg is 41.

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in Massachusetts, spent several years combing through the paper's archives, interviewing its personnel (both active and retired) and then assembling a vast range of materials into a history that reads like biography—the life story of a venerable but still rapidly changing institution.

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in the 1940's, its transformation into a global newspaper in more recent years. Robertson's compelling narrative is written with an acute sense of history and a flair for telling detail. Complete with photos, this is a book you will be proud to own and fascinated to read.

Hardcover, 472 pages, 23 black-and-white photos. Published by Cohumbia University Press (New York).

Contemporary Sales Hearten Dealers

TEW YORK — Is the art market crisis? One is entitled to ask the question in view of the astonishing performance of the two leading New York auction houses with their Contemporary Art sales this

On Tuesday night, Christic's sold 50 works of art in a single session that included 64 lots, for \$7,790,200. Only 14 lots found no tie's, while the president, Christobuyer above their reserves resulting in a relatively moderate 23.4 percent failure rate in value. Dealers were pleased but held their breath. The big sale was coming up on Wednesday at Sotheby's with 96 works of far greater impact. During the night, the Tokyo Stock Ex-change went down 13 percent. On Wednesday Wall Street ended 18 points below the previous day.

Yet, by the time Sotheby's sale came to its close, 80 of the 96 lots had been sold for \$17,661,600, with

change news, the Contemporary Art market was bouncing back.

Figures provide only part of the picture, so to speak. The crowds attending the sales were at least as revealing. The two anction houses were more packed than ever at any Contemporary Art sale. At Chrispher Burge, was conducting the sale in one room, the executive vice president, François Curiel, was doubling up in the other, shouting back bids over the loudspeaker. At Sotheby's on Wednesday, the huge main room was filled to ca-

And yet while the interest generated by the two Contemporary Art sales was enormous, the going was sticky. Christie's auction was the more difficult of the two. There were fewer very desirable pieces.

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that Contemporary Art was being glamorous provenance, the Hirshtested on the open market since horn Museum and Sculpture Gar-Black Monday, Oct. 19. Even the den. It set a record for Glarner at most experienced dealers were con- \$154,000, doubling the high estivinced that its previous success was largely tied to new money made on the stock exchange. Therefore, the

SOUREN MELIKIAN

crisis was bound to take its toll. Tension was high as Burge opened the precedings. Yet within minutes, it became clear that the worst would be spared. Lot 1, a delightful stainless steel structure by George Rickey titled "Wild Carrot," which does, indeed, look like a stylized metallic plant, was sold for \$13,200, 20 percent helow the low estimate. Then came Milton Avery's enchanting landscape in watercolor on paper, "Dappled Hills," which is a kind of distant offshoot of Fauve art in a light-hearted mood with a touch of contrived naïveté. That went for \$33,000, the low estimate. "Indian Heat," a minor painting by Robert

Motherwell, sold closer to the high estimate at \$19,800, and a standing mobile by Alexander Calder, "Over the Blue Tent," executed in 1960, was bought over the telephone for \$82,500, 40 percent above the high estimate. As a Sam Francis "Abstraction," dated 1956, sold for \$209,000, Burge began to relax. The Andre Emmerich gallery acquired a Hans Hofmann for \$66,000, the high estimate, giving the impression that galleries were stepping in to support the market. Then came the first bad patch three works in a row elicited no response. Hans Hofmann's "Two Pyramids," a bold abstraction in red, hive and green, dated 1952, remained unsold as the hammer fell at \$100,000, 50 percent below the estimate. Also unsold were a Joseph Cornell and a Robert Mother-

Burge went slightly pink, gulped and made a visible effort to pull himself together. A good, if small-ish, abstract Jackson Pollock, "Number 26, 1949," exhibited in the retrospective held at the Museum of Modern Art here and at the Los Angeles County Museum of Art in 1967, sold, but only just, for \$286,000. By the time the auction reached the first important painting, Francis Bacon's 'Figure with 2 Owls," painted in 1963 and which has been seen in major exhibitions, a cautious mood had settled in, ft was only hy reducing the succeed-ing bids from \$100,000 to \$50,000 each that Burge got away with the Bacon at \$1.32 million.

Characteristically, those attending responded to low-priced works that carried household names, such quality abstract landscape by Milton Avery, "Red Sun," dated 1957. It is not the kind of Avery sought by conventional buyers.

The search for "safe" art was

verified several times. Hofmann's "Reflection," dated 1957, for ex- six orphans remain. ample, a purely abstract work in intense short strokes of yellow, red, graph on the artist. And it was seen sword restored or recreated. last fall in an important exhibition The 8-month-old Adopt-aon Philadelphia collectors of contemporary art at the Philadelphia Museum of Art. It made a high

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a 21 percent failure rate in value. Above all, this was the first time was pushed to a maximum by its The collapse that so many dreaded that Contemporary Art was being glamorous provenance, the Hirsh-

At the same time, buyers were blatantly reluctant to follow high reserves, which, as the dealer André Emmerich remarked, were set carlier on the basis of the May sales when the sky was the limit and everything would be worth more tomorrow." An important early Pollock of 1951, much exhibited, often reproduced in art books and illustrated on the catalogue cover, failed to sell at \$180,000, 50 percent below the low estimate. A Morris Louis missed its reserve by just one bid at \$280,000. Most significantly, several works sold on just one bid against the reserve.

Had Curiel not pleaded, "Can I have half a bid, please?" over the loudspeaker, Burge would not have got away with Bacon's "Study for Portrait of P. L. No. 1," sold for

When John Marion ascended his 18th century style auctioneer's pul-pit at Sotheby's the next day, the mood of curiosity mixed with concern was almost physically palpa-ble. There was none of the bubbling effervescence so noticeable in May when Contemporary Art was reaching its all-time high. The sale, which began with the leftovers of deceased dealers' estates, could easily have ended in failure. There was a surfeit of Willem de Kooning's bronzes, never the easiest things to sell, with their dark concretions halfway between a human figure and a tree stump. Only one of these failed. A confused noodlelike composition, "Untitled 1," done in 1978, went up to \$374,000, below the low estimate but still a handsome price. A particularly un-attractive "Standing Figure" cast in 1984 realized a miraculous \$132,000. An infectiously optimistic mood started to spread, contaminating even professionals, one of

The huge painting, neither well composed nor particularly remarkism bureau posters with pretensions to modernity. It left hardened brilliant. But probably little more professionals as goggle-eyed and gape-mouthed as the shoal of fishes any moment.

in the upper corner. The next lot, Joan Mitchell's "Pour Patou," a random succession of hlobs of green, white and blue that stops only because a painting has to stop omewhere, established a record for the artist at \$77,000. A monumental de Kooning bronze, "Seat-ed Woman," cast in 1984, 147 inches long and 120 inches high (about 373 by 305 centimeters), might very well have been stranded. Sotheby's wisely let the bidder have it at \$352,000, way below the low esti-mate of \$495,000.

That auspicious start set the pace. Six of the next seven lots sold -all Dubuffets from the collection of Hope and Abraham Melamed. As the third and main part of the

auction proceeded, one could sense the mood being turned around from anxious reserve to cautious emphoria. Robert Rauschenbeg's "Backwash" sold for a record \$774,000. There was a sudden pick-up with three works "passed" one after the other, but Mark Rothko's abstract painting No. 21 (1949) sold for \$616,000, whereas the artist's related composition — but in cold colors — had failed the day before at Christie's. A Jackson Pollock done around 1948, not unlike marbled paper on a huge scale, shot up to \$1.21 million. The most expensive Elisworth Kelly realized \$319,000, and a small de Kooning "Woman (Green)" hrought \$2,035,000. It apparently sold at only one half bid - \$55,000 over the reserve, but it sold. A Morris Louis, "Castor and Pollux," set a record at \$495,000. It consists of nine vertical color strokes.

Towards the end Richard Estes' "Bus Reflections," a purely photographic interpretation of an urban landscape, drew timid applause from the room as it climbed to its record for the artist -\$484,000 and sniggers from all the dealers I spoke to. But when it came to accounting for the sale process, many were speechless. "We couldn't have done it," a partner of André Em-merich's told me, though the André whom paid \$385,000 for de Kooning's "Untitled V," as full of vihrating energy in its swaying strokes as the previous "Untitled I" ers have — a fact that must be nembered when assessing Soth-His move may have goaded the eby's feat. The difference is that at next buyer who set a record as he the anction bidders seemed to lose paid \$396,000 for Malcolm Morary sense of proportion. They active's "Day Fishing in Heraklion." ed as if they wanted to forget. They played with their paddles and John composed nor particularly remark-able for its craftsmanship or its great auction wizard that he is was brushwork, is reminiscent of tour- the best ever, directed the classroom as he saw fit. Brilliant, just

as Alexander Calder's "Effet de Rouge Mobile," sold at a whopping \$121,000, but shunned an excellent Monumental Orphans

New York Times Service

New York — Thirteen mon-nance.

Statues of Peter Cooper and put up for private adoption last Henry Ward Beecher have also

green and blue went well. It is having been cleaned and waxed illustrated in S. Hunter's mono- and buffed, with spurs, rein and

The 8-month-old Adopt-a-Monument program, run by the private Municipal Art Society and the city Parks and Recreation Department

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SATURDAY

spring have found benefactors, but been restored, as has an abstract ax orphans remain. sculpture titled "Alamo."
An equestrian bronze "Joan of But the James Gordon Bennett

By far the most ambitious pledge has come from the Columbus Citi-

price, at \$330,000. Later Fritz and Art Commission, allows indi-Glarner's "Relational Painting," viduals, corporations or founda-an offshoot of Mondrian's work, tions to adopt a statue by paying 72-year-old Joan of Arc sculpture.

Bacon's "Figure with 2 Owls," painted in 1963, fetched \$1.32 million.

Renaissance in Berlin

By David Galloway

BERLIN — When recession slowed the wheels of German industry at the end of the 1970s, a number of ambitious urban renewal projects were shelved. One happy consequence was the reappraisal chronically suffers first from budget cuts, alternative uses are increasingly being found for existing spaces.

Instead of a costly new huilding, the avant-garde collection of Peter Ludwig, presented to the city of Aachen, will be housed in a former umbrella factory. Bonn's ambitious Kunstverein recently found new quarters in a renovated flower market. Dortmund's latest museum occupies a neoclassical savings bank. A private initiative called "New Art in Hamburg" has converted a factory into a dramatic, open interior space for contemporary art. Hannover has a thriving cultural center in a former distillery.

The architects Peter Busmann and Godfrid Ha-

berer, who designed Cologne's grandiose Wallraf-Richartz/Museum Ludwig, doubt they will see such assignments again in the near future. Today, the two architects are rebuilding the interior of Wuppertal's decrepit Von der Heydt Museum. "Such projects." says Busmann, "are an appropriate task for the end of the century.'

Of all this artful recycling, no project has stimulated such contagious urban energy as Berlin's Pels-Leusden Gallery. At Fasanen Strasse 24 and 25, only a few steps from the busiling Kurfürstendamm, stand a pair of meticulously restored villas. They are among the few survivors of what counted, in the early 20th century, as one of the city's most cosmopolitan

neighborhoods.

When the architect Hans Griesbach raised the slender six-story house there in 1891, many Berliners were nent at Columbus Circle. scandalized. He had planted the uarrow structure to abut the sidewalk and leave room for an extensive garden in the rear. In doing so, he set an example for the "modern" townhouses that would soon spread throughout the area known as Charlottenburg - "the

new west," as it was then called. Despite its historie significance, the war-damaged villa was repeatedly scheduled for demolition, then given a hrief reprieve. A motley assortment of temporary tenants did nothing to improve the building's condition, ft was ultimately boarded up while speculators considered possible uses for the property. Meanthill consequently in the property. while, conservationists launched a vigorous campaign, which persuaded the powerful Deutsche Bank to

which persuaged the powerful.

The Villa Grieshach and its temple-like neighbor were acquired by the hank and restored as a gift to the city. Griesbach's masterpiece was opened last year as the new home of the Pels-Leusden Gallery, while the adjacent property accommodates a Käthe Kollwitz Museum. Hans Pels-Leusden has long focused his activities on the German Expressionists and it is principally his private collection that fills the museum. In these expanded quarters, the gallery program has in these expanded quarters, the gallery program has a smorgasbord in which only a tew isotation in which only a tew isotation in the master.

The next sale, on Dec. 11-12, includes a Picasso from 1899 and an exquisite work by Franz Marc from 1913. These "plums," Schultz insiste work by Franz Marc from 1899 and an exquisite work by Franz Marc from 1899 and an exquisite work by Franz Marc from 1899, and an exquisite work by Franz Marc from 1899 and an exquisite work by Franz Marc from 1899, and an exquisite work In these expanded quarters, the gallery program has advanced to include contemporary artists. "The new thrust was dictated by the house itself,"

says Bernd Schultz, who began working for the gallery in 1965 when he was a student. Today, he directs its commercial activities, supervises its auction house, and each fall arranges an antiques fair at Berlin's Orangerie, "It was utopian," says Schultz, "10 think we could fill six floors with the kind of works by Klee or Nolde or Beckmann that we were used to offering."

A pair of ingenious exhibitions inaugurated the new

A VIDAL-QUADRAS: Portroits shows for the German Ter Hell and the American George Rickey soon followed.

That savvy and unfailing sense for quality have also

David Gallot
guided the latest venture into the auction market.

West Germany.



1891, has been meticulously restored.

Twice a year, Peis-Leusden stages a two-day sale: at before 1945, then art after 1945. Five German dealers have pooled their resources to offer what they feel is a distilled, selective offering of first-class pieces, rather than a smorgasbord in which only a few isolated items

gest auction house offers a full refund of purchase price and commission.

The project inspired the city of West Berlin to rescue another ailing villa whose garden adjoins the Kathe Kollwitz Museum. The Literature House incorporates a bookshop, a hall for poetry readings, guest quarters for visiting writers, and a tasty "wintergar-den" cafe whose specialties include a "Hemingway salad." Boutiques and galleries have also been moving into the Fasanen Strasse. The architect Hans Griesquariers and pointed the shift in course. The house hach, who favored new solutions to old problems, was filled with "masterpieces"—one for each year in the life of the house, from 1891 to 1986. One-man the life of the house, from 1891 to 1986. One-man

David Galloway is a writer and professor based in

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Space Flig Soviet official assert

PEACEPUL Soviet space programs have been un temmental for years Various foreign so en alle contes the to premare and carry ou abiobanic exhautients are in med to participate in the tr mach programs on board Sovie spacement For more truen 2 tes the Institution of Council of the USSR Academic of Sc once has been arranging into national space projects. The Intercognes program

alone embraces the manual traces bas of the Council of Munu Bonomic Assistance, and cover our 100 searchises code ments that were current cour a ording to this program of board 40 spacecraft Citizens : these countries and from France India and Some visited the Sovi space station Suitate an extremely program of joint sciencist stuis being fulfilled during ear

Peaceful Ambitions The last internacional spo highe occurred 12 years ag

when the Soviet spacecas Sonuz docked with the Arms After the successful Sour Apollo mission. Soviet as American scientists started d or surretord mind Surset patiermed on board the Sox which station Saljut regent with the space shurde. The

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to shally for more than 20 ve want to the continuency of on performed and their res part countributed coasicerspir

USSR:NEW APPROACH TO FOREIGN TRADE



"We have great plans for developing our economy, science and rechnology. To achieve this, we'd like to use to a maximum extent the additional opportunities provided by international cooperation. This may involve major long-term projects as well as a great number of medium- and even minor-scale deals that could interest both giant and small and medium-sized businesses."

1963, fetched \$1.32 million

Berlin

Willia Griesbach, shown as # !

1991, has been meticuloush !

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- Mikhail Gorbachev

Soviet Land: 70 Years

EVENTY years ago — November 7, 1917 (October 25 according to the old Russian calendar) - the Grear October Revolution triumphed in Russia. The working class together with the most impoverished part of the peasantry set up the world's first

The past seventy years have seen the country's rapid social and economic progress. In the years of Soviet government, socialist industrialización, collectivization of agriculture, scientific and technological progress have brought about radical changes in the national economy. Since 1977, labor productivity in the national economy rose by 1.3 times and industrial output by 1.5 times. The production of some 29,000 new types of machines, equipment, instruments and appliances was launched. This helped to broaden the use of low- and non-waste, energyand material-saving technol-

Modern branches and production spheres were established or further developed thanks to the application of scientific discoveries. Among these were space technology, nuclear engineering, electronic and microelectronic industries, laser technology and the production of synthetic diamonds and other materials. The USSR has become a world leader in the man-

ufacture of several key industrial products.

Capital construction has atrained vast proportions. The world's biggest projects have been built, including nuclear, hydraulic and thermal power plants, high-capacity iron and steel works, giant Volzhsky and Kama moror works. Oil and coal deposits have been opened up in the Fir North and in Siberia, pipelines and extra-high voltage transmission lines have been strung out across the coun-

More than 131 million people make up the country's workforce in the public sector.

The USSR now ranks first in Europe and second in the world in the output of industrial products. The Soviet Union accounts for a fifth of world industrial production. The USSR leads the world in the production of oil, coal and iron ore, output of iron and steel, production of mineral fertilizers, cement, sawn timber and some other goods.

In previous years, the country's economic growth was ensured mainly by drawing new labor and natural resources into the economic turnover. However, in the course of years the effectiveness of extensive methods decreased, which made it necessary to place emphasis on intensive development.

Careful analysis of the existing situation produced the con-

cept of accelerating the country's social and economic development on the basis of intensive growth of the economy and the advancement of science and rechnology. The 27th CPSU Congress approved the Guidelines for the Economic and Social Development of the USSR for 1986-1990 and for the Period Ending in 2000. The provisions of this document lay down the strategy of the country's development in the next 15 years.

The concept of intensification envisages a nearly 2-fold growth of the national income, and a 2.3- to 2.5-fold rise in labor productivity by the year 2000. The guidelines set the important social tasks of achieving a 1.6- to 1.8-fold increase in the real income per capita of the population, a 2-fold increase in social consumption funds and a 1.8-fold increase in state and cooperative trade numover.

Special importance is atrached to the development of the country's engineering complex. By 1990 it is planned to step up the output of engineering industry products by 43 percent with a general increase in industrial output by 25 percent. This is to be achieved by making maximum use of available capacities and restructuring the production basis of the industry. To this end, capital investments in the engineering complex will be increased 1.8- to- 2-fold.

The consolidation of the country's economic potential by itself creates possibilities for broadening foreign economic ties. The Sovier Union is planning, however, a far-reaching program for updating and intensilying them.

Business relations between the USSR and industrialized capitalist states will follow many new patterns. New forms will emerge, such as the establishment of joint enterprises, coproduction ties will strengthen and scientific and technological cooperation will broaden. In import, the main emphasis will be on the purchase of complete plants to produce means of production. The share of high technology will increase, which will facilitate the speeding up of scientific and rechnological pro-

Export will be restructured; the share of finished products through deep industrial processing will grow considerably.

The rapid rares in machinebuilding development in 1986-1990, the change in its structure toward a bigger share of machine rools, electrotechnical items, better quality, greater competitiveness and optimal servicing and provision of spares make up the basis for broadening the export of machines and equipment. Resource-saving technologies to economize on raw, fuel and other materials

Facts and Figures

Area: 22.4 million sq. km. Population: 281.7 million Average annual work force: 119.5 million Number of specialists with higher and specialized secondary education engaged in national economy: 35 million Number of research workers: 1,491,000 National wealth (excluding land, minerals and forests): 3.6 crillion rubles

National income: about 590 thousand million rubles Industrial output: 940 thousand million rubles U.S.S.R.'s share in world industrial output: 20 percent Foreign trade: 130 thousand million rubles

Production Output in Major Industries Electricity: 1,599 million kilowatts Oil (including gas condensate): 615 million tons Gas: 686 thousand million m' Coal: 751 million tons Steel: 161 million tons

Ferrous metal rolled stock (finished): 112 million tons Iron ore: 250 million tons Turbines: 21.9 million kilowans Industrial robots: 15,100 Tractors: 5.5 million hp. Cars: 1.3 million

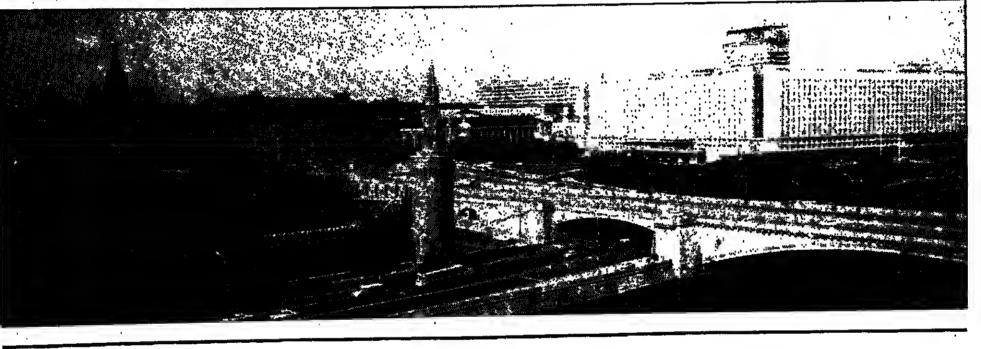
Scientific and Cultural

In 1986, 15 scientific discoveries were registered; 3,500 types of machines, equipment, instruments and means of automation were developed and 24,000 inventions were introduced in the national economy. The national income used for consumption and accumulation grew by 3.6 percent, 118.2 million m² of housing were tenanted. Note: All figures are for 1986.

will make it possible to use additionally the reserves of corresponding branches for expand-

Organizational forms in foreign trade are undergoing change. More than 20 industrial ministries and 76 enterprises

have been allowed direct access to the world market. Industry's closer contact with the foreign marker and the study of its requirements will stimulate the manufacture of modern competitive products and promote ex-



Space Flight to Mars?

Soviet official asserts mission to Mars may be less costly than first stage of SDI.

EACEFUL Soviet space programs have been inremational for years. Various foreign scientific centers able to prepare and carry out appropriate experiments are invited to participate in the research programs on board Soviet spacecraft. For more than 20 years, the Intercosmos Council of the USSR Academy of Sciences has been arranging international space projects.

The intercosmos program alone embraces the nation members of the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance, and covers over 400 astrophysics experiments that were carried out according to this program on board 40 spacecraft. Citizens of these countries and from France. India and Syria visited the Soviet space station Saljur, an extensive program of joint scientific studies being fulfilled during each

Peaceful Ambitions

The first international space flight occurred 12 years ago. when the Soviet spacecraft Soyuz docked with the American Apollo.

After the successful Soyuz-Apollo mission, Soviet and American scientists scarted discussing joint programs to be performed on board the Sovier orbital station Saljut together with the space shuttle. The scientists discussed a number of ambitious space experiments that still remain interesting. The work stopped, though not on our initiative.

Sovier-French cooperation in space has been expanding successfully for more than 20 years. Many joint experiments have been performed and their results have contributed considerably to

world science. In 1988 two new Soviet-French missions will take place: Gamma and Granar. In the first, a 1.5-ton telescope will for the first time photograph the celestial sphere in hard X-rays with high angular resolution. In the second mission, French and Soviet telescopes will carry out simultaneous observations in soft gamma- and hard X-rays. International Programs

In March 1986 a prominent

and ambitious international program called VEGA ("Venera-Halley") was completed. It was an interplanerary exploration of Venus and Halley's comet. Two Soviet space stations were launched from Proton carriers, reached the vicinity of Venus, and delivered two landers on its The composition of Venetian

soil was studied, and the measurements of physical properties and the atmosphere's chemical composition gave unique resules. This experiment became feasible as a result of joint efforts of space agencies from different countries, primarily from the USSR, the USA and France.

VEGA 1 and VEGA 2 also fulfilled a gravitational mancuver in the vicinity of Venus, and encountered Halley's comet. The gas and dust envelopes of the comet and its nucleus were studied by instruments designed and manufactured in the USSR, Austria, Bulgaria, Hungary, GDR, Poland, FRG and Czechoslovakia.

Together with VEGA, three other spacecraft explored the corner: Giotto, launched by the European Space Agency, and two Japanese craft (project Plan-

outstanding project, Phobos. The international team was Phobos is a multiobjective extremely efficient. It took less than four years to get the mission ready for launch. About 30

instruments (six to seven mod-

els of each) were successfully

manufactured in different coun-

tries, rested and integrated with

the spacecraft. Not only were

the authors of the experiments

present in the Mission Control

Center of the Space Research

Institute, but other invited sci-

entists from different countries

attended as well. About 40

American scientists and special-

ists participated in these com-

munication sessions. Among

them was a small group headed

by Chicago University's Profes-

sor G. Simpson, who received

permission from the Interna-

tional Scientific and Technical

Committee to include some of

his instruments, i.e. fine dust

particle counters, in the VEGA

payload, Professor Simpson had

to get the consent of the US

Some politicans have unwise-

ly forbidden scientists to partici-

pate in international space pro-

jects, fearing leaks of

rechnological secrets. But full

cooperation is vital. Each partici-

pant brings into the project

something new, a unique ad-

vance in modern technology.

Only the scientist responsible

for any given instrument will

take credit for his expensive and

scientifically invaluable experi-

ment. If any modification or

repair is needed, it will be under-

At present, the VBGA inter-

national team from nine coun-

tries, working with engineers and

sciencists from Sweden, Finland,

Switzedand and the USA, is en-

gaged in the preparation of a new

taken only by that scientist.

administration.

mission. Two new Soviet unmanned interplanetary stations will be launched in July 1988. It will be an "astronomical window" for Mars, with a five-day interval from the Baikonur cosmodrome. The project involves comprehensive studies of the sun, Mars and its satellite Phobos. The spacecraft will approach as close as 30 to 80 meters over Mars, leaving landers on its surface. While the preparation of this

project is in full swing we are discussing new space programs. Mission to Mars

In January 1987 Soviet plans for Martian studies up to the year 2000 were discussed. We think Mars is the first planer that will be explored by man. The first visit by cosmonauts to the planer is expected sometime around 2020. The cost of the mission should be lower than the 70 billion dollars requested by the US administration for the first stage of SDI, which, unlike the noble idea to explore Mars. is in our view destructive for

In order to achieve the landing, stay and return of the crew from Mars, we must study in detail the planet itself, its surface and atmosphere. The selection of a landing spot is crucial. Success also depends on a series of robotic missions to Mars, requiring international cooperation. We have invited our foreign colleagues to take part in the three missions to be performed on board the Soviet Martian station by the end of the centu-

The project Mars-92 envi-

on the polar orbit of Mars, with probes landed on its surface and balloons released into its atmosphere. Mars-96 will see the landing of a robotic rover for the analysis of Marrian soil in different places, and the transmission of data via the main craft to the Earth. Mars-2000 will make use of a "marsokhod" with a retrievable rocket. The goal of the mission is to bring Marrian soil back to the Earth via the main craft orbiting Mars and the near-Earth orbital station. A space research agreement, signed recently by the USSR and the US, will allow our countries to parnicipate jointly in this historical

In June 1987 an international meeting was dedicated to the project Specter-Roentgen-Gamma, i.e. the Soviet proposal to creare a new space observatory in 1992. This project is a scep forward from the X-ray module Quant, which started its space operation after a difficult docking with the Mir station. Quant involves the participation of scientists and engineers from the USSR, the USA, the Netherlands, FRG and Great Britain.

By the end of this year, Mars-92 and Specter-Roentgen-Gamma payloads will be finalized. Around 10 countries are expected to take part in each of these

Radio Astronomy

Radio astronomers from many countries are participating with Sovier scientists in the Radioastron mission aimed at the om-wavelength exploration of the radio sources of the universe. Our American colleagues

were present at all of these meetings on the Specter-Roentgen-Gamma project. We anticipate sions two space stations circling

their participation in the mis-

We will continue to study space plasma and its interaction with the Earth's magnetosphere in the project Interbol, involving the participation of scientists from the USSR, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Poland, GDR, Sweden, Finland, France, Cuba, Romania and the USA. This mission will be launched in 1990. Two high apogee satellites of the Prognoz type will operate simultaneously in two perpendicular planes over the Earth's polar zones and in the "rail" of the magnetosphere. Each spacecraft will release a subsatellite at an adjustable distance.

In 1988-89, according to the space cooperation program of the socialist countries, two satellites of the Intercosmos series will take off to study the Earth's magnerosphere and ionosphere by means of wave and corpuscular excitation. At present, Soviet participa-

tion in the US project Cluster is being discussed. The Soviet-French project Vesta is dedicated to the exploration of asteroids and comers. Both projects are scheduled for 1994.

The continuous development of Soviet space rocket technology reveals enormous possibilioes for space research and for the benefit of world science. Soviet scientists are ready to collaborate with their foreign colleagues on the basis of mutual interest and in order to enhance world trust and to preserve Space as a peaceful scientific

— Viacheslav Balebanov, Deputy Director of the Space Research Institute, USSR Academy of Sciences.

Reforming the **Planning System**

LANNERS have been strongly criticized of late in the U.S.S.R. for numerous shortcomings and imbalances in economic development and for laying too much emphasis in their work on con-The State Planning Commit-

ree, or Gosplan, used to focus on drafting yearly plans, while fiveyear plans were not properly worked out. Too many regulations imposed on enterprises' accivities aggravated the situation. Just think: the country's inclustry and agriculture produce 24 million products, so mistakes were unavoidable when planning bodies tried to plan the output of each product. Besides. most plan targets were set on the basis of the results achieved and this led to the failure of the economy to meet people's needs for goods for which demand was high. This also created imbal-

All that brought about the

need for a radical reform. Now such a reform is being carried out in the country. As regards planning, the reform envisages thar planning bodies should be mainly engaged in drawing up long-term scientific and technological programs and work out the concept of the country's economic development for the next 15 years. This will provide the basis for the drafting of the social and economic development plan guidelines for the next 15 years, containing a detailed plan for the first five-year period. Major indicators characterizing the results, proportions and efficiency of economic development will be included in the draft of the State Five-Year Plan. On the one hand, it will rake into account recommendations of ministries and government departments, which will summarize the needs of the enterprises. On the other, it will take into consideration the proposals of the Union Republics. As regards the enterprises, they will draw up their own plans themselves. And this is, undoubtedly, the main element of

Only four sets of data will be sent down to enterprises for consideration when they draw up their production programs.

the reform program in planning.

These are, firstly, the socalled control figures of the fiveyear plan, which will help enterprises create conditions of work under which they will have a stable position and, consequently, the necessary incentives. Any enterprise can reject these figures, of course, but such a move would entail the risk of economic instability and this is something the plant's workers must take into consideration when they discuss their plan.

Second is the state order for the output of a definite kind of or the construction of a definite type of project. The order will no longer be imposed on the enterprise. It will be offered to all enterprises, which will compete for it. In other words, the central planning body will have the opportunity to choose a contractor rather than appoint it. This system is good for enterprises, because if will allow them to make profit.

Third are long-term and stable economic norms. On the one hand is a fixed percentage of deductions to the state budget and to the budgets of the respecove ministry and local governmenr body, a kind of income tax, and payment for labor and natural resources. On the other is a fixed share of the profit that remains at the enterprise and goes to pay bonuses to workers, expand production and finance social development programs.

The fourth set of data includes quotas for centralized state investments, construction and assembly work and the supply of materials and equipment.

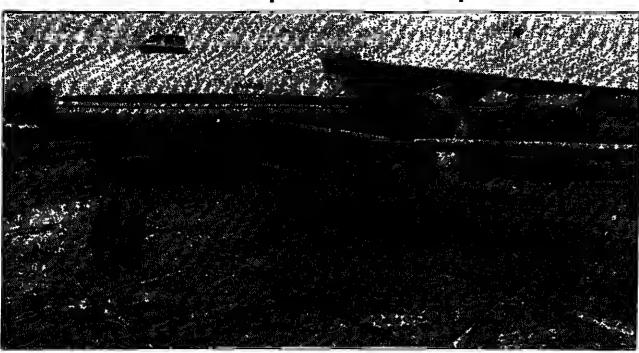
In accordance with these data and direct orders from consumers and materials and technical supply bodies, enterprises will conclude economic agreements and draw up their plans. Now they will have to work hard to get a market for their products, for it they fail to do so, they will have no funds even to pay wages to their workers.

Gosplan is carrying out a lot of work to review and reduce the number of regulating documents which considerably limit the independence of enterprises and local government bodies. We have abolished 432 of the 680 regulations and made amendments to 36 others. This is 70 percent of the total number of regulations. At the same time, in collaboration with other central economic bodies, Gosplan has drafted 50 new rules in planning, financing, crediting and other areas of economic manage-

Anatoly Reut, First Deputy Chairman of the USSR State Planning Committee

IQUES

CMEA and EEC: Chances for Forging Formal Relations and Prospects for Cooperation



The Antonov-124 can carry large-size loads weighing of 150-180 tous.

THE time that has passed since the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance offered in 1973 to the European Economic Community to establish mutual contacts has shown that it is not at all casy to reach a practical accord between the two organizations for forging formal relations. Clearly, serious attention should be given in this respect to an analysis of the reasons and problems that caused the first stage of generally useful efforts to establish relations between the CMEA and the EEC to be followed by a long period of uncercainty which saw only sporadic contacts between the organiza-

Without trying to name all the reasons I should like to point out only the following:

Obviously, this question cannot be discussed in isolation from the current political and economic situation in Europe and the whole world. In this respect, the international tensions, what we feel is discrimination of industrialized capitalist countries against the CMEA na-

tions sharply aggravated in recent years, the embargoes, "sanctions" and other actions to currail trade and economic relations with the CMEA members could not but affect conditions, normal progress and eventually trust itself between the partners, which is very important if the negotiations on relations between the CMEA and the EEC are to be continued to a happy end. On the contrary, this situation presents a number of additional difficulties. Trust is unlikely to be helped by speculations that these contacts benefit only the CMEA, that the latter allegedly tries to "drive a wedge" between the EEC and

In these circumstances the main prerequisites requiring the relations between the two organizations to be normalized are either forgotten or relegated to the background

Mutual Trust

In the last two years, after a long period of uncertainty, CMEA-EEC telations have moved again onto a practical plane. The process was furthered

by a number of factors, the most important, in our opinion, are as follows. First, under the conditions of interdependence in economic development growing worldwide there is a particularly strong objective need in Europe to further deepen the international labor division all over the continent. Second, the world on the whole and Europe in particular are interested more than ever in establishing trust among nations with different social systems. Third, bold and constructive political initiatives of the Soviet Union and other socialist countries brought about in Europe a clear tendency toward better toutual trust on the part of the countries which are mem-

The desire to establish formal relations with the EEC logically follows from the policy of the CMEA countries toward equitable and mutually advantageous cooperation between states with different social and economic ystems. The willingness to establish trade, economic, scientific and technical ties with those industrialized capitalist countries willing to do so was confirmed by the Summit Economic Conference of the CMEA member countries. The declaration "Maintenance of Peace and International Economic Cooperation" approved by the Moscow

bers of the CMEA and the EEC.

positive international economic lations required mutually beneficial and equal cooperation between countries. Any methods of economic aggression, such as the use of or threat to use an embargo, boycott, or a trade, credit or technological blocade should be excluded from the practices of international communication. Economic relations between all states must adhere consistently to the principles of respect for national independence and sovereignty, non-interference in internal affairs, full equality, national interests, mutual benefits, and the most favoted nation treatment.

Formal Relations

We believe that a great help in achieving these goals will be the establishment of formal relations between the CMEA and EEC as soon as possible, considering the existing realities and the links already maintained between the CMEA countries and Western European capitalist countries.

The EEC countries are the leading trade partners of the CMEA members among the industrialized capitalist nations. They account for more than half the total trade turnover with this group of states. EEC members, in turn, engage in trade with CMEA countries, whose share in the EEC trade turnover is 9 or

10 percent. In 1985, the CMEA this March in Hamburg would supplied 6 percent of the EEC's April saw in Venice an internafuel, 12 percent of its timber, 8 tional conference on cooperation in Europe between countries percent of its cotton, 13 percent with market and planned econoof its inorganic chemical products, 10 percent of its furniture,

Collaboration

of collaboration in science and

technology, with good results.

make use of more than 500

licenses bought from the USSR.

and over 100 licenses from other

members of the Council for Mu-

tual Economic Assistance. For

their part, the CMEA members

actively employ modern tech-

nology and licenses of the EEC

countries in developing their

own industries, mainly chemi-

cal, automotive, light industry,

Normalization

Council for Mutual Economic

Assistance took steps in May

1985 to normalize relations be-

tween the two organizations. In

particular, a letter was sent to

the Commission of Economic

Communities suggesting that

talks be held between the two

organizations to sign a general

document on the establishment

of formal relations between the

CMEA and EEC. This initiative

had a positive response from the

European Economic Communi-

ty, and after more letters to

define more precisely the posi-

tions of the parties, the first

meeting of CMEA and EEC

expens was held in September

1986 to discuss the question of

forging formal relations be-

rween the organizations. This

and a second meeting held in

March 1987 discussed in detail a

draft declaration presented by

the CMEA. The meeting failed

to agree on the text of the

declaration completely but we

think that there is a close under-

standing by the parties of the

nature of the document and it

could be signed soon provided

New Prospects

sion that there are good pros-

pects for a successful completion

of the CMEA-EEC ralks I

should like to cite the results of

a number of international meet-

ings devoted to relations be-

rween the two. The symposium

"New Prospects for Relations of

European Communities with

CMEA Countries" took place

To comborate the conclu-

there is good will to do so.

Proceeding from all this, the

food processing and others.

The CMEA and EEC coun-

Peaceful Coexistence An important result of these

quite representative and interesttoles have had some experience ing international conferences was, from our point of view, the spirit of munual interest. West-For example, the EEC countries em Europe recognizes more and more that peaceful coexistence of states belonging to different social systems and economic cooperation between them should become one of the main principles of international relations and that universal security can be achieved only through negotiations and signing of well-balanced and well verifiable agree-

The establishment of formal relations and development of cooperation between the two organizations will create more izvorable conditions for promotion of bilateral relations between individual CMEA countries and the

Favorable Conditions

In its letter of April 17, 1986 the CMEA informed the EEC that along with establishing CMEA-EEC formal relations, inCMEA countries had with the Commission of European Com-

munities in 1986 and 1987. In our opinion, formal relations between the two organizations will open up possibilities for negociations on specific areas of cooperation which are of interest to the CMEA and EEC and where they are willing to

collaborate **Multilateral Contacts** Realization of European projects could be an important means of developing multilateral contacts between the two organizations. The Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe registered general accords on a joint program for environmental prorection. The CMEA countries as well as the EBC have already made a great contribution to creating and implementing this program. The CMEA came our in favor of cooperation in envi-

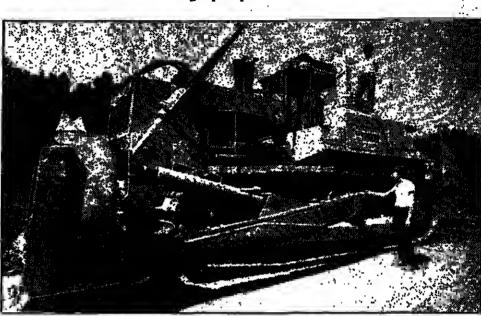
the previous phase of the talks. The Chemobyl accident, which was a calamity for the Soviet people, made particularly urgent the question of international cooperation in developing a safety system and accident prevention at nuclear power stations. The CMEA members are willing to participate in interna-

ronmental protection as early as

opment and implementation of a unified program in this area

The Comprehensive Program for the Scientific and Technological Progress of the CMEA Member Countries is be ing realized now in five priority areas, including computerization of the national economies, intograred automatization, midear power engineering, new materials and processes for their production and creatment, and bioengineering. All these areas open up broad possibilities for cooperation with countries that might be interested. We know that European countries are working on and solving similar problems within the EEC and under the Eureka program.

The Future Pooling the efforts and connomic potentials here to solve jointly the problems would reduce considerably the costs for the parmers and gain much in time. Besides scientific and technological cooperation, there remains naturally cooperation in such fields agreed upon earlier by the CMEA and EEC as standardization, long-range economic predictions and statistics. We are also willing to consider other areas of cooperation between our two organizations with due regard for specific features and



The T-800 heavy duty tractor (800 h.p.) is built at the Chelyabinsk Industrial Work.

dividual CMEA countries were willing in principle to settle their relations with the Community on a bilateral basis. And the CMEA was of the opinion that the opportunity for forging bilateral relations with the EEC should be given simultaneously to all its members.

As for settling commercial matters by talks between the CMEA countries and the Community, the CMEA members ays been in favor o promoting mutually beneficial trade and economic ties on the basis of equality and non-discrimination. From this stand each CMEA country decides independently on the conclusion of appropriate agreements with

That this approach was correct was confirmed once again during the bilateral talks some

technology in the CMEA counmes and in the industrialized capitalist states, including the EEC members, makes it possible to solve jointly fundamental problems and carry our specific scientific and engineering tasks with due account for specialization of the partners.

tional cooperation in this field.

The high level of science and

Comprehensive Program

The Comprehensive Program for the Scientific and Technological Progress of the CMEA Member Countries till the year 2000 adopted by the 41st (extraordinary) CMEA Session expressed the conviction that international cooperation in science and technology should be global, and it reiterated the willingness of the CMEA countoes to contribute to the develpractices of the CMEA and

Particularly noteworthy are such fields as power engineering, midear energy and mansport, which were listed by Mr. Zeeler in his report to the European Parliament in January

Broad economic and scientific-rechnological collaboration between the two organizations and their member countries, once it gets going, will undoubtedly contribute to economic and technological capprochement between East and West

On the whole, to generalize the above, it should be emphasized that the world today needs more than ever to promote cooperation between states with different social systems.

- Vyacheslav Sychev, CMEA Secretary.

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51////

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out oppositions

Shift of the Internal confidence Spare of the state. Which is an divorce present in the second at the second at present in the second at present in the second at t dipor and security and security dend revolution. The poof proof accommend of by a supersties with all ke ownings expressed the Leme policy of Personal Commen are directed in Table the other of all the property and minion of policies comate, minutes in present and security and all the states and recorders. Speaking at the Amel 1885 Roan Meeting of the CPSL Course Maria Comments and the incoming four relations with the said of

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High Achievements

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High achievements of Sovia science and rectherology, great similic discoveries both in landamental and applied fields. and redically new solutions to 2 number of ropical scientific publicus cause great interest in signific and business circles of the capitalist world. People there are well aware of oursanding achievements of our manay in the field of peacetral me of anomic power, space, medicine and public health. and metallurgy, which are successfully employed in the West Many capitalist counnies adopt Soviet experience in laying pipelines, application of relabilizated reinforced conacre, decraic welding, power transmission over long disances, prospecting for and rebeing and processing of oil, gas and shale, and operation of hy-

do and atomic power plants. Great Opportunities Great opportunities for sci-

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problems of fundamental and applied science. Cooperation of the USSR Academy of Sciences and Sovia higher educational institut tions with capitalist countries includes such subjects 25 solid the physics, low-temperature physics, astrophysics, thermo nuclear fusion, computer engi-

Manager and implementation of is brished program in this me The Comprehensive Pa span for the Scientific at Technological Progress of the CMEA Member Cournes is by ing realized now in five printing sical including computerization of the national economics in posed amorganization, inde homes enforcement uses more als and processes for their poopen up broad possibilities in cooperation with contains the might be interested We box their European countries &

working on and solving amb

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The Future Pooling the efforts and to marrie potentials here to sale jointly the problems would a above considerably the cost is the partners and gain much a mac. Besides scientific and red nological cooperation, there is mains usually cooperation a such fields agreed upon cate by the CMEA and EEC as an dardisarion, long-range come ex productions and statistics We are also willing to consider of seess of cooperation bown bur two organizations with the regard for specific feature at



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ADVERTISING SECTION Prospects for Scientific and Technical Cooperation of

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objective necessity, brought

about at present by the de-

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of labor and scientific and tech-

nological revolution. The po-

licy of broad development of

business cooperation with all

the countries expresses the Le-

ninist policy of peaceful coexis-

sence directed at raising the

welfare of all the peoples, nor-

malization of political climate,

strengthening peace and securi-

ty of all the states and peoples.

Plenary Meeting of the CPSU

Central Committee, Mikhail

Gorbachev said the following

about relations with capitalist

"The Soviet Union advo-

cases fruitful and all-round coo-

nomic and scientific and tech-

nical cooperation based on the

principles of munual benefit

and excluding any discrimina-

tion; the Soviet Union is ready

to further broaden and deepen

trade relations, to develop new

forms of economic relations

based on mitted interests in

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This constitutes the gist of

our foreign economic, (includ-

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tions with capitalist countries.)

High Achievements

and economic potential of our

country has reached such a lev-

d that, in our view, at present

there exists no problem that

could not have been solved in-

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and technology. At the same

nime, the Soviet Union does

not decline the advantages of

international division of labor,

favoring mutually beneficial

scientific, technical, industrial,

trade and economic coopera-

High schievements of Sovi-

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scientific discoveries both in

fundamental and applied fields,

and radically new solutions to a

number of topical scientific

problems cause great interest in

scientific and business circles of

the capitalist world. People

there are well aware of our-

standing achievements of our

country in the field of peaceful

use of atomic power, space,

medicine and public health,

and metaliurgy, which are

successfully employed in the

West. Many capitalist coun-

tries adopt Soviet experience in

laying pipelines, application of prefabricated reinforced con-

crete, electric welding, power

transmission over long dis-

cances, prospecting for and re-

fining and processing of oil, gas

and shale, and operation of hy-

dro and atomic power plants.

The scientific and technical

concentrated on the future,"

raw materials."

Speaking at the April (1985)

the Soviet Union with Capitalist Countries neering, microelectronics, metific and technireorology and environmental cal cooperation as part of the foreign economic

Broad cooperation of Soviet scientific organizations is effected with France, the FRG, Finland and Sweden in the field of space exploration (scientific Projects Vesta, Sambo, Fobos, Granat and Interball), cooperation being intended and agreed upon for the period ending in 1993-1995. Joint Research

Great joint research is being realized in the fields of biology, medicine and public health together with France, the USA. Finland, the FRG, Great Britain, Italy, Austria and Belgium.

At the same time it should be pointed out that on the side of the US administration and Japanese ruling circles there is a tendency to restrain contacts and scientific exchanges with Sovier scientists in a number of scientific fields and problems.

Scientific and technical cooperation of the Soviet Union with industrially developed capitalist countries is progressing along with trade and economic and industrial cooperation, both types of relations munually complementing and stimulating each other. Over the last 15 years there have been developed not only traditional contacts of scientists, but scientific and rechnical cooperation of Soviet ministries, govenment departments and organizations with companies and firms of capitalist countries.

The Framework

This cooperation is effected within the framework of joint research and pilot-design work, scientific and rechnical cooperation, sale and purchase of licenses and know-how, affording various scientific and technical services, tests of machines, instruments and materials and holding of scientific and technical seminars and symposia with the participation of Sovier and foreign specialists, representatives of organiza-

tions: companies and firms.

A key factor facilitating the

development of scientific and rechnical relations of the USSR world is industrial cooperation in the joint realization (design and construction) of large industrial projects, development of new industries, commercial plants, bays, etc. This form of foreign economic relations is very inviting, since it allows the partners to perform longterm planning. Besides, it is being constantly diversified according to the needs and potentialities of the partners. The policy of the 27th Congress of the CPSU for an intensive development of the Soviet economy has increased practical opportunities for involving Western pareners in cooperation with the purpose of redesign, modernization and reequipping of the operating enterprises, shops and separate commercial plants, such as VAZ, AZLK and large chemical plants and enterprises. Foreign firms are eager to start such cooperation, since it involves deliveries and installation of equipment and transfer of rechnologies and know-how. Besides, in the course of such cooperation, new technical solutions may arise with which partners can in the future jointappear on the third countries' markets and continue co-

Recent Developments

gineering, with Italian firms in

the field of development of

new technologies for chemical

industry and chemical ma-

Great Opportunities Great opportunities for scientific exchange are offered within the framework of cooperation of the USSR Academy of Sciences with respective organizations of Western counmies, as well as in the field of relations between universities and other higher institutions and universities and scientific centers of Western Europe and America. This cooperation is directed at the realization of joint investigations and exchange of scientific information on a number of topical problems of fundamental and applied science.

Cooperation of the USSR Academy of Sciences and Sovier higher educational institutions with capitalist countries includes such subjects as solidstate physics, low-temperature physics, astrophysics, thermonuclear fusion, computer engichine-building, with Finnish firms in shipbuilding, computer engineering, nuclear power and electrical engineering, with Austrian firms in the manufacture of welding equipment, etc. Ouire often the basis for such cooperation is the joining of scientific and technological achievement obtained in fundamental research in the USSR with the advanced experimenral and production basis of our foreign parmers, particularly so in Western Europe.

License Cooperation

License cooperation of the USSR with capitalist countries continues. A number of great achievements of Soviet science and technology are widely employed in commercial production in the West. Many firms and organizations of such countries as Japan, France, the USA, Great Britain and Italy have bought Soviet licenses for the technology of evaporative cooling of blast furnaces, underground gasification of coal, resistance welding of largediameter pipes, electroslag remelting, licenses for the manulacture of Soviet drilling equipment, screw bydraulic downhole morors, silicone lenses and instruments for eye microsurgery, producing a system of computer-aided design of hybrid integrated circuits, a method for preparing polycarbonares, etc. In all, during the last two five-year periods, more than two thousand Soviet licenses were sold to foreign countries.

The range of technical ideas covered by the licences embraces almost all the fields of science and technology, from the rechnology of preparing food products and producing medical equipment, apparatus and instruments to large-scale processes in metallurgy and MHD electric power-plant projoors. This "industry of ideas" is open for mutually beneficial exchanges with all states.

Objective Reality

As is known, in the early 80s the US administration, as well as the governments of some other countries, which in our view violated provisions of the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, took a number of measures to reduce scientific and technical exchanges and trade with the USSR, particularly in those fields which the US administration deemed "strategic." However, time has shown that such measures failed to be particularly detrimental to our country. Many scientific and technical and industrial problems of vital importance are being successfully solved on our own. To settle separate problems, other parmers have

been found among the number of firms of those countries whose governments achere to more realistic positions in business relations with the USSR. Beneficial commercial contracts have gone to French, West German, Italian, Finnish and Austrian companies and firms, whereas the firms of Great Britain, Japan and, particularly, of the USA have suffered losses when they lost these contracts. Objective realiry of international division of labor is that economic and scientific and technical cooperation abhors a vacuum. And it will be so in the future, too.

Reliability

The striving of corporations and firms of the capitalist world for developing and deepening trade, economic, scientific and technical relations with the USSR can also be explained by the fact that the USSR has a high reputation as a reliable partner. Our country has always accurately fulfilled its obligations under agreements and contracts. The planned nature of our economy makes it possible to develop these relations on a long-term basis. It is no accident that, despite what we regard as the discriminating measures taken by the US administration, 51 American firms (including such wellknown corporations as General Electric, Monsanto, Du Pont de Nemours, Dresser Industries and some others) did not abandon the earlier concluded agreements on scientific and technical cooperation with the Soviet Union, but, on the concrary, prolonged the terms of those agreements till 1990 and

Prerequisites What are the prerequisites

for the prospect of successful development of scientific and rechnical cooperation of the USSR with industrially developed capitalist countoics?

First, it should be pointed out that such a prospect is brought about and supported by the accelerated development of the Soviet economy within the next 10-15 years. This circumstance objectively broadens the supply and demand for export and import of goods, echnical ideas and services.

Secondly, there is a widely developed contractual-legal basis of economic, scientific and rechnical cooperation between the Sovier Union and countries of the capitalist world. This basis includes 67 intergovernmental agreements on scientific, technical and economic cooperation, 22 long-term programs signed at the governmental level on cooperation in the field of economy, industry, science and technology, and more than 300 agreements on scientific and technical cooperation between the USSR ministries and government departments and organizations and firms of the capitalist world.

No less important are the traditional relations established between the Soviet and capital-

There is one more factor that will actively and positively affect the development of economic, scientific and technical exchange. This is the course of our party for restructuring the economic control mechanism, including foreign economic acrivity. In this connection, with reference to the questions of economic, scientific and technical cooperation with foreign countries, attention should be drawn to the question of raising independence and responsibility of amalgamations and enterprises of the Soviet Union.

Mutual Benefit The USSR's law on the state enterprise (amalgamation), Atricle 19, reads as follows: "The enterprise realizes economic relations with firms of capitalist and developing countries on the principles of mutual benefit and equal rights. The basic forms of development of such relations are production and scientific and technical cooperation on a long-term and equicable basis, as well as the setting up of joint enterprises and It should be taken into con-

sideration that state enterprises can now, for the purposes of technical re-equipment and modernization, carry out research and development work, ser up their own foreign trade firms, and import necessary products at the expense of their own hard currency fund and credit sums, i.e. the law grants an enterprise the right to financial support of its foreign economic activity. This should ensurc high efficiency of cooperation and guaranteed inrecess of foreign partners, thus forming favorable prerequisites for further development of soemific and technical cooperation of the USSR with capitalist countries.

Touching upon international aspects of the question under consideration, it may be pointed our that the framework of internacional economic, scienrific and rechnical cooperation may also be considerably broadened in the future, provided respective agreements between the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance and the European Economic Community - Boris Tolstykh, Chairman

of the USSR State Committee for Science and Technology



Soviet Space Facilities for Export

TNFORMATION transmined by space vehicles is finding a multitude of ever more rewarding uses in the world economy, with the result that a commercial market of space facilities and services has grown up over the past few A leading space power, the

Sovier Union has accumulated sich experience in the development, production and utilization of space equipment for various connemic needs. The Meteor antificial earth

satellines, for instance, have been regularly photographing the Earth's surface and cloud cover for over 15 years now. This research serves a number of practical purposes, including wearner forecasting over vast territories. On one circuit a Metoor gathers information from an area constituting 20 percent of the Earth's surface. Sarellines of the Kosmos se-

nies investigate the ocean and relay information about sea and ice conditions and areas affected by storms and air temperature abnormalities. Our space vehicles carry

equipment for the remote sounding of the Earth's surface. The wealth of information accumulated is invaluable to agriculture, forestry, geology, etc.

The Solyut orbital stations (and more recently the Mir complex) are used for intense research in various fields of medicine, biology, materials science and biotechnology. The Splay and Zona industrial units, mounted on board auto-

At present the USSR is offer-

maric and manned space vehides, are used to conduct unique experiments and to endow semiconducting materials with properries unatrainable on earth. The Kashtan unit produces extrapure active biological preparations in conditions of zero gravi-

ing foreign countries and international bodies a number of services in the field of space technology, including the launching of foreign artificial earth satellites by Soviet carrier rockets; the leasing of the Gorizont Soviet communications sarellines in user-specified points of the stationary orbit: the survey of individual countries' territories from space and the sale of information obtained by remote sounding; the production or purification of materials in space using Soviet equipment and the accommodation of foreign

equipment on board Soviet

space vehicles for this purpose.

A few words about the Soviet

mercial launchings. First of all it must be said that they have a reputation for efficient performance. The Soyuz three-stage carrier rocker, for instance, launches manned and transport spaceships into orbit; it does well on its own or as part of the Salyur and Mir orbital complexes. The Vertikal two-stage carrier rocker, fined with a retrievable instrument container, has a 15-year record of successful use in armospheric and solar radiation research. The Proton, one of the most powerful rockets to date, can take a payload of 20 rons to low round-the-earth orbits, and about two tons to stationary orbits. From time to time Proton tockets have launched the Salvur and Mir orbital stations, the Luna, Verera, Mars and Vega interplanetary probes and the Raduga, Gorizont and Ekran communications and relevision satellites. Services using Soviet space

technology are available from V/O Licensintorg, 11 Minskaya 01., 121108 Moscow, Telex: 411415. Negotiations on technical matters are arranged by Glavkosmos USSR, 9 Krasnoproletarskaya UL, 103030 Moscow. Telesc 411879. - Dmitry Poletayer, Department

Head, National Space Administra-

Licenses for achievements of Soviet science and technologies Trubníkovsky per j. 19 G-69 121803 GSP Mascow USSR Tarek 411229 ELES SU

During the 80s we have been observing a certain devel-OUR ROOTS In the Forests of Russia opment of industrial and scienrific and technical cooperation of Soviet organizations with firms and corporations of capiralist countries, the cooperation providing for the development **OUR BUSINESS** and joint production of new types of equipment and materials on a contractual basis, and All Over the World in a number of cases, their concerted marketing. As exam-Export: softwood milled goods, birch and softwood plywood, hardples of such cooperation one boards and chipboards, woodpulp of vorious grades, cordboard, poper may cite cooperation with of various grades, pulpwood, saw logs, wooden chips, prefabricated French and West German wooden house and other goads. firms in the field of machine Import: various types of timber and pulp-and-paper goods. rool building and computer en-

= ଛEXPORTLES

Soviet Ministry Says: The Ball Is Now in the Court of Our Partners

Estonia's agricultural needs.

ters of timber materials to be

Most of the 90,000 cubic me-

Finance has registered the first few joint ventures launched by some Soviet organizations and their partners from Western and Third World countries. Ten more projects are abour to get off the ground. But who pionecred this new development of the Soviet market?

The first to participate were companies from Finland, West Germany, India, Italy and Japan. Their scope of business was vast, ranging from engineering to production of single items.

West Germany's Heinemann Maschinen und Anlagenbau and the Ordzhonikidze Engineering Plant are launching in Moscow a project to turn out machining centers and flexible manufacturing modules and systems. Some facilities already available will

High-economy extra-reliable 77 kW (100 hp)

incorporating nozzles for oil-cooling of pis-

tons, and special additional ducts for gas

having evanishing and connecting and

turbochorged four-cylinder diesel engine:

withdrawal from crankcase; featuring super-durable twin-disk clutch;

strength increased by 30%;

consuming 0.5% less oil.

start producing equipment this year. More shops will be pur into operation later.

As long as the project is not manufactured in the Irkutsk Recompleted Mineraloil Rohstoffe gion, Eastern Siberia, by Ignima-Handel, another West German Tairiku, a Soviet-Japanese comfirm, will remain party to the pany, will be used for the needs of the construction industry. biggest yet joint venture in this country. Working with its Sovi-The project has been launched et partner company, Nizhneby Tairiku Trading, of Japan, and Irkutskiesprom, a Soviet kamskneftekhim, it will launch a facility to produce 60,000 mertimber-producing company. nic rons of ethylene glycol a year at Nizhnekarnsk, the Tatar Autonomous Sovier Socialist Re-

Tallinn to manufacture colors.

impregnating compounds and

hermetic sealing materials for

Volzhskprodmash, a Soviet firm in the town of Volzhsky on the Volga, are arranging a joint ven-Sadolin, a Finnish chemical company, and Estkolkhozstroy, for sales outlers. a construction firm run by an Light Industry association of Estonian collective farms, will build a factory in

THE NEW

IN "BELARUS"

FAMILY

The 2wd MTZ-100 and

4wd MTZ-102 are way

24-speed transmission with 6 ranges of forward gears and 2 ranges of reverse

Positive-displacement hydro-assisted steer-

ing has reduced effort at steering wheel to

dates mechanisms weighing up to 3,000 kg.

TRAKTOROEXPORT

ahead of what was

offered before

FADERS

Fata, an Italian company, and

Nor has light industry been neglected. The Klementi Clothing Factory in Tallinn, Soviet Estonia, and Kari-Mynti, of Finland, will jointly nan a facility to make women's outer-wear.

The Finnish air company, Finnair, and Soviet Intourist are joining forces to reconstruct and run the Berlin Hotel in the heart of Moscow. Both were among the pioneers to develop an interest toward this promising form of cooperation.

India, 100, has been involved in entrepreneurial activities in Soviet territory. The first to come was the India Tourism Development Corporation, now sharing a joint business that ture to manufacture refrigerators turns a reseaurant featuring Indian cuisine in Moscow.

More projects are about to be started, one by Salamander of West Germany and the Leningrad-based Skorokhod footwear factory, another by several Soviet and Japanese participants to produce the "surimi" compound from seafoods, a third by Singer of the United States (sewing machines), etc.

Numerous Projects

Altogether, 42 projects are being negotiated on which the parties have signed preliminary "declarations of intent;" of these, 11 will be accomplished in cooperation with Finland, seven with West Germany, five each with Italy and Japan, four each with the United States and France, two with Austria, and one each with Britain, Holland, Switzerland and Canada.

The first few deals between Sovier and foreign partners have proved that the law on investment adopted recently in the Soviet Union is flexible enough to allow all kinds of joint venture accords. As a party to such accords, the Soviet side may be represented by state-owned and cooperative organizations in midland Russia, the Baltic republics, the Volga area, the Urals and Siberia, Joint ventures whose foreign parmers are Mineraloil Rohstoffe Handel, Tairiku Trading and Kati-Mynti already have exercised their right to borrow from the State Bank of the USSR. They are currently negotiating possible tax rebates with the Soviet Ministry of Finance. As the investment law treats the construction of their projects as a priority, the dothing factory in Tallinn may well be put into operation this year, the timber project in the Irlansk Region next year, and the Nizhnekamsk factory to produce ethylene glycol in 1989. The Indian restaurant "Delhi" was opened

Joint ventures

in Moscow early last July.

The law on joint ventures in the USSR was followed by an array of detailed instructions explaining how taxes had to be paid, how joint projects should be registered with the Ministry of Finance and in what way the auditing service could be arranged. Nor have proper living conditions for the staff employed at joint ventures been neglected. As more and more issues pentaining to joint ven-

tutes are being resolved, fewer reasons are left for doubts and hesitation among those who want to invest their money in joint ventures in Soviet territory. For example, a Japanese insurance consortium is considering a mammoth investment project to be accomplished in the Sovier Far East. As in any new undertaking,

some problems are inevitable. Some seem to be quite solvable, provided the investment law is interpreted constructively. Many foreign companies inquired if they could receive their share of profit in rubles and then spend it on the Soviet market to acquire the necessary goods. As lawyers say they could, foreign participants in joint ventures know they may have a good chance to sell what they produce on the local market, ousing imported

But some problems are quite micky. There have been quite a few prospective partners who said they would like to bottow

instead of giving their own money as a contribution to authorized capital. The question is what guarantees should be demanded by banks if they lend money for big projects. It is a big issue which the Soviet Bank for Foreign Economic Activity (formerly the Bank for Foreign Trade of the USSR) and its foreign banks correspondents are working on at the present

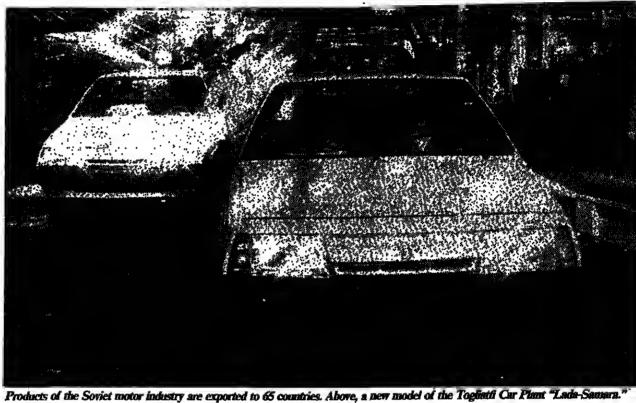
Feasibility

Foreign businesses would also like to have a general list of projects that Soviet organizations are willing to launch as joint ventures. So work has proceeded apace to compile such a list. There have been calls to arrange more meetings between lawyers of the International Chamber of Commerce and the Sovier Chamber of Commerce and Industry to coordinate possible interpretations of the Soviet investment laws. Such discussions, held in Paris, will be continued in Moscow.

Some countries and corporations say their interests in joint venture deals would be bentensured if the Soviet Union and other states involved signed official agreements to guarantee forcign investment and tax rebates The Sovier Union is prepared to study these proposals on a reciprocal basis.

But the chief problem so far is that all feasibility reports on possible joint ventures remain inadequate and incomplete Some offer very rough estimates prompting doubts about profit ability of the proposed projects. But if a project may prove tinprofitable, there is certainly no point in building it. It all do pends now on our partners, their competence and their knowledge of the business and the

> - Isan Isanov, Deputy Head of the State Foreign Economic Commission under the USSR Council of Ministers



Banking Backs Joint Ventures

HE Soviet banks are for other purposes, and are guarworking to improve lending and settlement with a view to establishing optimum conditions for joint operations.

Of course, joint ventures will draw on their authorized funds and reserves to meet the requirements for current capital to carry our operations both with Sovier agents and their foreign counterparts. Should that not suffice, they may borrow from banks, either in rubles or in foreign currency, using operating profits to repay the loans, as practiced throughout the world.

Loans in rubles are extended to enable producers to buy marerials and primary commodities, auxiliary parts and services and

anteed by commodity and material reserves, production facilities under construction, manufactured products, documents of title and mortgages on joint venture assets. Credits can also be backed by guarantees from the joint venture founders or banks.

Loans in rubles may be given for the purpose of building new projects and buying Sovier technology essential for the upgrading and expansion of production, and are repaid from profits.

Joint enterprises may borrow from the USSR External Economy Bank or, with its authorization, from banks and firms in other countries in foreign currency, and from the bank financing the joint venture in rubles.

These banks are empowered to see that the funds they provide are used for the purposes stated and that they are guaranteed and repaid on time The USSR External Econo-

my Bank's order of priorities with regard to lending in hard currency is determined by the country as a whole. Unrestricted growth of debts incurred by joint ventures might damage the reputation of the Soviet Union as a first-class borrower. Besides, this order of priorities is designed to ensure borrowing in hard currency on favorable

The eash assets of joint enterprises are automatically transferred to their accounts at Gos-

bank and the USSR External-Economy Bank, and are used as necessary. The accrued interest rate is fixed by the External Economy Bank in foreign currency, while Gosbank lays down terms and procedures in the case of accrued interest in rubles, the rate of which is expected to need to manage the debts of the reach 2 percent 2 year. While drawing interest on current accounts, producers must also be ready to pay the bank a commis-

sion for services.

Understandably, in the case of joint operations involving foreign currency, exchange rate differentials will be entered in the profit-and-loss accounts. This arrangement will call for insurance against currency risks. For the common types of such insurance to be applied, work is in hand to introduce forward exchange rates of foreign currencies in relation to the ruble. These are expected to be in place before the year is out.

Joint enterprises are allowed to conduct import-export operations on their own, using receipes from trade to cover all currency expenditures. In short, commercial success depends on whether the imported products are of good quality and compencive. This brings creditor banks to consider a number of major issues of practical importance concerning the best ways of crediting the investment, production and commercial processes both in rubles and in foreign currency.

In this context, Gosbank and other Soviet organizations and government departments concerned are working to find optimal ways of crediting joint ventures, to identify sources of funding in rubles and foreign cutrency, and to establish the appropriate normative framework. Considering the questions being raised during negotiations with Soviet and foreign partners. they have worked out a detailed crediting and settlement procedure, with its basic provisions to be shortly brought to the notice of the bank's local branches, which, incidentally, are vested with extensive powers in regard to crediting. Interest on loans extended to joint ventures is not expected to be higher than on those given to similar Soviet entities, i.e. 4 percent to 6 percent annual interest on credit for current operations, and at least 3 percent on credit for investment, with a repayment period of up to six years. Their size and repayment terms will normally be ser by agreement between the client and the creditor banking institution.

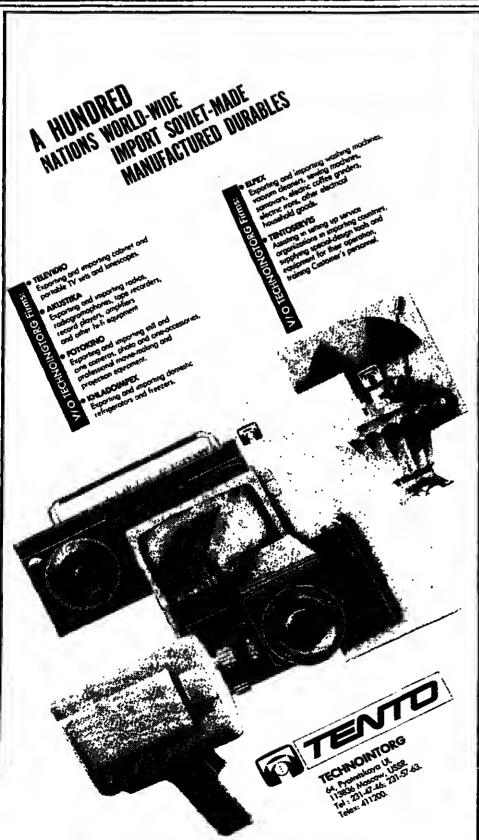
Soviet and foreign parties alike will always need bankers' advice on various issues. Gosbank and the External Economy Bank are looking into the mattex, and have negotiated it with more than 30 leading commercial banks, mostly Gosbank branches lending to potential foreign partners of Soviet ministries and government departments. As a result, Western banks have joined the work to formulate common lending policies with respect to joint ven-

For instance, cooperation agreements were signed with leading French commercial banks, namely Crédit Lyonnais, Crédit Industriel et Commercial and Eurobank, providing for consultation and banking scrvices for Soviet-French ventures set up in the Soviet Union. Paribas signed similar accords as did the Banque Nationale de

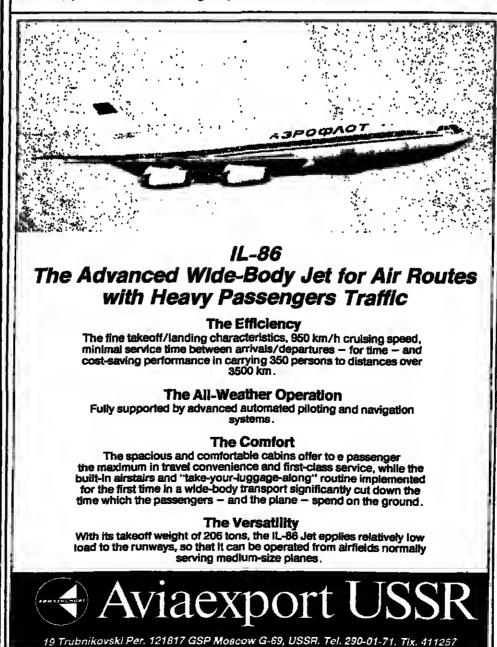
Altogether 16 protocols on cooperation with French, Finnish, Italian and West German banks are now in place. In particular, they call for analysis of the performance rating and financial standing of the partners, development of the best possible financing schemes and analysis of the lending and currency risks involved in export-import oper-

There are longer-term plans to explore the possibility and. expediency of creating a specialist consulting or financial firm run jointly with the participation of perhaps several foreign banks and providing all the essential services in this area. If, necessary, some specific West em lending practices such as leasing and factoring, as well as insuring against currency risk, may eventually be allowed.

— Yuri Ponomiry Head of the USSK State Bank Chief Adminis



21/5, Kuznetski Most, 103031 Moscow, USSR. Telex: 411273 TREXP SU.



MELON IS A HARMAN OF CHARMAN OF C m of economic activity. Co the first to see dangers from faits widely agreed that Mr. G nom to maneuter as he dea stuations ever confrenced be so months before the Oct. southat prompted in oterright kontinat prompted at, overnight my supply, or M. I. grew at a rat timbe levels of recent years. Moreover, Mr. Greenspar no long ben the Reason administration dry keeping it from falling too; some interest rates by trafficent The turning point, of course, was or that radically attered the polit and man ramed inflation as polic 15 HE proceeds. Mr. Greenspa

benefit in a presidential circuit A har makes it much easier to a metay ease than the opposite risk Mr. Greenspan emove mearly pe me since the crash — the Fed de le did during his first two mont Vokter in August. heady September, Mr. Greenspe mely half of a percentage point to min wis needed to mip potential i

ECONOMIC

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BY ROBERT D. HER

More long, however, Mr. Green sension before Congress and el anthere to be seen. Note can tell a bether Mr. Green howten to turn off the money OFFICE AT POOT. To more pessumustic." said Del

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der Dollar Values

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interest

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bring back dangerously high

"The dilemma Greenspan

faces is providing sufficient li-quidity to avoid defaults and

to bring market calm while

oot overexpanding to the

point of increasing inflation,"

said Mickey D. Levy, the chief economist at Fidelity Bank in Philadelphia.

contraction of the money supply.

levels of inflation.

ECONOMIC SCENE

Secret to Fed's Pumping

Is Knowing When to Stop

By ROBERT D. HERSHEY JR.

New York Times Service

several months, various economists and analysts maintain. The infusions, which almost certainly extend well beyond amounts needed to support battered stock-market pro-

fessionals and the banking system, suggest that credit will be plentiful this winter and that interest rates will edge down.

Greenspan, the Fed's new chairman, and his colleagues at the

U.S. central bank will provide too much money for too long, and

Mr. Levy is a monetarist, a student of the school of economists that puts primary emphasis on changes in the money supply as a

determinant of economic activity. Consequently, monetarists are usually the first to see dangers from any unusual expansion or

economic simations ever confronted by U.S. policy makers.

In the six months before the Oct. 19 collapse of stock prices.

the event that prompted an overnight shift in Fed policy, the U.S.

money supply, or M-1, grew at a rate of less than 3 percent, far below the levels of recent years.

dollar by keeping it from falling too sharply. A principal defense was to raise interest rates by tightening the money supply.

The turning point, of course, was the stock market collapse, a shock that radically altered the political-economic calculus. Re-

As HE proceeds, Mr. Greenspan and his colleagues may benefit in a presidential election year from a political bias that makes it much easier to accept the risks of excessive

Mr.-Greenspan enjoys nearly perfect marks for his performance since the crash — the Fed's response was immediate, visible and open-handed — but he has been criticized by some for what he did during his first two months after taking over for Paul

In early September, Mr. Greenspan raised the Fed's discount rate by half of a percentage point, to 6 percent. The Fed said this action was needed to nip potential inflation.

Before long, however, Mr. Greenspan began to assert on

No one can tell whether Mr. Greenspan and his colleagues will

know when to turn off the money machine. But to some the

... "I'm more pessimistic," said Debra J. Bredael, an economist

for Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago. "The Fed tends to err in the direction it's going."

Currency Rates

B.F.

4.778 • 42.49 25.277 34.97 0.1425 3.8514 1.9117 •

18,612

0.8671 3.3543 656.20 1.879 3.0275 71.63 0.7326

Per 8 1447.00 1,421

4,2108 4,3525 20,80 134,50 3,7463 2,047

French Franc 7 %-7 % 7%-8 8-8%

ECU SDR 7-7% S% 7%-7% 6% 7%-7% 6%

716-74 614

0.1096 0.111

Carrency
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23.73

Per 8 4.114 131.00 7.8055 12.98 1642.00 0.633 1.56

Sources: Indosuez Bank (Brussels): Banca Commerciale Italiana (Alikan); Banque Nationale de Paris (Paris); Bank of Takya (Takya); IMF (SDR); BAll (dinar, riyal dirham); Gosbank Irubie), Other data from Reviers and AP.

Interest Rates

Sterling 8 %-9 % 2 %-2 % 5 %-3 % 8 %-3 %

television, before Congress and elsewhere that inflation was

cession supplanted inflation as policy makers' biggest fear.

monetary ease than the opposite risks of recession,

A. Volcker in August.

Cross Rates

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54725 134,80 1,3755

Other Bellar Values

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Forward Rates

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0.6702

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60-day 1,7749 134,85 1,671

But already some analysts are beginning to worry that Alan

ASHINGTON — The Federal Reserve, in its efforts

"The Fed tends to

err in the direction

it's going," one

analyst said.

to head off a recession, may have to keep pouring lavish amounts of money into the U.S. economy for

Some countries and corpus some say their interest in the sentence deals would be being construct if the Soviet Union and other states involved signal of tray selections to Brandi CON INVESTMENT and LOW TOPING The Soviet Union is prepared to study these proposals on 1 mp

But the chief problem to be is their all feasibility reports of bossippe joint caunta tans inadequate and incomplet Some offer very rough country becamping doubts about help ability of the proposed project But if a project may prove to profitable, there is certainly to point in building it it all & pends now on our parmers the compenence and their land edge of the business and to

> - Ivan ba Deputy Head of the State Foreign Empire Commission under the USE Council of Ministr



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Sources: Moreon Guaranty (dollar, DM, SF, Pound, FF); Llayds Bank (ECU); Reu Asian Bellar Deposits 74 - 74

United States Prime rate Federal Ands Com paper 18-17 days 3-month Treasury bills 6-month Treasury bills U.S. Mosey Market Funds <u>Japan</u> 2½ 35/16 Call menty 3% 3% 3 15/16 3 15/16 38-day average yield: Telerate Interest Rate Index: 6.717 Source: Marrill Lynch, Talardia. West Germany 3 4.50 Leasterd rule 145 145 195 **Cold** Book base rate Cell money 3-month interbank 9% 8 9/16

49.33 49.35 49.35 49.35 441.25 1210 1210 1210 1310 1310 1310 Luxembourg Paris (125 kilo) Zurich Lunden New York # 8% \$97.6 B% BM 75.76 B11.74 89 \$13.76 \$7

Kuwaitis Said to Buy in BP

Group's Stake Is Put at 4.9%

By Warren Getler

LONDON - A London-based Kuwaiti investment group appears to have acquired a minority stake this week in British Petroleum Co. through market purchases, BP officials said Friday.

The BP official said be had no independent confirmation of reports that the Kuwait Investment Office, which manages much of the Kuwaiti government's overseas equity portfolio, had acquired a 4.9 percent interest in BP through purchases of new partly paid shares valued at about 80 pence each.

Officials of the Kuwait Investment Office were unavailable for comment. The BP official said that he believed the reports of a purchase by the Kuwait Investment Office to be true but that he did not know how large the holding was.

Yet it is widely agreed that Mr. Greenspan does seem to have some room to maneuver as he deals with one of the gravest He said that a 4.9 percent stake would be valued at around £850 million (\$1.51 million) at market prices. Such an investment would be among the largest single stakes in BP owned by private investors. Moreover, Mr. Greenspan no longer seems a captive of what had been the Reagan administration's policy of defending the

The British government opted last week to continue with a £7.2 billion offering of BP shares despite the recent plunge in stock market prices.

Much of the stock was left with underwriters after millions of small investors shunned the issue. Industry sources speculated that the minority stake had been sold to the Knwaiti investors by one of the underwriters, possibly American, which took up their pledged sub-scription at a substantial loss.

At 80 pence, the partly paid shares represent a discount of 40 pence to the government's 120 pence application price for new BP shares. Two further installments of 105 pence oo the partly paid shares are due in 1988 and 1989. Partly paid BP shares were trading late Friday at 78 pence, down 2

pence, on the London Stock Ex-

BP stock appears a bargain to London analysts who believe the giant British energy conglomerate has a strong potential for growth.



Herald Eribune.

Thomas C. Theobald of Continental Illi-Henry Kaufman of Salomon Brothers nois argues for wider banking powers.



wants underwriting, lending kept apart.

Banking Deregulation Reconsidered Market Plunge Raises Concerns Over Diversification

By Robert A. Bennett New York Times Service
NEW YORK — The stock market's turmoil in recent weeks is raising anew questions about the pace of banking industry deregulation, especially the move into investment banking.

The issue is highlighted by two developments stemming from the plunge: an estimated \$90 million loss absorbed by Continental Illinois Corp. after bailing out its options-clearing subsidiary, and a rethinking by First Chicago Corp. of its plan to buy a big stake in a prominent Canadian investment bouse.

"The evenus of the past weeks have been an eye opener for commercial bankers who have viewed the capital markets as less risky than traditional commercial banking," said James J. McDermott Jr., senior vice presideot of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, a securities firm that specializes in bank stocks.

Amid a deregulatory environment, many commercial bankers have been lobbying for the repeal the Glass-Steagall Act of 1933, which separates commercial banking, which involves lending, from investment banking, which involves acting as a middleman between those occiing money and those willing to lend or invest it.

To many in the financial world the decision by Continental Illinois to buy First Opnons of Chicago, described by Cootinental's chairman as a "broker's

Many bankers contend that traditional lending is actually riskier than acting as a middleman.

broker," seemed a smart step toward offering both kinds of banking.

The acquisinon last year en-abled the bank, which the gov-ernment had rescued from failure in 1984, to diversify from its barely break-even deposit-andloan business into the potentially more profitable activity of clear-ing trades on the volatile options exchanges. Because First Op-

rather than on interest from loans, the purchase seemed fairly risk-free.

tions' earnings depended on fees

As subsequent events have shown, that assumption could oot have been farther from the truth. After the tumble in stock prices, many of First Options' clients were unable to meet their payments, money that First Options needed to pay its obliga-nons. To avoid creating more chaos in an already panicky mar-ket. Continental violated an agreement with its regulators and channeled hundreds of millions of dollars into First Opnons to keep it affoat, producing a big loss for the bank holding company.

The concerns raised by the First Options situation were heightened by the drubbing giv-en many investment banks by the stock market's plunge, Several smaller firms already have become insolvent, and it is widely thought that others will follow.

Even First Chicago, which owns First National Bank of Chicago, is reconsidering its plan to invest \$200 million for a 35 See BANKING, Page 15

U.S. Jobless Rate Edges Up to 6%, First Rise in Year

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches in rose 0.4 hour to 4 hours a WASHINGTON — The U.S. the highest level in 14 years. unemployment rate inched up to 6 more than 500,000 jobs were creat- rose 0.1 point to 5.9 percent. ed and manufacturing employment showed strong gains, the govern-

ment said Friday. The Labor Department's survey of bouseholds showed 415,000 more Americans at work last month than in September. But the civilian labor force grew by 500,000, raising the jobless rate by 0.1 percentage point. In September, the rate was 5.9 percent, the lowest

in nearly eight years. The survey was taken in the second week of the month, just before the 508-point drop in the Dow Jones industrial average on Oct. 19. Most private economists say the effects of market activity will not be reflected in unemployment cal-

culations for a few months. Nevertheless, October's change was the first increase in unemployment since September 1986.

Another Labor Department sur vey that examines the types of work created found a 549,000-job increase in the number of nonlarm workers added to the U.S. economy. About 441,000 were in service jobs, including 65,000 teachers and other school personnel who ended strikes last month and 70,000 new retail employees who started work, the government said.

The average worker in private industry worked 34.8 hours a week in October, up from 34.6 hours in September, Manufacturers, meanwhile, averaged 41.1 hours a week, up from 40.4 bours. Overtime put

in rose 0.4 hour to 4 bours a week,

The overall employment rate, percent in October — the first in- which also takes in military personcrease in 13 months - even though nel stationed in the United States. Janet Norwood, commissioner

of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, said that October's job growth was "stroog and widespread," with "large job gains in the services sector, continued strength in manufac-turing employment and an increase in factory hours."

Since Friday's report was based on surveys taken the week before the stock market plunge on Oct. 19, it cannot reflect economic thinking after the fall.

Citicorp Shows Interest in FCA

WASHINGTON - Citicorp has expressed an interest in acquiring the troubled Financial Corp. of America, a spokesman for the Federal Home Loan Bank Board said Friday. Ford Motor Co.'s First Na-

tionwide unit also has been talking with the board about acquiring Financial Corp. Fi-nancial Corp. operates Ameri-can Savings & Loan of Califor-nia, which has suffered large

The board spokesman would not discuss details of the negotiations, A Citicorp spokesman declined to comment.

Bank of Japan Nudges Short-Term Rates Down

open money market rates as part of efforts to adhere to the Louvre from rising in the money market. agreement on international policy coordination, a senior central bank

The Bank of Japan reiterated Depth and Effect of Bonn-Paris Cooperation Are Questioned

relieve the pressure.

May," he said.

Frankfurt.

Realers

that it had no intention of cutting its 2.5 percent discount rate for now, but said it would continue to prevent short-term interest rates

> The bank bought 100 billion yen (\$735 million) in certificates of deposit at 4.05 percent in three-month repurchase agreements. That compares with rates of about 4.30 percent on three-month CDs in the primary market.

The official said the Bank of Ja pan would take a flexible approach in conducting its monetary policy. as a victory for French policy and lar. The mark continued to fall franc. In that situation, under EMS Given that Japan's 2.5 percent discording countrate is the world's lowest and currency is obliged to intervene to that domestic demand is expanding smoothly, the official said, the The conservatives don't want a bank did not think a rate cut was devaluation before the French occided now.

presidential election is held in Analysts said interbank rates would fall a little further now that Finance Minister Edouard Balthe bank's policy stance had been ladur of France and Mr. Stoltenclarified.

berg said the cooperation would Open money market rates have continue. But in West Germany, been high because of market expececonomists were also skeptical tanon of an increase in interest about how long it is likely to last.
"Whether the EMS will be stable rates, the bank official said. How-ever, interbank rates are satisfactofor very long is highly question-able," said Hermann Remsperger, an economist with BHF-Bank in rily low and in line with the Japanese discount rate, he said.

The three-month commercial bill discount rate was at 3.9375 percent But this shows the Bundesbank on Friday and the unconditional is willing to act. It also shifts the focus back to where it should be,

Japan's move was seen as part of the United States. For these moves a worldwide effort to keep interest to have any endurance, they must

be followed soon by substantial rates low. cuts in the U.S. budget deficit." On Thu

On Thursday, the Bundesbank Foreign exchange traders were harsher in their judgment. cut its Lombard rate by half a point to 4.5 percent. The West German The Bundesbank had to do central bank, however, left the something to avoid a disaster and benchmark discount lending rate they did as little as possible," said a unchanged at 3 percent, despite repeated calls from the United States

Both Japan and West Germany have been under pressure from the United States to cut their discount rates to help stabilize the dollar.

weakened against the franc, but currency rise to the upper limit of A Recession Can't Fix Trade Gap, Study Says

FRANKFURT -- French and West German financial officials

tional Herald Tribune

began hailing their coordinated interest-rate shifts of Thursday as an important step forward in monetary cooperation even before the changes were announced. One day later, economists said

By Ferdinand Protzman

the praise may have been aimed at putting the best light on what is actually a marriage of convenience,

Clasings in Landon, Tokyo and Zurich, fishes in other centers. New York clasing rates. •: Commercial france b: To buy one paund: c: To buy one dallar; ": Units of 100; N.Q.: not based on short-term economic and political factors. It does little more than put the onus of economic leadership back on the United States, they said.

The two countries acted in what they called an attempt to stabilize European Monetary System

and shore up the dollar.
The Bundesbank, West Germany's central bank, cut its emergency Lombard lending rate to 4.5 per-cent from 5 percent and acted to push short-term interest rates

down. The Bank of France, meanwhile, raised its key short-term moneymarket rates to 8.25 percent and

West Germany's finance minister, Gerhard Stoltenberg, emerging from a Bundesbank meeting on Thursday, said, "It was a good meeting and a good decision and we have to promote cooperation."

French banking sources said the in all the media, praising the shifts continued to soar against the dol- its intervention range against the news of the adjustments began to spread through the Paris financial community well before Mr. Stoltenberg's remarks.

"It was a shotgun wedding," said Paul Horne, an international economist with the merchant bank Smith Barney Inc. in Paris.

"The French officials have been

He said that EMS tensions had in Paris at 3.3990 to the mark, been relieved for the time being, against 3.4090 on Thursday.

But the whole thing could come Mr. Horne said the French, in undone very quickly if the dollar effect, forced the Germans either to keeps falling," he said. After the agreement, the mark mark by letting the West German

By Clyde H. Farnsworth New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The United States faces large trade deficits and ever higher foreign debt well into the next decade, a study by the Coogressional Budget Office

The study, issued Thursday, indicated that a modest trade surplus was attainable by 1990, but only under a possibly unlikely combination of circumstances; a recession, a more rapidly falling dollar and faster growth overseas as well as changes in foreign tastes favoring U.S. exports.

Edward M. Gramlich, acting director of the budget office, told the than \$1 trillion from the \$400 bil- budget office says the shortfall lion projected by the end of 1987. Without a clear path toward both deficit reduction and debt sta- sion reduced income only tempobilization, he said, foreigners might rarily, causing lower imports, eventually start pulling money out

of the United States. "In recent weeks, we have seen what a loss of investor confidence can do to world stock markets," he told the legislators. "If foreign investors lose confidence in the Unit-ed States because the current-ac-count deficit refuses to fall, we bers show. A dollar devaluation of could see similar effects oo foreign exchange markets."

er growth overseas, according to "Of all the individual develop-the report. A recession, according ments we investigated, the effect of Joiot Economic Committee of to the study, would decrease the faster dollar depreciation was the could "surge dramatically" to more from the \$176.6 billion that the said.

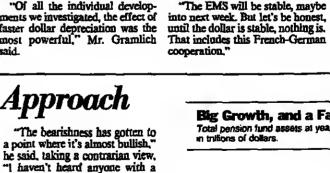
would otherwise be. Mr. Gramlich said that a reces-

Mr. Horne said the French, in

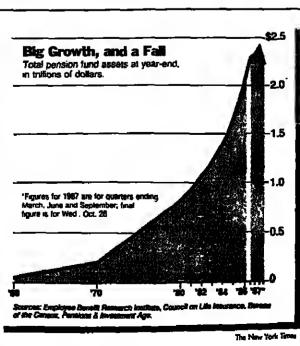
cut interest rates or revalue the

The budget office found that even if foreign growth were 1 per-cent faster, the trade delicit would be reduced by only one-fourth, or \$44 billion, by 1992.

an additional 15 to 20 percent that takes place by the end of 1988 would lead to a reduction in the The U.S. trade deficit gets little would lead to a reduction in relief from a recession or from fast-deficit of \$120 billioo by 1992.



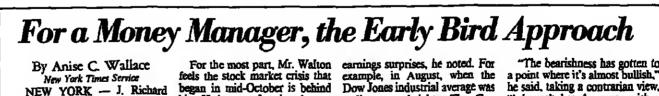
dealer for a Frankfurt bank.



tions in any commodity often result in a 50 percent pullback.

Dow. He spent the rest of the ahead. He sees, among other invested in stocks. The hope is things, that the dollar should sta- that the stock market is settling bilize. It has tumbled nearly 50 into a trading range in which the percent against the yen since early Dow average will move between 1985, and, he said, market correc- 1,700 and 2,200. "Uotil we see some sign that

ult in a 50 percent pullback. we're going to break out of this tunnel, we'll remain bullish," Mr.



New York Times Service NEW YORK - J. Richard Walton, a professional money manager who invests in U.S. stocks, is now beginning his business days with a 6 A.M. telephone call to London from his home in Irvington, New York.

On Thursday be learned that Japanese institutions were selling U.S. stocks and that the dollar was again under attack in the curtimes in financial history.

and the role of international in-Mr. Walton and others who manvalued at \$2 trillion.

not even answering their tele- half. phones. Today, there are more buyers than sellers in the market. Before the market's collapse,

his clients' portfolios were up rency markets, factors he would about 40 percent. They have now bave to consider in deciding given up most of those gains. At whether to buy or sell stocks dur- present, the firm's largest holdings ing one of the most turbulent are in the engineering and mining mes in financial history.

The tumbling dollar, the action group Fluor Corp.; the power tools and household products of central banks around the world group Black & Decker, Allegis Corp., the parent of United Airvestors are critical issues facing lines; the food and restaurant group General Mills, and the engiage U.S. pension fund portfolios neering and financial services

Mr. Walton, 46, is president of Still, Mr. Walton said that at Morgan Grenfell Capital Man-least two developments, lower ngement, a New York subsidiary corporate earnings or higher interof the British investment bank, est rates, would cause him to pull His firm invests a total of \$300 ont of stocks or reshape his portmillion for clients that include En- folio with "bear market stocks." ropean and Middle Eastern gov-

him. He is not so frantic as be was scaling new heights. The Gan two weeks ago, when many of the clothing stores reported that earnsmaller, over-the-counter stocks ings would be less than robust. in his clients' accounts were sinking and the market makers were stock, cutting the share price in

different stocks" - issues with higher yields. ers and analysts.

company Henley Group. Even in a bull market, Wall ernments and U.S. pension funds. Street is unforgiving of negative

As for interest rates, if they began climbing, "I'd be gone," Mr. Walton said. "I'd either be out of the market, in part, or in much

But for now Mr. Walton is very much in the market. By 7:30 A.M. Thursday, after he arrived at his office, he again talked to the London office. By 9:30 he had called a meeting with his trader and six of the firm's eight portfolio manag-

The meeting began with a re-port from Michael Murpby, the firm's trader. His day had started with a 5 A.M. telephone call from London Among other things, he reported that Chase Manhattan Bank had lowered its prime rate Still, the overall mood among traders, Mr. Murphy said, was

Mr. Murphy then discussed the improved liquidity in the smaller stocks, which account for almost two-thirds of Morgan Grenfell's Then the analysts reviewed the

bullish scenario."

stocks in the industry sectors they cover. Since the market's collapse, the firm has been "upgrading" its smaller stocks, selling issues of companies that are not industry leaders and buying those with strong balance sheets. It has also cut back on retailing issues and increased its technology holdings.

Back at the office after a workiog luoch, Mr. Walton was buoyed by a 40-point gain in the afternoon reading reports. Mr. Walton says he likes the shortened trading hours that the exchanges imposed. Institutional salesmen are leaving early, giving him more time to read.

With the crisis easing, Mr. Walton has also had time to look of the firm's clients' assets are Murphy said. 1.60 2.1 10

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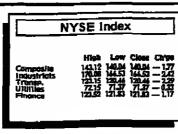
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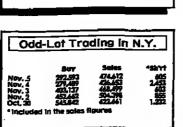
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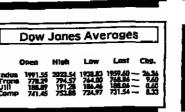
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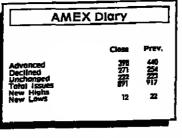
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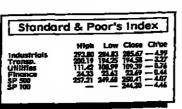
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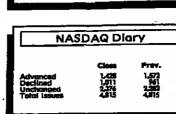
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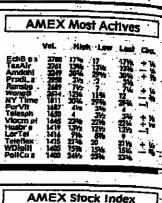
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12 Month High Low Stock



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Dow Falls 26 in a Late Decline

NEW YORK -- Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed lower Friday after spending most of the trading session ahead. But some analysts said that the relatively strong showing Thursday and earlier Friday

signaled a return to stability.

The Dow Jones industrial average fell 26.36 points to close at 1,959.05 at 3 P.M. Shortened trading hours were instituted on Oct. 23. The average rose 40.12 points on Thursday.

The Dow, which had been up more than 11 points as late as 2 P.M. Friday, fell in the last hour of trading. The blue-chip index encoun-tered a psychological resistance point at the 2,000 level, which it surpassed several times before retreating repeatedly

For the week, the Dow lost 34.48 points. A broader market indicator, the New York Stock Exchange index, sank 1.77 to 140.04. The price of an average share fell 40 cents. Declines barely led advances, by a 7-6 ratio. Volume was 228.3 million shares, up from 226

million Thursday Traders said that the Dow lost ground in the last hour as investors closed out market positions before the weekend. Minor computerdriven program selling also knocked the market lower in the final minutes.

The NYSE lifted restrictions late Friday on member firms' use of its computers for program trading after nearly two weeks.

"The market's had a pretty good move and this is a normal sell-off before the weekend," one trader said. "We've got some sell programs down there. It's just the end of the week." He

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changes said Friday they would close a halfhour early at the start of next week, adding 30 minutes to the length of the past week's sessions. The New York Stock Exchange said it was lifting requests that members

curtail program trading.

The New York and American stock exchanges said they would be open from 9:30 A.M. to 3:30 P.M. Monday through Wednesday. The exchanges were closed at 3 P.M. on Thursday and Friday.

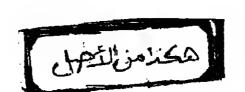
The exchanges reduced their hours begin ning Oct. 23, saying they wanted to help the financial community deal with increased volume following the stock market's plunge on Oct. 19. The New York and American exchanges will determine their hours for Thursday and beyond sometime next week.

remarked that a weak bond market had not helped stock prices But analysts said that the market's relatively

strong showing at the end of the week despite a ak dollar signaled at least a temporary end to the bear market that began in late summer after five years of steady gains.
"We're seeing the beginning of a bear-market rally, and it wouldn't surprise me if this

counter-trend rally stretches right into 1988," said Joseph Barthel, director of technical strategy at Butcher & Singer Inc. of Philadelphia.

| 15% | 37 | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% | 15% |



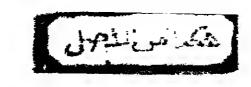
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NYSE Highs-Lows

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Maxwell Says It Plans to Raise

Stake in Bell & Howell to 50%

Rewers

SKOKIE, Illinois — Bell & Howell Co. said Friday that Maxwell Communication Corp. intends to buy more than 50 percent of its stock.

In a letter, Maxwell's chairman, the British publisher Robert Maxwell, said the action was

not hostile. He said his company wished to

position itself to enter into a transaction with

Bell & Howell if the opportunity grose, Bell

storage and retrieval company.

Bell & Howell bas about 9.38 million shares

outstanding. Its stock rose 75 cents on Friday,

to close at \$55.25 on the New York Stock

Exchange. Bell & Howell's net profit shot up to

\$48.9 million in the third quarter, from \$13.6

TO OUR READERS

The International Herida Tribute is now on newstands throughout Holland every morning so days a week Manday-Saturday, if you have

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Shares Mixed in Europe, Asia

Prices Decline In London. Frankfurt

LONDON - Share prices in London and Frankfurt fell Friday. and were mixed in Paris, amid investor concern that the weak dollar would give U.S. exports a competitive edge over European products. In Loodon, the Financial Times-Stock Exchange index of 100 leadng shares rallied in late trading but

still lost 18 points to 1,620,80. Prices were undercut by news that Representative Thomas S. Foley, the majority leader of the House of Representatives, did not expect an agreement on cuts in the U.S. budget of more than \$23 billion for this financial year, dealers said. Without further cuts to reduce the U.S. budget deficit, many analysts are predicting further falls in the U.S. currency.

But toward the close, the FT-SE jumped 10 points in 15 minutes, after Republican representatives offered a plan to cut the U.S. budget deficit by \$75.5 billion over two lan Harwood, an analyst at War-burg Securities, said that \$23 bil-

lion in one-year reductions will not be enough, and could pave the way for a dollar free-fall." Wall Street had also taken Mr. Foley's remarks badly, nurning a 12-point gain in the Dow Jones

before rebounding. Mr. Harwood said, "We are Friday.

By Peter T. Kilborn

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Reagan

administration is devising a plan to

rescue a critical group of stock ex-

change firms, known as specialists,

in the event of market plunges like

the one on Oct. 19, according to a

George D. Gould, undersecre-

ary of the Treasury for finance,

said the administration would ap-

peal to the self-interest of Wall

senior Treasury official.



NECKTIE PARTY — A London trader considering another use for his tie as share prices continued to drop.

looking for a cut of \$60 billion over two years, but that is the absolute minimum. There is a growing feel-ing here that U.S. politicians do not care about the international situa-

FRANKFURT: Share prices adding arrangements in the money ended a nervous session lower and market would be at a fixed rate of FRANKFURT: Share prices near the worst levels of the day, with professional operators and foreigners unloading stock during the second half of the trading day due to a weak dollar, dealers said.

industrial average into a similar fall

Rescue Fund Debated for Specialists

the stock market.

cialist firms afloat.

tions whose securities are traded in

They would be asked if they

would be ready to contribute to a

pot of \$2 billion to \$3 billion for

emergency financing to keep spe-

Specialist firms are vital to the

stock market. They pull together

the orders of buyers and sellers. They also buy and sell to keep the

market orderly, and in doing this

they can realize great losses as well

The Commerzbank index, calcu-

lated at midday, rose 10.40 points was fixed at a record low of 1.6785 to 1,407.00. However, the Boersen-Zeitung 30-share index, calculated four times during the trading day, closed 7 points down at a yearly low of 286.98.

Of the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the sort of numbers we've been looking for. This will improve the tone a lot."

Dealers said that large investors, day, dealers said, who had bought shares before The Bourse indicator posted a Thursday's Bundesbank council late 0.94 percent gain, after open-meeting on hopes of a discount rate one a lot."

Edda Thursday and Thursday are the second proposal, one dealers said that large investors, day, dealers said.

The Bourse indicator posted a true of the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the bound of the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the bound of the second proposal, one dealer said: "The Bourse indicator posted a true of the second proposal, one dealers said that large investors, day, dealers said.

The Bourse indicator posted a true of the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the bound of the second proposal, one dealers said that large investors, day, dealers said.

The Bourse indicator posted a discount rate ing the session up 1.58 percent and one a lot."

Solution of the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the second proposal, one dealer said: "At last we are hearing the second proposal true dealers said that large investors, day, dealers said.

Although the central bank lowered the Lombard rate to 4.50 percent from 5 percent, it left the more important discount rate unchanged at 3 percent. However, it also said that its next round of liquidity-

3.50 percent after 3.80 last time. Dealers, who said that these moves were purely cosmetic, con-tended that there were no prospects of a recovery in stock prices as long as the dollar continued to fall. It Deutsche marks on Friday, after

1.6950 DM on Thursday.
PARIS: French share prices were mixed in nervous late trading after fluctuating widely over the

mous losses on Oct. 19.

are in good shape." He did not say how such a plan might work.

Mr. Gould ruled out a govern-

Hong Kong, Tokyo Rise, Sydney Falls

TOKYO - Prices on the Tokyo and Hong Kong stock exchanges rebounded sharply Friday in heavy trading, supported by Thursday's recovery on Wall Street. But Australian shares declined in light deal-

In both Tokyo and Hong Kong, the stronger New York market out weighed the weaker dollar, which makes U.S. goods more compentive internationally and in Asian

home markets. Also helping the Tokyo Stock Exchange was Thursday's announcement of lower interest rates in West Germany, analysts said, a move that in the long run could lend some support to the U.S. cur-rency by making dollar assets more attractive.

The 225-issue Nikkei average, which shed 430.88 points Thursday, rose 165.46 points to close at 22,795.02

Volume was also up, with an estimated 600 million shares changing hands, compared with 450.56 million on Thursday.

Export-related issues, which led 730-point decline in the previous two days, gained ground oo the news of lower interest rates. Ron Napier, a vice president for Salomon Brothers Inc., said the re-

bound in Tokyo was a response to the rise in prices on Wall Street and the conciliatory stance taken by Wesi Germany on interest rates.

"Everybody seems to be taking some relief from the fact that German rates are down," Mr. Napier

The West German Bundesbank cut its rarely used Lombard interest rate to 4.5 percent from 5 percent Thursday, but also announced re-ductions in a benchmark money

In Stock Crisis, Big Firms Would Be Asked to Contribute HONG KONG: The stock market rallied Friday to wipe out most of the ground lost in four consecu-The specialist firms took enortive days of decline.

The Hang Seng Stock Index ended the day at 2,113.67, a jump of "If the market is off another 500 and we do crack pieces here and there," Mr. Gould said, "how are 152.77 points over Thursday's close, but was down overall for the we going to put the pieces back together? You would look to getting capi-

Shares closed below the psychologically important 2,000 level on Thursday at 1,960.90, and analysts tal out of the rest of the Wall Street structure, provided that those firms said at least part of Friday's gains were in response to investors belief that the market was underpriced at ment contribution to a rescue. It that level.

Despite the gains Friday, browould be contrary to the free-market policies of the Reagan adminis-tration, he said, and obtaining au-major rally in the market soon and thorization from Congress might take too long to help the specialists some predicted further falls. SYDNEY: After opening higher.

Specialist firms' capital is relatively small, around \$2 billion by

The general price indicator in the stock exchange turn-bled again Friday in light trading.

The general price indicator in the stock exchange turn-bled again friday in light trading. The general price indicator, the All Ordinaries index, closed 12.70

John Lyden, a managing partner points lower at 1,237.60 - making of one of the specialist firms, Nick, a drop of nearly 50 percent in share Lyden & Co., said that the dealer equity since the market's major col-Lyden & Co., said that the dealer equity since in System was "very close to the limits lapse on Oct. 20.

The gold index, plummeting 95.9

points to 1,783, is now almost 60 percent off its high for the year. The sell-off was triggered by the

resources," he said.

Felix G. Rohatyn, a partner in the Lazard Frères investment linn, day to \$458.50 an ounce. On Friday in \$458.50 an ounce. day, gold prices remained soft in which would be a possible contrib-Hong Kong.
The All Industrials Index just

firepower."

He said it might be wiser to expand specialists capital now. certain entrepreneurs improved, while media stocks and property developers were weaker.

Street firms and of large corpora- as great profits.

Program trading includes buy and sell strategies that are triggered by mathematical formulas rather than fundamental investment criteria. One type is stock index arbitrage based on Standard & Poors 500 futures contracts. The number of S&P 500 futures trades rose on Wednesday to 2,136, from 1,435 the previous Wednesday.

Program Trading on Rise

Stock Exchange restrictions, program trading is on the rise again. The exchange said Tuesday that member firms could once again execute program trades for their own house accounts, whereas previ-But program traders have also been executing trades "by hand" to make up for the continued ban on automatic execution of stocks through the exchange's computers.

Because trading all 500 stocks in the S&P index by hand would be too cumbersome, some arbitragers have been using a basket of as few as 50 stocks to try to replicate the performance of the S&P 500,

In trading "by hand," instead of pushing a computer button to execute trades worth millions of dollars, program traders must write out buy or sell tickets and send them to the floor of the exchange to be

NEW YORK - After dropping off sharply because of New York

according to traders familiar with the techniques.

stock collapse. "There's no question that by the 20th it had exhausted most of its

utor to any rescue plan, questioned whether it would have "enough ircpower.

Let's not wait for the avalanche,"

BANKING: Market Collapse Raises Concern About Diversification Moves (Continued from first finance page)

percent stake in Wood Gundy Corp., a large Canadian investment house. First Chicago has recently been aggressive in its efforts to enter investment banking and Wood Gundy was seen as a major step. The Glass-Steagall Act does not apply to the foreign operations of

American banks.

But the Chicago bank had second thoughts after the British government's decision to proceed with the public sale of British Petroleum Co. stock, which could cost Wood

Mr. Sanford was implying that
Gundy, one of the underwriters, as
much as \$45 million before taxes.

The underwriters had promised to

Wr. Sanford was implying that
Imancial markets would be less
shaky if investment banks could be
seed as a reason to keep commercial banks ont of investment banks. pay the British government a cer-tain amount per share before the stock market — and the value of

BP shares — plunged.
While First Chicago's hesitation may not indicate a retreat from its investment banking strategy, Wood Gundy's problems under-score the riskiness of the securities

Mr. Maxwell said the company would file under the Hart-Scott-Rodino antimust legisla-First Chicago has not lost any money because it did not complete tion seeking permission to raise the stake.

Maxwell Communications, which changed its name recently from British Printing & Communications Corp., owns 218,300 shares, or about 2.1 percent, of the common stock outstanding of Bell & Howell, a publishing and information the transaction. And Continental, despite its expected losses of \$90 million, can withstand the hit. It has more than \$2 billioo in capital and reserves - money left from the accept the occessity for separation \$4.5 billion poured into the bank and insulation of banking from afby the government, which still owns 60 percent of it.

Indeed, First Options continues to be the kind of business Continental should be in, and ultimately it is safer than traditional commercial banking, said Thomas C. Theobald, Continental's new chairman and a former vice chairman of Citicorp, in an interview last week. First Options' loss, he said, stemmed from the extraordinary plunge of the stock market, which he called the "worst crash of the 20th century.

Like Mr. Theobald, many leading bankers contend that their traditional lending is actually riskier rescuing First Options, Continen-world of business. than merely acting as a middleman tal had exceeded that limit. To sat-- the role of investment banks.

"Loans can be more risky than worked out under which the hold-trading," said Charles S. Sanford, ing company, rather than the bank, trading," said Charles S. Sanford, ing company, rather than the bank, chairman of Bankers Trust Co. The funneled the money into First Opinvestment banking business tions, enabling First Options to re-would be more stable if the individ-ual players were bigger, he said. The Comptroller also required ual players were bigger, he said.
"What you really need to keep

the markets stable is well-capitalized financial service companies," he said. "The fact that some investment banking firms are owned by well-capitalized companies -Shearsoo by American Express, for and if the holding company itself example — gives the system stabilhad not had enough money, the bank would have suffered the loss.

owned by relatively well-capital-ized commercial banks.

But even then, most bankers

cial banks ont of investment bank-ing. First Options, said Willard C.

Butcher, chairman of Chase Managree, commercial banks should be hattan Corp., "was doing a basical-

ceed the limit again.

Although the Comptroller acted to protect the bank, it was after the fact. If the amount had been larger, had not had enough money, the bank would have suffered the loss.

Continental's directors to sign a

consent order promising not to ex-

'To limit conflict of interest, lenders should not be equity investors.' - Henry Kaufman,

Managing director, Salomon Brothers

insulated from the potential prob-lems of investment houses. "Banks lending to brokers." "Yes, there are risks in investment banking, but they are less

filiated securities business to prothan the kind of risks we commertect federally insured deposits," cial bankers deal with every day," said Hans H. Angermueller, Citihe said. Like other bankers, he corp's vice chairman. cited the billions of dollars in bank loans to financially troubled devel-Continental's latest loss, however, raised questions about whether oping countries. that is possible. When the Comptroller of the Currency - the regulator of federally chartered banks work out problem loans - some-- allowed Continental to acquire First Options last year, it told Con-

The risks, however, are basically very different. Banks have time to times years, as in the case of Third World debt. Working informally tinental that the most it could lend with the government, they have or invest in the subsidiary would be served as a buffer between sudden the amount Continental was al- jolts to the financial system - such lowed to lend to a single borrower as surges in commodity prices, - currently about \$620 million. swings in interest rates and plunges The Comptroller charged that in in stock prices - and the real

Banks' ability to carry Third isfy the Comptroller, a deal was World loans at book value, for ex-

ample, has given them and governlem without forcing down the world economy. This has allowed the developing countries to keep their economies afloat. In contrast, when investment

oriented companies, such as First Options, run into severe trouble. there is little time for working out the problem. The loss is immediate, threatening the bank and at times the financial system. That, according to some analysts, is the key difference between

commercial banks and investment Some leading bankers say they

would like to return to the old ways, but add that it is impossible because of changes in the financial system. Two decades ago banks profits were virtually guaranteed because regulations forced corpo-rations and individuals to keep large amounts of interest-free money with them. Those guaranteed profits had enabled the banks to play their special and stabilizing

Since then, with advances in computerization and communications that enabled companies to operate worldwide, corporations have found ways to get around these restrictions.

Shrinkage Factor

In the crt business it will continue to be a mether of exponen whether less means more. In technology, however, it is hard fract that to shrink circuits and systems means greater cost efficiency and bagger markets. Now as individual colls in a circuit get down to micros size the industry has to turn to etch specials. Applied Markets to turn to etch specials Applied Markets for vapor deposition systems that cost a Smillion and will be driving this small company's sales through the roof, it's another contro-crash story you should be reading in lediga reports — available with our complements if you'll wrise, phone or telest.

Indigo a Reensed broker. Anda Palma de Malierca 43,

Torremolines, Nataga, Spain. Telephone 34-52-389668 - Telex 79423. **ACROSS**

5 Sourdough's

10 Saroyan hero

S. Davis Jr.

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harvester

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54 Take care of

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34 Start of a

22 Sluggish 23 Sound receiver 24 Snow, to Burns

counting-out rhyme

35 Compass dir.

36 Fronton cheer

37 Evening meals 40 Margin 41 Nabokov novel

I Actress

SPORTS

SPORTS BRIEFS

Woosnam Takes Million-Dollar Golf Event SUN CITY, South Africa (AP) - Welshman Ian Woosnam, who had held a oneshot lead after Saturday's third round, won the biggest prize in golf history Sunday by clinching the winner-take-all Million Dollar Challenge with an eagle-2 en route

to his second consecutive 4-under-par 68. Wosnam, the top money-winner on the European tour this year, had a four-round total of 274 and registered a four-stroke victory over Briton Nick Faldo. On the par-4 17th, Woosnam holed a pitch of 165 yards (150 meters) to seal the victory. Faldo finished 68-71-278; David Frost was third with a 280 total, while South African compatriot Fulton Allem, the leader through the first two rounds, faded to

Holyfield and Park Winners in Title Fights

ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey (AP) — Evander Holyfield knocked out Dwight Muhammad Qawi with a crushing right to the jaw in the fourth round and retained the International Boxing Federation and World Boxing Association cruiserweight

titles here Saturday night.

On Sunday in Seoni, Park Chong-pal won the World Boxing Association supermiddleweight title by knocking ont Jesus Gallardo of Mexico 27 seconds into the second round, The Associated Press reported. Park, the International Boxing Federation supermiddleweight champ, was the top contender and Gallardo second-ranked in the newly created WBA division. Park's record is 44-3-1, while Gallardo

25 Hayworth role

26 Watery expanse

29 Clumsy

30 High nest 31 Modules

32 Big rig, for

33 Good soil

38 Russian river

39 Hebrew word

"peace"

48 Appraisers 51 Snatch

52 Linen, in León

53 Formerly

stopper

55 Wagnerian goddess

57 Where Laos is

56 Paradise

58 Comedian

59 Looks at

x-Cham

61 Floppy cap 62 Chum

54 Shopper

44 Summer quaff 46 Ass or catapult 47 Suits

27 Drive back

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63 Suffix with

65 Vice principal,

e.g. 66 Uitlander foe

DOWN

3 Domesticated

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8 Operatic

10 "A man, a

11 Gay blade

19 Sty sound

23 Inventor

24 Rattle

DENNIS THE MENACE

Panama"

12 Afghan V.I.P.

18 Special skills

O New York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska.

NO. YOU DO NOT HAVE THE RIGHT TO REMAIN SILENT!

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arricki and Bob Lee

Answer here: OOO IN OOOOO

WEATHER

Jumpies: STAID NOISY DURIESS PLAQUE

Answer: Another name for that old-time herem—
THE "LASS ROUNDUP"

AFRICA

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26 79 19 44

WHAT THE

PSYCHIATRIST SAID WHEN THE PATIENT COMPLAINED ABOUT

ALWAYS FORGETTING

THINGS.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the susprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

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EUROPE

MIDDLE EAST

OCEANIA

67 Ways and

1 Puerto-

2 Image

resist 64 Wood for

With one minute gone in the fourth round, Holyfield hurt the 34-year-old Qawi with four jabs and a right to the chin. A left hook floored the challenger, who took a mandatory eight count. Holyfield went right back to work, a right to the head putting Qwai down for good at 2:30. Holyfield, 24, improved to 17-0 lifetime; Qwai

Solution to Friday's Puzzle

PEANUTS

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TRENE ARID TINKERBELL ELLS ALATE

ACME PALESTRA

NHL's Savard Fired

QUEBEC (AP) - The Quebec Nordiques fired coach Andre Savard late Friday, 24 games into his first National Hockey League season, and replaced him with 24 League season.

nine games.

Lapointe, 38, took over as coach in Fredericton last June. Shared by Que-bec and the Vancouver Canucks, Fred-Wilander netted two straight shots ericton is 14-6-3 this season, first in the Northern Division of the American Hockey League.

IT MUST BE

Suppertime

I JUST GOT

THESE BLISTERS

fending champion Ivan Lendl Wilander to make it 5-3, but Wi-

onship final Sunday for the eighth to win the match, straight time with a 6-2, 6-4 victory over eighth-seeded Brad Gilbert Sunday, while No. 3 Mats Wilander beat fellow Swede Stefan Edberg, 6-2, 4-6, 6-3, in the other semifinal at Madison Square Gar-

Lend! needed only 87 minutes to beat Gilbert for the second time in Lendl, needed to beat Lendl in straight sets to advance. the round-robin tournament and 14th time overall without a defeat. He beat Wilander earlier this year Wilander and Gilbert, who both

in the French and U.S. open finals and holds a 12-6 edge in their se-Edberg had won 15 straight matches going into the semifinals, including a straight-set victory over Wilander in round-robin play Saturday. But the No. 2 seed didn't

ter.
"The main thing was I returned much better against his serve," said Wilander, who reached the Masters final for the first time, while Lendl is going after a record lifth title.
"You have to go for returns against him. Otherwise, his volleys are too

play nearly as well in their semifi-

nal and Wilander played much bet-

Wilander, who won only two points on Edberg's serve in the first set Saturday, returned brilliantly in him with Ron Lapointe.

Savard, 34, was named June 19 to succeed Michel Bergeron, who left to become coach of the New York Rangers. But his stint lasted less than two and ing a day after the Nordinary and the second set. But Wilander broke back in the next game and they remained on serve until the final game, which went to 30-all before

> to end the set. Edberg fell behind 4-0 in the third set, losing two service games

> > HE'S THE

ONLY GUY

WHO GETS

BLISTERS

JUST HINKING !

ABOUT

RAKING

3

I CAN'T FIGURE

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STARING.

YOU MIGHT ASK WHAT

MAKEE

O

Lendl, Wilander Advance to Masters Final

On Saturday, Lendl beat Boris Becker, 6-4, 6-7 (3-7), 6-3, eliminat-ing the West German from the round-robin tournament and giving Gilbert the last semifinal berth, while Edberg beat Wilander, 6-2, 7-

Becker, the No. 5 seed who had lost the last two Masters finals to

finished the round-robin with 2-1 records, advanced to the semifinals because they were runners-up in their four-man groups. Becker, too, would have been 2-I had he beaten

The Associated Press on double faults, and couldn't dig NEW YORK — Two-time dehimself out of the hole. He broke Masters rules the two-time Wimhole the broke which will be the whole which was a strength which was a strength which which which which which which which was a strength which which which was a strength which was a strength which which was a strength which which was a strength which was a strength which was bledon champion needed a set Masters winning streak, which fending champion Ivan Lenin reached the Masters tennis champi- lander broke back in the next game straight-set victory to edge out Gillohn McEnroe beat him in the final bert for the last semifinal berth.

Sunday for the eighth to win the match, bert for the last semifinal berth. "He played horribly in the first

set because there was pressure on him, but once he realized he was

against Lendl. He had a chance to points in the 10th game, but double-take a 2-0 lead in the first set, but faulted on the first and nexted a Lendl sound true beach and the first set. Lendt saved two break points and volley on the second. Wilander then went on to win the game when the 20-year-old West German mis-hit a shots to even the set at 5-all. backhand. The only break of the set came in the next game. Becker led, took a 3-0 lead in the tie breaker. 30-15, but double-faulted twice in a Wilander saved a fifth match point row, then netted a forehand.

dated back to January 1985, when Edberg overpowered Wilander in their first set, losing only two

points on serve, and appeared in out of the running, he started to hit good," said Lendl, who raised his record against Becker to 7-3.

Description: Becker, plagued by double-faults game and held serve to close to 5-4. in his earlier matches, had nine Edberg had two more match Edberg had two more match

came up with two straight pessing After each held serve, Edberg Wilander saved a fifth match point

at 6-4, but he hit a backhand wide on the cext point to end the match.
Lendl, Wilander and Edberg had clinched semifinal berths Friday night, Edberg when Wilander de-feated Pat Cashand Becker lost Gilbert for the third straight time. Wilander beat Cash, 7-6 (7-3), 6-. Lendl won the next match when No. 4 Jimmy Connors retired be-cause of illness after falling behind, 4-3, in the first set and Gilbert, who

upset Becker at the U.S. Open, bear him again, 4-6, 6-4, 6-4. Connors, suffering from a cold and ear infection, already had lost his first two matches.

In the Becker-Gilbert match there were five service breaks in the opening set, Becker getting the de-cirive one in the 10th game. After he broke for a 2-0 lead in the second set, Gilbert retaliated in the third game and he broke again in the fifth, courtesy of two double

faults by Becker. There was only one break in the final set, Gilbert getting it in the seventh game, then serving out the 2½ hour contest. Becker had man-



Stefan Edberg: Back-to-back matches with compatriot Wilander. aged only three aces.

WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW / Via Agence France-Presse

Amsterdam

The Amsterdam stock exchange posted a sharp loss in dull trading last week, with ana-lysts citing dissatisfaction with the U.S. pact to cut the federal budget deficit. The ANP-CBS general index fell 15 points for the week to close Friday at 198.3, for a loss of 7 percent.

Volume for the week was 6.411 billion guilders, up from 6.010 billion the previous week.

Frankfurt

The fall of the dollar to record lows against the Deutsche mark depressed West German stock prices last week, with the Commerchank

index losing 62.9 points to end at 1,296.7.
The half-point cut in the Bundesbank discount rate to 2.5 percent had no effect on the market. Volume on the eight exchanges was 7.96 billion DM, down from 9.32 billion the

previous week.

The biggest losses were in the car sector.

Hong Kong

Hong Kong stock prices fell steadily last week. The market's key barometer, the Hang Seng index, slipped through the psychological barrier of 2,000 Friday to finish at 1.994.22 points, a loss of nearly 200 points for the week. Average daily volume was 754 million Hong Kong dollars, down from 840 million.

Dealers noted that the decline came despite an interest-rate cut and encouraging results at a government land auction.

London

The London Stock Exchange lost more ground last week amid persistent worry about the dollar's instability. The Financial Times-Stock Exchange index of 100 shares ended 45.5

points lower, at 1,262.7. Sentiment initially was gloomy following Wall Street's poor performance and the dol-lar's new weakness. The FTSE index dropped to its lowest point in a mouth, then picked up slightly on hopes of a reduction in the West German discount rate. But the concerted cuts of rates by Britain, West Germany and other European countries failed to revive the market, which came under more selling pressure in line with Wall Street's shump Thursday.

Milan

The fragility of the dollar forced Milan stocks downward in thin trading after a sharp

improvement the previous week. The exchange index retreated 3.66 percent for the week to close at 712 points Friday. Among the shares worst hit was Monte-dison, which lost 35 percent in five days.

Paris

Prices on the Paris Bourse fell by 6.2 percent last week, with the CAC index ending at 278.3, compared with 296.5 a week earlier. On the basis of spot trend indicators, stock prices have fallen 29 percent since the beginning of the year.

Singapore
Share prices came under widespread selling pressure in Singapore last week, with the Straits Times industrial index losing a befty 80.87 points, most of it Friday, to close at a

16-month low of 734.98.

Analysts said the downtrend was exacerbated by an absence of foreign fund managers and small local investors as well as the recent clines in Hong Kong.

Volume for the week rose about 30 percent to 108.6 million units, while value almost doubled, to 203.86 million Singapore dollars.

Tokyo

Share prices declined on the Tokyo Stock Exchange last week in erratic trading influ-enced by the fall of the U.S. dollar. Share prices had climbed over the two previous

The 225-issue Nikkei stock average, which had advanced 346.67 yen the previous week, posted a loss of 378.82 yen for the week to close at 22,673.41 yen Saturday.

Trading was thin with average daily volume shrinking to 363.2 million shares from the previous week'a 585.2 million.

Institutional investors stayed away because of uncertainty about the dollar, analysts said.

Zurich

Zurich stock prices plunged 7 percent last week to approach the year's low. The Credit Suisse index finished at 414.2 Friday, against 444.8 the previous Friday and 406.5, the low. on Nov. 10.

Analysts expressed pessimism about the next few days, saying that cuts in West European interest rates came too late to be of use. All sectors suffered losses, including banking.

ENOUGH, SIRE? WESTILL NEEDA HOWS THE BASKETBALL TEMM COMING, 属用





U.S. Reportedly Seeks to Soften Congressional Action on Japan

By Clyde H. Farnsworth New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - President Ronald Reagan's cabinet favors some form of retaliation against Japan for its unwillingness to let American companies compete in Japanese construction projects, administration officials have

But it opposes a measure that was approved overwhelmingly in the House of Representa-tives on Thursday that would bar Japanese companies and suppliers from public works projects in the United States, the officials added. The administration, the officials said Friday, prefers to delay any action until Japan's new prime minister, Noboru Takeshita, visits Washington in late January.

The Japanese construction industry operates like a private chib that is difficult for outsiders

to penetrate. Its internal structure is widely seen as a closed system of associated companies that have interlocking relationships with the government.

The U.S. House measure, if it lasts through a conference with the Senate and is not vetoed by President Reagan, would keep the Japanese ont of all federally financed construction proects over the next year. Japanese contractors do about \$100 million worth of business in the United States annually. They are currently working on an expansion of the Washington Metro and on a Los Angeles subway system. The House bill would not affect existing pro-

Administration officials declined to provide specifics on what kinds of retaliation it would favor, but some trade analysts in Washington characterized the House action as stronger than what might eventually emerge from the White House. The administration is weighing steps similar to those taken in the spring in a dispute over a computer chip pact, in which it would start a retaliatory process under Section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974.

This involves a yearlong investigation by the trade representative's office and then a recommendation to the president that he could accept, reject or modify.

The process requires a determination of the amount of American trade lost by any restrictive practices, and then, should the president agree, action to exclude that amount of trade from the offending country.

Secretary of State George P. Shultz has persuaded the cabinet to postpone any action against Japan until Mr. Takeshita visits Washington, the officials explained.

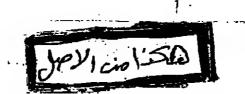
Shultz feels it would be too much of a slap smutz teels it would be too much of a slap at Japan to do anything during Takeshita's honeymoon period," a senior administration trade official said, "and he's gotten the cabinet to go along." Mr. Takeshita, a former finance minister, was installed as prime minister on Nov. 6, succeeding Yasuhiro Nakasone, who had a close relationship with Mr. Reagan.

Although they were partially lifted recently.

Although they were partially lifted recently, the sanctions resulting from the computer chip case are still in place against Japan. The penalties were the first trade retaliation by Washington against Tokyo in the postwar period, and they have drawn strong Japanese protests.

The White House opposes the House proposal generally because it is legislatively man-dated trade retaliation. "We feel the presided must retain maximum flexibility in dealing with foreign governments," a trade official

The House measure was approved by a 399-17 vote, as an amendment to a catch-all spending bill for 1988.



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불 상

Dollar Falls Again in N.Y. Trading

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
NEW YORK — The dollar
dised lower Friday in quiet New
York trading amid persistent doubt sbout Washington's ability to reach agreement on a plan to re-duce the federal deficit, dealers

Congressional and White House accordators have been negotiating Or nearly two weeks on cutting the clicit, but have not arrived at an coord. Stuart Frost, a dealer with National Westminster Bank, pre-

dicted "very difficult going."

Dollar buying earlier in Europe
by the West German central bank, or Bundesbank, and by the Swiss central bank also did little to reverse the negative sentiment. "The market is not that concerned about intervention," said Earl Johnson of Harris Trust & Savings Bank.

The dollar closed in New York at 1.6705 Deutsche marks, down from 1.6770 DM on Thursday, and at 134.95 yen, down from 135.05. It slipped fractionally to 5.6730 1.2750 Swiss francs from 1.3800. dhe U.S. corrency also edged downward against the British found, which closed at \$1.7870, gainst \$1.7790 on Thursday.

The dollar had tumbled to new lows Thursday after Treasury Secretary James A. Baker 3d said the Reagan administration would seek to prevent the U.S. economy from tering a recession, even at the risk of a lower dollar. "The sentiment is decidedly

bearish," Mr. Johnson said. In Europe, the dollar steadied Friday but ended sharply lower for the week amid pessimism about negotiations on the U.S. budget deficit and wariness about a meeting of central bankers scheduled in Basei

London Dollar Rates 1.6735 1.3620 134.55 1.3730 5.4574 1,6760 1,7830 135,30 1,3778 5,7995

The dollar closed in London at 1.6760 DM, up from 1.6735 DM at Thursday's close but down a dramatic 5 plennigs from 1.7295 a week earlier. It firmed to 135.30 yea from 134.55, but that closing also was down sharply from 138.28

the previous Friday. The U.S. currency ended fractionally lower in London against the British pound, which firmed to \$1.7830, against \$1.7820 Thursday and \$1.7215 a week earlier.

Scott Horowitz, a money trader for Bank of Boston in New York, said that the dollar rose only briefly

news that Republican Party negotiators had offered a \$75.5 billion federal budget cut over two years.

The rally was cut short when the market heard a report that Finance Minister Kiichi Miyazawa of Japan had said that the Japanese economy was not hurt by the stock market decline and by the yen's appreciation, Mr. Horowitz said.

"His remark signals that, since the Japanese economy is O.K. with the dollar at these levels, we can go ahead and try it at lower levels," Mr. Horowitz said. "Traders will conclude that it's just too hard to

hnck the trend." In earlier European trading, the dollar was fixed in Frankfurt at 1.6785 DM, down from 1.6925 Thursday, and in Paris at 5.6925 French francs, down from 5.7155. It closed in Zurich at 1.3755 Swiss francs, down from 1.3930.

ECU Stirs Some Enthusiasm As Dollar and U.S. Falter

LUXEMBOURG — The ECU, an exotic currency without coins or bank notes, is emerging in these shaky market times as a potential lifetime for the economies of Western Europe.

With the dollar crumbling and faith in U.S. leadership shaken by the collapse in stock prices, some bankers are promoting the Europe an currency unit as a linchpin of an integrated European economy.

Proponents say the ECU should become the European Community's common currency, a rival to the dollar and a safeguard against exchange rate volatility. It could be issued by a central bank, they say, pather than created existing the force other.

rather than created artificially from other EC correncies. The unit was invented nearly from other FC currences.

The unit was invented nearly nine years ago as a crucial part of the European Monetary System, which limits exchange fluctuations in eight EC currencies. But so far, the ECU seems to be more readily eight EC currencies. But so tar, the ECU scenes to be moried about accepted by the Americans and Japanese, who are less worried about its impact on national independence, than by the West Europeans.

Yet Fernand Herman, a member of the European Parliament, remarked: "Nationalists who balk at the idea of the ECU supplanting their come supposed banks already have their own currencies should realize European banks already have more than \$900 billion on their books" in U.S. dollars. "Substituting ECUs for dollars would be one way of restoring European influence.

recession, by cutting the total de-

mand for goods and services?

High Low Stock

(Reuters, UPI) ned fractionally to 5.6730 RATES: For Economies of U.S., Other Major Nations, No Easy Answers

(Continued from Page I) er so that they will buy more U.S. exports and use more of their rethe present need is to drive down sources at home, rather than ship them to the United States and worsen the U.S. balance of pay-

rise, not fall.

ments and debt position. Q. — Why does a lower dollar cause inflation? A. - Inflation lies in the higher costs of imports. And if Americans manage to export a greater propor-

tion of what they produce, that means fewer goods for Americans sure on prices.

Q. — Is that the entire story?

A. — No. The inflationary push could be fed by what the adminis
nas to convince the markets, at home and abroad, that it will deliver on its promises to shrink the budget deficit. Unless a compromise can be reached on fiscal possible to trade deficit.

Q. — But won't the effort to raise savings by cutting the budget defi-

tration and the Federal Reserve are doing. Mr. Baker has made clear without the tighter fiscal policy that after the stock market shock, without inflation.

And if financial markets, already badly shaken conclude that the ad-ministration's determination to deficit and a higher rate of U.S. ease monetary policy will be inflassaving relative to investment. Betionary, interest rates would likely cause Americans save less than Q. — How can that be helped? A. — The Reagan administration capital from abroad to finance its has to convince the markets, at

cit also push the country into a licy, monetary policy will be eased

A. — If nothing else were done, it could. But other things can be interest rates as an urgent means of avoiding a recession. This means paraming money into the economy.

Q.—Can a cheaper dollar, or even faster economic growth abroad, really solve the U.S. trade deficit! done. Monetary policy can be eased and interest rates brought down, thereby offsetting the effect A. — Highly unlikely. It will also of a lower budget deficit.

Q. — Is a pian for solving the budget deficit over the next few years still the key to resolving all the United States problems. people in other countries, the Unit-ed States relies on an inflow of A. - Yes. A plan is not a panacea, but without such budgetary action, it would be extremely difficult to budget deficit and investment. solve the most important problems. But there must also be facilitating

actions, if budget-deficit shrinking

Signals Are Mixed on Fed Discount Rate Cut

count rate once the pieces of interest Trust Co. So they are all primed up to do that if something national monetary policy fall into place, but U.S. banking data suggest that the central bank will not ease monetary policy immediately, the Bank of International Settlements in Basel that will be attended economists say.

"The numbers from last week were extremely constructive and make it look like the Fed is on the verge of cutting the discount rate," said Robert Brusca of Nikko Securities International Inc.

But we started the new statement period with a firmer federal funds rate, which makes them look a little less accommodative," he

Although federal funds are reserves traded overnight among commercial banks, the Federal Reserve can influence the lending rate by its money market policies. When there are adequate re-

serves in the banking system or if the federal funds rate falls, banks have less reason to borrow from the Fed's discount window. In fact, banks' discount-window borrowing from the Fed amounted

to a meager \$254 million in the week ended Wednesday. That figure was down from \$320 million in the first week of the twoweek period and produced a twoweek average of only \$287 million, the lowest since the two weeks end-ed March 25, when the figure was \$265 million. Net free reserves climbed to

\$1.46 billion in the two weeks ended Nov. 4, compared with \$485 million in the previous two weeks. That data showed that the Fed accommodated the banks' desire to hold excess reserves after the stock collapse on Oct. 19. Excess reserves rose to \$1.75 billion from \$1.01

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NEW YORK — The Federal lower without cutting the discount Reserve may be set to cut the discount and John Williams of Bankcut early next week," Mr. Williams said. But others were doubtful the

"I don't see the Fed cutting the discount rate immediately," said Michael Penzer of BankAmerica should come up at the meetings over the weekend." He was referring to a meeting of

"The funds rate is up." He also noted that the Fed "was flooding the banking system with reserves to by leading central bank governors. shore up the financial system and "Pd say there's nearly a 50-50 restore investor confidence after chance of getting a discount rate the stock market crash."

Euro-Commercial Paper 15-45 dáys 106-135 days 沿江 136-165 days 46-75 days 166-183 days 76-105 days 强 強 Met. Ami 21/1/8 3 21/1/8 3 billion in the two previous weeks.

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LIVING WITH WAR: A Belfast Year

Reviewed by Lois Decker O'Neill

By Sally Belfrage. 303 pages. \$19.95. Elisabeth

Sifton/Viking Inc., 40 West 23d Street, New

CRAIC" is the word in Irish, "crack" in English. The pronunciation in the two languages differs slightly, but the meaning is the same. According to Eric Partridge in "A Dictionary of Slang and Unconventional English," the word encompany of the latest course are considered. Crack in

passes "the latest oews, gossip, anecdote." Crack, in short, is talk. The talk, along with the pint, we go to the pub for. The talk, along with the cup of tea in neighbors' kitchens, is about "what's strange"

(meaning, what's new).

Talk, The all-Ireland sport. In "Living With War"

Sally Belfrage recognizes its importance in present-

day Belfast, where, unfortunately, the warring com-munities talk ceaselessly among themselves in their separate neighborhoods, clubs and pubs, but very

little to each other. A pity she is wrong in her

assertion that "there is no direct translation" of the word — and in the impression she leaves that the use of language that delighted her in the Northern Ireland capital is peculiar to that beleaguered city.

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BOOKS

The Belfast accent (there are several variations of it) is unique. The idiom is not. Many of the phrases Belfrage recorded during a year in intermittent visits to Belfast enliven the crack elsewhere — in the 26 counties of the Republic across the 300-mile border, as in the six that remain British. Everywhere the yarn begins, "C'mere till I tell ye." Everywhere "your mon" who has "not a titter of wit" spends his dole money getting "poleaxed" or "arsified." Couples "licit" or otherwise are said to be "doing a line" in Cork and Dublin.

69 Made happen

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procedure 71 Partitions

Listening and eliciting a range of emotional responses from all sorts of people is a skill Belfrage has been honing since publication of ber first book, "A Room in Moscow," written when she was 21. She combines intellectual objectivity with the courage not to distance herself from her subjects or to hide her dismay at some of what she hears and sees. The effect bere is to make the men, women and children of Belfast leap to life. Especially the chil-dren, few of whom have known a world without plastic bullets and the rumble of Saracens - Britisb armored personnel carriers - down the mean streets where they live.

In "A Place Apart," Corkwoman Dervia Murphy wrote: "The Northern Irish may not be comprehen-sible, but they are very addictive." Belfrage conveys this sense of them as successfully as her predecessor in the field. Some of her statements and judgments may be open to question, but what reader will soon forget the Mullins family, with whom she stayed in the Catholic slum of Andersonstown? (Once the poorer sections of the city had mixed populations. Older people recall that they "rubbed along" quite well together. Now these neighborhoods, like al-

most all the schools, are segregated.)

Sinn Feiner Brendan Mullims is unemployed and tubercular, his family so poor that when Belfrage borrows a towel, having forgotten her own, she discovers at the end of a week that it is the only one they possess. Yel there is "constant touching and hugging for the children, an open door for friends to come in, adventures going by the window as the army patrols circle or the oeighbours clobber each other on the pavement again (even more entertaining than 'Dynasty')." In the tiny house, the large color TV set is always on, lest anybody miss a local news flash of a bombing or confrontation filmed minutes earlier, just blocks away.

Or there's the ferminist Hester, a leading figure in the UDA (Ulster Defense Association, the largest

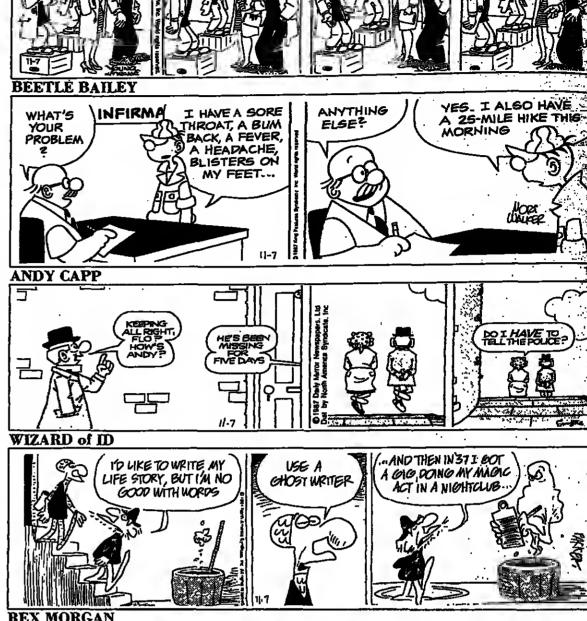
Protestant paramilitary organizadoo), who bows her head but clenches her fists during the playing of 'God Save the Queen." She sneaks Belfrage into

Long Kesh to interview prisoners.

All but a few of the people the author met seem to thrive oo the invidious excitement of war, though they worry about their children's future and about the spread of Malia-like protection rackets in both communities. None see an end to the current cooflict, about to enter its 20th year.

Nor does Sally Belfrage. Her succinct introducbackground to "the Troubles." But in conclusion she can only write: "The overwhelming feeling I got in Northern Ireland was that the war is going to continue because so many [have] a personal stake in it. For some the stake is idealism, for some it's personal profit, for some it's power. For a kidrioter of my acquaintance, it's just the crack."

Lois Decker O'Neill, who divides her time between County Kerry, Ireland, and Hanover, New Hamp-shire, wrote this review for The Washington Post.



TALK IS GOING

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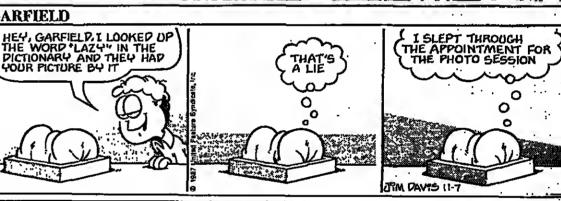
THE CLUMSIEST SURGEON

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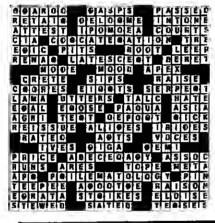


"This is one of the best things about bein close to the ground... It's not much of a fall."

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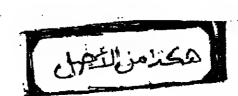
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Bogues: With No Short Cuts, It Was a Long Way From Ghetto to NBA

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — Once, in a game for Dumbar High School in Baltimore, Muggsy Bogues came down the left side of the court, spun about and passed off to Reggie Williams without even looking to see whether his teammate was there. Now Bogues starts to diagram, to explain. He shrugs. This is not about words.

Tjump, I spin, I'm still in the air, and I flipped it over my neck," he says. "Who knows?" In those moments every obstacle, including his opponent, disappears. "It seems like he's invisi-"Bognes says, "like there's no one there." And he is once again back in East Baltimore, a little boy left alone with the ball under a milk-

Second of two parts

ctate basket. Bognes fakes left. He fakes right. He looks over his shoulder. There is a weight-

Lessness over his shoulder. There is a weightlessness then, a giddy isolation. A sober drunkemess, he calls it.

"More so," Bogues says.

Coach Carl Tacy needed five minutes. The
prally was peaking, the Wake Forest Univeraity band was playing, the cheerleaders were
strutting. Coaches live to orchestrate what is
called momentum. Tacy needed five more minules. He turned to Roynes and saved him to to. utes. He turned to Bogues and asked him to try to dunk the ball.

to dunk the ball.

"I knew him well enough to know he couldn't dunk," said Tacy, who left the school after Boghes' sophomore year. "So I said, 'How 'bout dunking?' He said, 'You know I can't.' I said, 'Yeah, but you can try.' So he came out and tried for five minutes. To go out and try to do something wan the newer been able to do something the said. thing you've never been able to do, something he knew he couldn't do, was quite an inspiration."

"I felt I could have done it," says Bognes, who is 63 inches (1.6 meters) tall but can jump another 44. "It's just that the ball wouldn't go in."

As paradigms go, this is as good as any. Most gurys would have given up, which is to say they wouldn't have tried. Bogues always tries. In his senior year, when a photographer for Sports Illustrated magazine asked him to dunk a ball, he kept trying until he succeeded. It hardly matters that he did it with a child's-size ball. You have to get inside Tyrone Bogues to find out what gives him the gall to believe he can compete with people a foot to a foot and a half taller than he," said Mike Fratello, coach

the Atlanta Hawks. "You've got to have teat inner drive. You've got to he one of those secial people, as he is. Each of us has to be able. o delve into ourselves and see what it is." Bogues is uncomfortable doing that. His peripheral vision does not extend to introspection. Questions provoke yawns. Basketball is his vocabulary, and often that defies description. "Sometimes you're not aware of what happens until after," he says, "You say, 'Oh, I did that, huh? It's within you. Sometimes you don't know what is within you."

There is something indefatigable about him. Determination is one of his favorite words. As Georgetown University's coach, John Thomp-son, said, "The damnedest thing about him is it's not I hope I can, it's a given."

"It all goes along with your upbringing, where you were born, what type of kid you were, where you get that heart and that desire." Bogues says. "It came from where I was-

by. That gave me the willpower to believe in myself. To try to conquer.

In the housing project of East Baltimore, the world was organized according to which recreation center you played for. Either you were a Lafayette gry like Bogues and Williams or a Cecil guy like Bogues and Williams or a Cecil guy like David Wingate. But if you were a Cecil guy like David Mingate. But if you were a Cecil guy like David Min In the housing project of East Baltimore, the world was organized according to which recreation center you played for. Either you were a Lafayette guy like Bogues and Williams or a Cecil guy like David Wingate. But if you were a guy, you played.

"We came from an attitude where, if you didn't play ball, you weren't considered a per-son," said Wingate, now with the Philadelphia 76ers of the NBA. "There wasn't anything else to do except get into trouble."

Given the alternative, Bogues played. Skip Wise was the legend of East Baltimore then. He was going to become the next Oscar Robertson, and everyone, including Bogues, wanted to be just like him until Wise ended up in jail for selling heroin. For the kids in the neighborhood, Wise came to personify the choices life offered. "He was a good example and a bad example." Bogues says.

"Being in the area, you pick up bad habits," said Ed Bush, Bogues' best friend. "You see people not motivated, you see guys selling drugs. You dealt with the women or you played ball."

"It's a way of life for a lot of kids," Bognes says. "You play it as a hobby and all of a sudden, as you are getting older and developing other skills and getting to learn the true mean-ing of the game, then it becomes a love and you treat it as a way out."

A way out? "Of the ghetto," he says.
His mother, Elaine, said, "I don't think it's a tough neighborhood. We're living in public housing. People atways have a low opinion of public housing. I go to work and I come home.
To me it doesn't seem that bad."

"It's a tough area to grow up in," Bogues-says. "You got a lot of illegal things going on. It

"He made some mistakes," Bognes says. "He

chose a life because he thought he couldn't provide. He paid the price. He's not the same person he was when he went in there. He's a great person, a very supportive person to me. I love him to death. I wouldn't be in the situation I am now if not for his support . . . I'm not ashamed of what he did. No one in my family is."

Bogues has two older brothers, Richard and

ies, a little gray with a mug face who led a gang of street kids. "Everybody got taller except Muggsy." Bash said. "It kind of hurt him. Once he got the recognition, he liked being Muggsy

Bogues, the little gny. He loves it now." Being the little guy became more than an identity, it became an incentive. "I was out to prove to the rest of the world that I wasn't going o give up because of my size," Bogues says.
On the playgrounds, he was known for steal-

Muggsy Bogues, 5-foot-3: I was out to prove to the rest of the world that I wasn't going to give up because of my size.'

Anthony, and an older sister, Sherron. Everyone but Richard played baskstball. Everyone stayed out of trouble. "All parents are scared of their kids getting in trouble," their mother said. "I did my best to tell them right from wrong. I just told them if they got in trouble, I'd kill them. No, not really.

Bogues says his mother spoiled him, and made sure he had sneakers and a ball and enough to eat. Last year, when he was presented an award as Wake Forest's most valuable athlete, he was overcome with emotion while thanking her. He says he had no dreams until basketball,

no idols until he met Dwayne Woods, who was just a little older and just a little taller. Woods was a 5-4 point guard at Dunbar who ran the offense and showed Bogues the furility of accepting the world's limitations.

"More so," Bognes says.

ing the ball and driving to the basket against bigger players. "We played pickup games." Wingate said. "If no one picked him up, he'd be mad because he knew he could play with the big guys. He'd try to go off on somebody, some a lot of points to show they should have picked him up." You couldo't be passive or compassionate

for me anyway, at my size," Bognes says. "It was going to happen through life. If I had taken the other route, let people push me around, I wouldn't be in the predicament I'm in now.

"They tried, of course. Pushing and showing and talking. Talking can he more damaging than someone pushing you around."

His mother said that the teasing motivated him more than anything else. When he was introduced at games, opponents would langh. "I got the little guy," they would call out.

"More so," Bognes says.

In baskethall, measuring is a way of life, it's the essence of one-on-one. Up against another guy, you find out how good you are. It's sports as

players thought he was some recruit's younger brother. "Tm sure people thought we'd given a scholarship away," Tacy said. At the end of four years, he was all-time

Atlantic Coast Conference leader in assists and steals, those categories in which his new team, the Washington Bullets, are noticeably lacking. On the streets these days, strangers look at him and say, "Oh, isn't he cute?" But there is also a hardness that isn't just muscular. "He's had to scrape and claw for everything he's got, not just in basketball but in his," said John Justice, sports information director at Wake Forest. Here he was this inner-city kid who was idolized by all these prep school types, not just in the student body but the whole commu-

nity. It brought him out of his shell."

Bogues has a hard time sitting still. He is the sort of person who never looks quite comfortable on a couch. He paces his living room, hugging his infant daughter, Brittany, whom he calls Shorty. Between coos, he considers the calls Shorty. Between coos, he considers the question of fimits and those he has accepted.

"Not to he God, so to speak, not to be the best person ou this earth, to be just an ordinary human being, who would like to make his life better and hope it can rub off on others," he says. "Right, Shorty?"

His mother said that he was relieved when he

was drafted in the first round because it told him he was being taken seriously. On the play-grounds of East Baltimore, young boys now take turns pretending to be Muggsy Bogues. His agents hope to exploit that appeal with a phalanx of endorsements: clothes, backboards, balls, rebounding machines. Andrew Brandt, his agent,

and that he expected Bogues to soon sign with Converse for a senes of children's shoes called the Muggsy Collection.

"Face it." said North Carolina State's coach, Jim Valvano. "People love underdogs — from the Little Engine That Could right up to Rocky. He's a happening. He'a going to be a happening if he makes it."

if he makes it."

If he makes it. When you're 5-3 and your dream is to play in the NBA, there is always an if.

Basketball types are waiting to see if he can play in a half-court offense, in which the things he does best are almost irrelevant. If the perennially plodding Bullets can keep up with him on the fast break. If he can function in the last two minutes of the game, crunch time, when guards a foot taller than he will certainly back him down near the basket and shoot over him. down near the basket and shoot over him. But for every problem he encounters on the

court, he creates another. "He's the only player I've ever seen who dominates a game and is smaller than the referevery team's game plan. You got ready for Tyrone Bogues. You pay all this attention and then you turn to your assistant and say, 'What, am I nuts.' This isn't Kareem Abdul-Jabbar or

Now here he is again. Daring them to tell him he can't, flouting the narrowness of their vision with his speed, his determination, his passion.

"My experience is so high, it's to a point where nothing can get to me: the criticism, the compliments," he says. "Nothing can get me to a point to give in and say, 'You all were right.' I don't care what happens. If the season starts don't care what happens. If the season starts and things don't go so well for me, it still won't.
"It will build: 'I know he's not going to make
it, he's too small, they're paying him all that
money and he's making a fool out of himself.'
That still wouldn't break me. I know it in my

Not Sunstruck, Just Sunraycer

A surprised kangaroo was the only spectator Friday as "Sumayeer," General Motors' entry in a 2,000-mile (3,200-kilometer) race for solarpowered vehicles, zoomed past in Australia's outback. "Sunraycer," which led all way, beat its nearest rivals by more than 600 miles, covering the distance from Darwin to Adelaide In 51/2 . days, at an average speed of 50 miles per hour. Of the 20 other entries, Ford's Model S and the Swiss entry, "Spirit of Biel," were the nearest challengers.



trouble matching that this

Dawkins and Johnny Moore.

Most teams have bettered them-

seives; the Sours have not. Their

strength is in the backcourt with

Alvin Robertson, the league leader

in steals the last two seasons, Johnny

Pacific Division

The division's other five teams do

not stack up to the Los Angeles

Lekers, who should win a seventh

straight title because of Magic John-

son and the starters who surround

him: Kareem Abdul-Jabbar, James

Worthy, A.C. Green and Byron Scott. In reserve are Michael Coo-

per, voted the league's best defen-sive player, and Mychal Thomp-

son, who arrived in midseason

from San Antonio to add the last

piece to the championship puzzle.

Second place? The nod goes to the

European Golfers Hold Lead in Japan INAGL Japan (AP) - European golfers, who won the Ryder Cup in etember, beat a Japanese team, 10-2, Friday for a second consecutive Actory and led at the midway mark in the World Championship of Golf.
Australian-New Zealand beat the United States, 7-5, on the second of three days of round-robin competition among the six-member teams. After Friday's round, the Europeans led with 17 points, followed by Australia-New Zealand with 13, the United States with 10 and Japan with 8.

The two teams with the most points from the first three days will compete Sunday for first place; the other two teams will play for third.

UEFA Chief Ready to Act on Violence

ZURICH (Reuters) - The president of the European Football Umon, UEFA, said Friday that severe measures would be taken to put an end to soccet violence. In an appeal before the UEFA Cup third round draw here, Jacques Georges of France also called on spectators to hand

troublemakers over to police.

-In a French radio interview. Georges said the Yugoslavian club Hajduk
Split probably would be disciplined after the violence Thursday during a
match against Olympique Marseille. That incident followed violence in Rotterdam a week ago, at a match between the national team and Cyprus, after which police arrested and charged a Dutch man with attempted

In Poland, a court in the southeastern town of Jaslo has sentenced a man. to 18 months imprisonment for shooting at players during a match. Press imports said the man fired three shots with an air rifle at players of the opposing team during a local match, injuring two players and a spectator.

For the Record

Super bantansweight champion Jeff Fenech of Australia and Carlos Zarate of Mexico will fight a rematch of their World Boxing Council title bout, in Sydney on Dec. 18, the WBC announced. (AFP)

Nigel Mansell, the British Formula One driver, said Friday he will not compete in the season-ending Australian Grand Prix next weekend because

Ouotable

• Iowa State's football coach, Jim Walden, on Sannday's opponent, Nebraska: 'I think they're a heck of a team. They're big. They're strong. They're fast. Their mothers love them. They have nice red suits. They have nice white hats with an 'N' on them. And they kill you."

Lakers Still Rule in NBA West

By Sam Goldaper New York Times Service

Houston last season, in the Midwest exhibition season, needs to dupli-Division of the National Basketball cate last season, his best. Association's Western Conference. After winning 55 games, fourth-best in the league, the Dallas Maver-

icks were knocked out of the opening round of the playoffs by the Seattle SuperSonies, whom they had beaten in seven previous meetings. After losing to the Boston Celtics in the 1986 final, the Houston Rock-

ets, with their young, overpowering front line of Akeem Clajuwon, Raiph Sampson and Rodney McCray, were hailed as the team of the future. But injuries and drug problems decimated the club. Sampson missed 39 games with knee and foot injuries and Mitchell Wiggins and Lewis Lloyd, the starting backcourt, were banned from the league for drug use.

Late in the 1985-86 season, the Mavericks traded for the 7-foot-2inch (2.18-meter) James Donaldson to answer the cry that they were a center away from being a good team. Although Donaldson was injured in the playoffs, he solved the Mavericks' rebounding and defen-sive needs during the season. With Mark Aguirre and Rolando Blackman, both all-stars, leading the way, Dallas averaged 116.7 points a game, third-best in the league.

Throughout Houston's problems, Olajuwon, in his third pro season and already regarded as the league's best center, carried the Rockets to a

Sampson, at 7-4 the other half of Smith, the smart 6-3 point guard the Twin Towers, must contribute from North Carolina. - There were more and McCray, the small for- . The San Antonio Spurs won 28 weird happenings in Dallas and ward an unsigned free agent in the games last season and may have

> To help their outside shooting. Thursday the Rockets acquired veteran forward Purvis Short from the Golden State Warriors.

With the acquisition of Darryl Dawkins and Mel Turpin, the Utah Jazz are bigger and more physical. Utah was the best team in the league at forcing tumovers and second-best in steals. But before the Jazz can be classed with the clite, the rebounding, field-goal and free-throw shooting must improve. The .464 shooting from the field was third-worst in the league and only the Cleveland Cavaliers shot worse from the freethrow line. One plus is Karl Malone, who averaged 21.7 points.

Calvin Natt. who missed all of last season after rupturing a tendon in the season opener, will return to the Denver Nusgets. He averaged 23.3 and 17.7 points the previous two seasons. The big guns are Alex English, always among the league's top scorers, and Lafayette (Fat) Lever, a 6-3 guard who averaged 18.9 points, 8.9 rebounds, 8 assists and had 16 triple doubles, best in the NBA.

Since the Sacramento Kings were 19th overall in defense and 17th in blocked shots, Bill Russell's first moves as coach in rebuilding the team were the acquisition of 6-9 Ed Pinckney from Phoenix and 7-1 Jawann Oldham from the New 42-40 record. Since they count York Knicks. But the best move heavily on its front line for offense, may have been drafting Kenny

Ensign Robinson

New York Times Service NEW YORK - David Rob-

Thursday.

As an ensign in the U.S. Navy, Robinson earns a monthly salary of \$1,260.90, plus the basic subsistence of \$112.65. As the 7-foot-1-inch (2.15-meter) center of the San Antonio Spurs, he will earn more than \$3 million a year under an eight-

all-star game, Floyd had the NBA's second-best assist record. Chris Mullin added 15.1 points and Purvis Short returned from a knee injury in time to help. If the talented 6-11 Chris Washburn, who spent part of his rookie season in a rehabilitation center, can stay out of trouble, further development can be expected. Now they meet for the 134th time.

The Los Angeles Clippers have Even the old championship Packlost grand Norm Nixon to a torn ers never had a 6-foot-7-inch (2 communities tendon, after he was side-lined last season by knee surgery.

They gained three first-round draft that includes Steve Collier is in trouble, tailor-made for the Point that former Georgetown stars below the former Georgetown stars below the former Georgetown stars below the former Georgetown stars below to the point of the Point that includes Steve Collier is in trouble, tailor-made for the Point Theorem 1998 (1998).

Despite a troubled season that included a drug investigation lead-ing to indictments, the Phoenix Suns won 12 of the last 15 games and just missed the playoffs. They have changed coaches and owners since, and used the second pick in the draft absence of Larry Nance (22.5), side spired Saints. Yet, the Rams do lined for the first six weeks with a well against the run, and the Saints'

dinals are weak. But St. Louis has improved its offense, with quarter-

New York Times Service NEW YORK — If there is a same that symbolizes the futility in predicting how National Football League teams will do based on previous season's records, it is the San Diego-Indianapolis affair Sunday: A battle of division leaders, no less.

The Chargers were 4-12 last sea-son, the Colts 3-13. Now the Chargers, boasting a 6-1 mark, are atop the American Conference West; the Colts, at 4-3, share the AFC

been reluctant to remake their im-The Chargers were the chib of

from the Los Angeles Raiders to run the Chargers, joining Al Samders, who had taken over for Don Coryell as coach. What Ortmayer realized was that passing teams —especially a team dominated by Dan Fouts have defensive problems because practices are geared to halting the pass, but without hurting the quar-

terback or receivers. to get a running game going," said Ortmayer. He didn't get a great runner, but he did get a great pass-rushing, linebacker; Chip Banks from the Cleveland Browns. The

strike games seriously - so much so that they won all three, which were on the road, no less.

themselves with an opportunity that the chance to get the best runner. Ironically, they have not sold out the Hoosierdome and may be blacked out for what has become their biggest home game since they moved to Indianapolis in 1984. NATIONAL CONFERENCE

who already have 45 sacks.

Dallas Cowboys (4-3) at Detroit
Lions (1-6): The Cowboys think the magic is back after their big victory over the New York Giants. Even with Tony Dorsett's slump, the

lost eight straight at home.

New Orleans Saints (4-3) at Los
Angeles Rams (1-6): With their top
rusher, Dickerson, gone and their
top pass defender, LeRoy Irvin, suspended, the Rams face the inspired Saints. Yet, the Rams do

Magic Johnson. Now here he is again. Daring them to tell him

mind. I can play this game as well as anybody.

Charger-Colt Game: The Bad Get Better

By Gerald Eskenazi

East lead with New England. The Colts' deal for Eric Dicker-

son is easily the trade of the 1980s. But beyond that, the teams haven't

the air lanes, point-producers with

"You won't find too many good passing teams with a good de-tense," said Sieve Ortmayer, their new director of football operations. He came down after last season

Dan Marino, who is averaging a

"To get a good defense, we've got explosive, intimidating Banks has bejord after the defense's image. The Chargers also made another significant decision, taking the

The Colts, meanwhile, found just doesn't happen in the NFL:

Chicago Bears (6-1) at Green Bay Packers (3-3-1): These teams began playing each other in 1921.

Cowboys appear to have an edge in all departments: The Lions have

success has come by running.

Tampa Bay Baccmeers (4-3) at
St. Louis Cardinals (2-5): The Bucs
lead the league in takeaways (recovering fumbles and producing inter-

NFL PREVIEW

ceptions), an area in which the Carback Neil Lomax creating some big-scoring games. The Cardinals don't stop many people, though. Washington Redskins (6-1) at Philadelphia Engles (3-4): The Red-

skins have been relentless, pouncing on weaknesses. And the Eagles have trouble running. Yet they want to have a possession game to keep the Redskins Kelvin Bryant off the field. Keith Byars makes mistakes in

the Eagles' backfield, which no one can afford against the Redskins. AMERICAN CONFERENCE Denver Broncos (4-2-1) at Buffa-Bills (3-4): The Broncos' rebuilt secondary was a preseason concern. That's why few picked this Super Bowl team to go far. But none of the regular opponents has passed for as many as 200 yards, although Jim Kelly will take his chances. The

Broncos' Sammy Winder could run forever against the Bills. Miami Dolphins (3-4) at Cincinin the Central Division's cellar losing three straight in the last three nutes, blowing leads of 10 or more points. They have been susceptible to big plays, although they stop the run well. That brings up

touchdown for every 10 passes.
Pittsburgh Steelers (4-3) at Kanses City Chiefs (1-6): The Chiefs' offense rolled up its most yards of the season (367) against the Bears, led by Bill Kenney's four touchdown passes. But the team's col-lapse has centered on the defense, and now it has to contend with Earnest Jackson's running, and everyone runs against Kansas City. San Diego Chargers (6-1) at Indi-anapolis Colts (4-3): Dickerson be-hind an offensive line that averages 293 pounds? The Colts are 7-3 since Ron Meyer became coach late last season. The Chargers' Fonts has thrown only one inter-

12. 24

Æ

ception in two games. Seattle Scalawks (5-2) at New York Jets (3-4) (Monday night): Johnny Hector replaces Freeman McNeil as the Jets' running back. The Seahawks don't defend the run very well; the Jets don't halt the pass, and Steve Largent should en-joy splitting their defense as he catches passes from Dave Krieg.
INTERCONFERENCE

Atlanta Falcons (2-5) at Cleveland Browns (4-3): The Falcons have had little success running or ing; the Browns' defense has been smothering even without a big pass rush. The Browns' three losses have come by a total of 15 points. Houston Oilers (5-2) at San Francisco Giants (6-1): The Oilers have learned to win, taking three games in the last two minutes. That is one reason they have three road victories, equaling their total of the last five years. The 49ers have won six straight and Joe Montana, who has completed two-thirds of his passes, could find the Oilers vulnerable.

Los Angeles Raiders (3-4) at Minnesota Vikings (3-4): If the Vikings start slowly with Wade Wilson at quarterback, Tommy Kramer may appear. Kramer, the NFL's top-rated quarterback last season, underwent offseason alco-hol rehabilitation, then injured his neck in preseason. Rusty Hilger may finally be coming of age for Raiders, whose Bo Jackson has one NFL game experience and may find it more than a hobby.

New England Patriots (4-3) at New York Giants (1-6): A game of backup quarterbacks. But Steve Grogan, the Patriots' old pro, is running the show coming off a big victory over the Raiders. Jeff Rutledge stands behind the regular Giants in a start for the first time since 1983. This looks like a mismatch, but Rutledge's mobility could offset Andre Tippett's pass-

SCOREBOARD

Hockey

of injuries suffered in practice for the race in Japan last week.

NHL Standings WALES CONFERENCE

19 61 48 15 59 49 13 47 43

CAMPBELL CONFERENCE

THURSDAY'S RESULTS per Jersey
Danvelco (1), Verbeek 2 (11), Loissile (5),
Illimonr (2): Gilmour (6), Evans (1), Ro-ose (2). Shots an east: St. Louis (an Souve)

Philodelphie 2 8 1—1 Adonts 2 11), Skirke (5), Tenti 16); Mei-lenby (2), Sinjapie (5), Tocchet (3), Stets of goal: Vancouver | on Hexholf) 7-16-8—25; Philodelphia (on McLeoni 4-9—21. Philodelphia (on McLeoni 4-9—21. Philodelphia (on McLeoni 4-9—21. 4-4 64.Y. Islanders (2). Careps worth Pittablarish 8 6 4-4
8.Y. Estendérs 9 9 9-2
McLived 111, Hennon (2), Carrieryworki
(6), Simpson (11); LeFontoins (11), Flatley
Glaspiers se pent: Pittaburan (on Hruder) 511-11-27; New York (on Riggin) 8-15-4-27,
dugout cooch.

2 4 1—7
Richardson (2), Kotsopoulos (2), Sofimios (1), R.Courtnoll (7), Clark 2 (4), Deporte (6); Middleton (3), Burridge (7), G.Courtnoll (5), Kluods (1), Sweeney (6), Pietr (2), Stats on peet: Torontol (on Kenns, Lamella) 11-7-3—21; Boston (on Wragget) 9-15-19—41
Edmentes Anderson (12), Kurri (8), Greiptiy (11), Krusheinvski (3): Macinnis (7), Missinnis (7), Missinnis (7), Bullord (5), Bullord (5), Bullord (5), Bullord (5), Bullord (6), Bullor

VEFA Cup third-result march

Borcelono vs. Flamuriari Viara, Albania Vitorio Guimeroes. Portugol vs. Vittovice.

Transition costs, and Houston's first-round draft blok in 1997, 1990 or 1991. Signed Olink Milmiterial, suord, to a one-way contract, Walved Bruce Doustos, suard, Placed Kavin Henderson, suard, an the intural list. INDIANA—Placed Clint Richardson, suard, and Brian Rowson, forward, on the intured list. PHOENIX—Placed Larry Nance, Kenny Gottleson and Winston Cries, forwards, on the intured list.

Notional League
LOS ANGELES—Terry Colles will return

foyette Lever, sward, through 1991-92, Walved Hank McDowell, forward, Placed Maurica Martin and Mike Evans, swards, on the in-DETROIT—Signed Adrion Dontley, forward, to a multipeer controot extension.
GOLDEN STATE—Traded Purvis Short, forward, to Housian for Dave Feitl, center,

Street, Beigium (First legs: Nov.25; second legs: Dec.)

European Soccer

word, to an offer sheet. WASHINGTON—Wayed Date Blaney and Pointek Folks, sourchs, and David Hamilemon, forward, Signed Charles Jones, forward, POOTBALL. end Put Trovia Tucker, fight and und Rickey Baldon, offensive fockle, on injured reserve. Walved Alex Corter, defensive end; Major

Everett and Marc Lason, running bocks, and Perry Komm, wide receiver. PITTSBURGH—Signed Jim Boyle, offen-sive backle, and Lyhan Alston, wide reclever. MOCKEY

National Hockey League

LEAGUE—Suspended Gord Donnelly, deferstemen, for five games following on Oct. 2f
malon penalty against Boston.

5T. LOUIS—Recalled Doug Evens, left
whose form Boards at International Line Internazionale, Italy, vs. Español Weccier Bramen, Wast Germony, vs. Dyno-mo Thilbal, Soviet Union Verono, Italy, vs. Sportul Buchsrast Borussia Dortmund, Wast Germony vs. FC Bruses, Belgium (First Lean, March 1987)

COLLEGE BLOCASBURG—Roser B. Sanders will re-sion as athietic director effective Jon. I but remain as wrestling cooch.

niving list. PORTLAND—Signed Maurice Lucas, for-

Doing Admirably

inson didn't get a promotion, but be got a big, a very big, raise

year contract that he and the purs have agreed upon.

Robinson, who is stationed at the submarine base in Kings Island, Georgia, can't play in the National Basketball Association until the 1989-90 season-because of his two-year com-mitment to the navy, but he will be able to supplement his current military pay with the \$1 million-a-year signing bonus while he is in the navy.

Seattle SuperSonics, who last season reached the conference final with a rebuilt team. After successive 31-51 seasons, Bob Whitsitt, the team president traded Al Wood to the Mavericks for Dale Ellis, then sent Jack Sikma to the Milwaukee Bucks for Alton Lister and two first-round picks. He sent Gerald Henderson to the Knicks for a first-round pick and Tim McCormick and Danny Vrames to the Philadelphia 76ccs for Clemon Johnson. By playoff time, the Sonics had began to jell. Two rookies, 6-9 Denick McKey and 6-11 Olden Polynice, now add power underneath and Sam Vincent, from the Ceines, backs up Nate McMilthe former Georgetown star, but will miss the playoffs for a 12th straight year unless Michael Cage and Behan, an emerging playmaker. The Portland Trail Blazers began the last two seasons with Sam Bow- noit Benjamin have super seasons.

ie breaking the same bone in his right foot. Last year they won a surprising 49 games. This year, they will again rely on Steve Johnson, who averaged 16.9 points and 7.2 rebounds, to play as a center. Portland led the league in scoring and used the second pick in the draft (1179) primarily because of Kiki for 6-9 Armon Gilliam, the former Vandeweghe (26.9), Clyde Drexler Nevada Las Vegas star. But the (21.7) and Terry Porter, the playmaker who averaged 13.1 points

The Golden State Warriors made fractured ring finger.

the playoffs for the first time in 10 years thanks to the emergence of Joe Barry Carroll and Eric (Sleepy)

Floyd. Carroll appeared in his first

Mayericks, Rockets, Sonics, Jazz, Trail Blazers, Warriors and either Nuggets or Kings.

Yugoslav Soccer Violence Leaves 20 Persons Injured

BELGRADE — Twenty persons were injured, one seriously, during the Cup Winners' Cup match between Hajduk Split and Olympique Marseille, the Yngoslav press reported Friday.

and 8.2 assists a game.

fireworks were exploded in the stands, sending players and fans running for safety.

Some of those admitted to hospitals had broken bones and head injuries, doctors said. One person,

a Yugoslavian, was in a critical condition. Police said that they made one arrest. Marseille, although losing the match, 2-0, ad-

vanced to the tournament's third round because it

had won the teams' first meeting, 4-0. Hajduk Split, besides being ousted, faces disciplinary action. The match, played Thursday night, was halted It was the second incidence of soccer violence in for 35 minutes after tear gas, smoke bombs and five days in Yugoslavia. On Sunday, fighting broke out between rival fams in the Dalmatian coast city of Rijeka, where the local club hosted Dynamo Zagreb. Five persons were injured.

POSTCARD

'American Baronial'

By Grace Glueck

New York Times Service

O ITTSBURGH — I want to put back as much as possible— the smells, the sounds, the flowers." said Thierry Despont, the architect who is restoring Clayton, the home of the coke and steel baron Henry Clay Frick.

Although he is one of today's lought-after architects and has worked on such projects as restoring the Statue of Liberty and redeng central Tehran, the Frenchborn designer is happiest doing homes, or redoing those with an

interesting past.

While planning new living quarters for such clients as Calvin Klein and Oscar de la Renta, he is also turning to the past to revitalize the 19th-century mansion that for 23 years served as residence to Frick and his family. At the behest of the Helen Clay Frick Foundation, Despont, 39, who attended the Ecole des Beaux-Arts in Paris and Harvard University, is now transforming what he calls "this pure example of American baronial" into a

Clayton, built in 1870, was bought by Frick in 1882, a year after his marriage to Adelaide Childs and the same year he be-came a partner of Andrew Carnegie. Though the family moved to Manhattan in 1905, Frick's daugh-ter Helen never lost her feeling for the place. When she died in 1984 at the age of 96, she left the house to the foundation, with funds to provide that "future generations may better understand the kind of life

that was lived within its walls." The six-acre compound includes a glass conservatory, a children's playhouse, a carriage house built by Helen Frick in 1955 for the family collection of vehicles and the Frick Art Museum, opened in 1970, which contains her collection

of paintings and decorative arts. The job of restoring Clayton is eased by the fact that even though Miss Frick stayed there only a part of each year she kept the house staffed and running until her death. Though "frozen in time," as Despont said, it has a lived-in look. Not only are most of the original furnishings intact, but the knickknackery of family life - photographs, dresser scarves, letters pigeonholed in desks — is still evi-dent. Frick's clothes still hang in lived there."

his wardrobe, and an array of 19th-

century pills and potions can be found in his medicine chest. The Frick archives, kept on the second floor of the carriage house, contain virtually every piece of paper that passed through family hands, from the menu of a lun-

cheon given for Theodore Roosevelt in 1902 to bills for fabrics from manufacturers and suppliers. "So we know that some of the fabrics that have deteriorated were made in France, and we've been able to locate the workshops," Despont said. It is no small blessing, either, that as a youth, Childs Frick, Helen's older brother, took photographs of every room. They

show what furniture stood where, how the paintings were hung and what Clayton looked like before various refurbishings. Fight years after Frick bought the house, he hired a young Pitts-burgh architect, Frederick J. Ostering, to redesign it. Osterling wrapped the existing Italianate core in a more fashionable French

1 HE most nearly intact chamber is the dining room, paneled in oak with a wall frieze of tooled, painted and gilded leather. Over-window grilles of silver plate, a molded-brick fireplace and two built-in breakfronts containing ornate china and crystal services are complemented by heavy Romanesque fur-niture and a gilded chandelier.

and Romanesque château style.

"The room is beautifully put together," Despont said. "I think this Victorian opulence and vitality have a lot of similarity with the Roaring Twenties and the 1980s." In other rooms Despont is doing

what amounts to domestic archae ology. Digging beneath the damask wall covering in the reception room, for instance, he found a ainted frieze of roses on a trellis. In the breakfast room, painted and gilded plaster strapwork was discovered under silk wall fabric.

"But the house went through three stages of renovation, and the question is, to what point do you bring it back?" Despont asked. "What we've decided is to show Clayton as a living thing that evolved as the family's tastes developed. So we won't fix it at a particular year. The key is to restore it to what it was when the Frick family

The Dresser and the Dressed

By Robin Pogrebin
New York Times Service

JEW YORK — During his nearly 50 years in the theater, Harry Edwards has worked with Sir Noël Coward, Sir Laurence Olivier, Rex Harrison, Marlon Brando, Judy Holliday, Richard Burton, Barbra Streisand, Jim Dale and Jason Robards. But he has never been on stage with them.

Edwards is a backstage dresser, and after a half-century of zipping actors in and out of costumes, sewing their seams and hearing their life stories, he is ready to put down his thimble and "take it easy for a while." Lounging in slacks and sneakers at his

apartment at Manhattan Plaza, home to many New York theater people, Edwards spoke of his experiences with the stars he has dressed, many of whom appear in autographed photos that cover his walls.

Edwards, who is sprightly and appears to be in his 70s, began his backstage career in London, when Sir Noël needed a dresser to accompany him on the road with the play Tonight at 8:30." Edwards, then in his early 20s - he won't be more specific about his age

— left a dancing show to take the job.

Through Sir Noël, Edwards came to dress
Rex Harrison in "Design for Living." The
collaboration proved so compatible that Edwards dressed Harrison for the next seven years, in such productions as "Anne of the Thousand Days," "Venus Observed" and "Bell, Book and Candle."

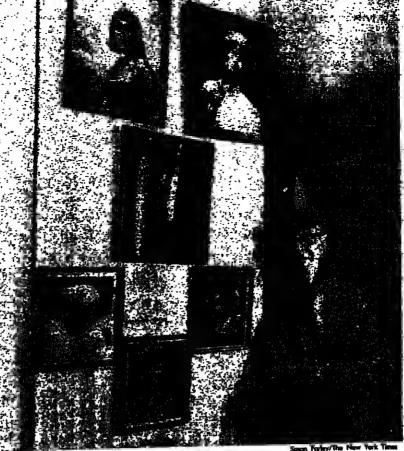
Eventually, Edwards not only helped Harrison during performances but was also his personal secretary — answering telephone calls and fan mail and paying his bills. Edwards said this was typical of the relationship that can develop between an actor and his dresser, "You don't just dress," he said. "You become part of them."

During a recent interview, Edwards expanded on the dresser's code of ethics. "A good dresser never criticizes an actor," he said. The dresser must be accommodating: able to celebrate their triumphs, soothe their tensions, tolerate their tantrums.

Above all, he said, one does not dress and tell Edwards had nothing but glowing words for all the stars he dressed. He described Richard Burton, for instance, as marvelous, adding that Elizabeth Taylor was delightful. As for personal details about these stars, however, Edwards is silent. "You become a confidant," he said. "It becomes like rather a family atmosphere. I don't discuss their private lives

Edwards tried to explain the fascination of being a dresser. "You get a thrill out of working with actors. It's like reflected glory."
He pansed, then added that it was also "lots of the pansed, then added that it was also "lots of the ""

He described Ruth Gordon as "a funny little lady — hysterical to be with." Around Phil Silvers, "you couldn't say a thing unless



Harry Edwards and some of the stars he has dressed.

he'd turn it 'round and make a joke out of it." And, Edwards said, he and Dale, both English, had their own "particular sense of hu-

Dale attests to this good chemistry. The actor, who came from Britain's National The-atre, said Edwards was his first dresser in the aire, said Edwards was his first dresser in the United States. "So when this gentleman's gentleman came along," said Dale, "I thought this was the way it was. I soon found out Harry was an exception. He thinks of everything. He's always one step ahead of you. If you go to wash your face, he's there with a towel."

Quick costume changes have made for many a mishap, and even Edwards has con-fronted his share. There was the time, for instance, during "Bells Are Ringing," when Sydney Chaplin insisted on dressing himself while Edwards took a call for him from Paris. In his dance number with Judy Holliday, Chaplin found himself nnable to bend his

arm. He had forgotten to take his jacket off

the hanger.
Another night, Edwards was caught on stage after a change when the curtain came up for a party scene. He simply strolled off as if

he were one of the guests. With seven costume changes in "The Real Thing" — his most recent Broadway show — Edwards said he "didn't even have time to go to the bathroom." He recalls the fast change when Jeremy Irons had to exit as the stage was revolving, meet Edwards upstage in the dark, undress completely, and get into a robe by the time the stage turned around for the

One night, the stage revolved too rapidly, forcing Irons to take a circuitous route under the stage—ripping off clothes as he ran—to avoid being seen by the andience. When he finally reached Edwards, wearing only his underwear, Edwards hustled him into his robe and back on stage, all in the nick of time.

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PEOPLE

Prince Churles Assailed

in the British press Friday for remarks he made in West Germany about German military strengths.
The Star newspaper called the heir
to the British throne "Prinz Poppycock" in a front-page headline and described his remarks on Thursday as an astonishing blunder only a few days before Britam commemorates its dead from two world wars.
"Charles says German soldiers are wunderbar," it said. The Sun de-scribed Charles's speech, at an army school in Bavaria, as amazing and said it was sure to offend former servicemen. The Times focused on Charles's apparent public endorsement of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's nuclear defense policy - a rare foray into politics for a member of the royal family. Under the front-page head-"Storm over Prince's Support on Defence" the Times quoted Frank Dobson, the Labor opposition leader, as saying in the House of Commons. "It is quite wrong of the prince to have said this." Charles, on a one-week tour of West Germany with his wife, Diis a nuclear power, albeit one whose nuclear deterrent is committed to the [NATO] Alliance and therefore ... acts as an umbrella for the Federal Republic." He said Germany was "well known for the excellence of its military officers down through history." Meanwhile Charles and Diana rode in a motorcade through Hamburg Friday and toured a department store displaying British products.

Sylvester Statione, faced with technical shortcomings among the team shooting his latest "Rambo" opus in Israel, threw a tantrum and announced that he was packing his bags and taking his film somewhere else, according to Israeli press reports, Stallone, who is also the prodnoer of "Rambo III," was said to be furious at the "intolerable" working conditions in Israel, which have already sent costs way over the film's \$31 million budget. Stal-lone said he would look for new locations in Thailand and the United States.

years ago for a 27,000-mile sailboat trip (about 43,200 kilometers) to-life term for the mirder of Tar. A woman who left home two nd the world docked Thursday

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Prince Charles came under fire the British press Friday for reache he made in Want and the British press Friday for reache he made in Want and the British press Friday for reache he made in Want and the British press Friday for reache he made in Want and the British press Friday for reache he made in Want and the British press Friday for reache he made in the British press Friday for reache he made cially ending her odyssey in New York Friday, Tania Aebi, 21, had been at sea since Sept. 16, when she left Gibraltar on the last leg of a trip that began on May 28, 1985. Then 18, she had set out on her 26. foot sloop "Varuna," which was a birthday present from her father. At the time, he had told his daugh-ter the \$40,000 vessel was cheaper than a college education. "She wanted to be a writer and she felt life experience was a better way to become a writer than going to college," said George Day, editor of Cruising World Magazine, which paid Aebi for nine stories during her top.

> Wall Street has been the focus of much attention lately, but Oliver Stone, director of "Wall Street," says that this film is less important than his earlier movies. There is only so much you can say about yuppies," said Stone, Oscar-wind ning director of "Platoon" and "Salvador." In "Wall Street," scheduled for release around Christmas, Stone focuses on greed.
> All of a sudden everybody needs a
> Porsche or a VCR or a fishing boat. And this is what fuels America, more and more greed," Stone told Premiere magazine.

James Callaghan, the former British prime minister, who recent-ly received a life peerage, says he will take the title Lord Callaghan of Cardiff in honor of the Welsh carrital he represented in Parliament for

Jean Herris, the convicted killer of Scarsdale Diet doctor Herman Tarmower, will not be able to keep any money from her recently published autobiography, "Stranger in Two Worlds." The former Madeira School headmistress must return the \$45,000 advance she received from her publisher, Macmillan, to the New York State crime victims fund, the state Crime Victims Com pensation Board ruled. The decision was based on New York's "Son of Sam" law, which prevents criminals from profiting from their

nower, her lover of 14 years.

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